THE SAURUS OF ENGLISH WORDS AND PHRASES.

CLASS I

WORDS EXPRESSING ABSTRACT RELATIONS

SECTION I.—EXISTENCE

1. Existence (Substantives), being, entity, one, subsistence, co-existence (190).

Reality, actuality, positiveness, assurance, fact, truth, etc.

Nature of existence, oneness.

Existence in space, 188.

(Phrases). The sober reality; that is a matter of fact; the truth.

(Verbs). To be, to exist, have, suppose, fire, breathe, stand; object, assume, dwell, be so, find, etc.

(Adjectives). Established, existent, exist, to be, same, same, some, forth, etc.

2. Inexistence (Substantives), non-existence, non-entity, nil, non-subsistence, non-existence, nullity, nihilism, vacuity (4), negativeness, absence (187), removal (185).

Annihilation, abeyance, extinction, see Destruction (162) and Disappearance (449); Absence (187).

(Phrases). No such thing; daydream; Pata Morgana; mirage.

(Verbs). Not to be, not to exist, etc.

(Phrases). To have no being, to have no existence, to be null and void.

To cease to be, pass away, perish, vanish, fade away, dissolve, melt away, disappear, etc.; to be annihilated, extinint; to die (360); to die out.

(Phrases). To be no more, to leave not a trace, vanishes, etc.

(Adjectives). Immaterial, unreal, nothing, non-existent, etc.
not ideal, not imagined, not supposed, pot potential, unideal, true, mere.

(Adverbs, etc.). Actually, really, absolutely, positively, etc., in fact, de facto, ipso facto, in esse.
(Phrase). In posse.

36 Intrinsicality—Extrinsicality

Unreal, potential, virtual, baseless, unsubstantial (4), imaginary, ideal, vain, fanciful, unpractical, shadowy, suppositional.

Unborn, uncreated, unbegotten.

Annihilated, destroyed, extinct, gone, lost, perished, melted, dissolved, faded, exhausted, vanished, missing, disappeared, departed, defunct (360).

(Adverbs). Negatively, virtually, etc.
(Phrase). In nubibus.

2°. Being in the Concrete

3. Substantiality (Substantives), hypostasis, person, thing, being, something, existence, entity, body, substance, object, article, creature, matter, material, stuff (316), substratum, plenum.

Totality of existences, see World (318).
(Phrase). Something or other.
(Adjectives). Substantive, substantial, hearty, bodily, tangible, corporal, material, objective, hypostatic.
(Adverbs). Substantially, etc., essentially.

(Adjectives). Unsubstantial, void, vacant, vacuous, blank, null, inane, idle, hollow, airy, visionary, see 515.

4. Unsubstantiality (Substantives), insubstantiality, nothingness, nihilism, nothing, naught, nihil, nil, zero, cipher, nonentity, nobody, see 187.

(Phrases). Nothing at all; nothing whatever; nothing on earth; nothing under the sun.

A desert.

A shadow, phantom, phantasm, phantasmagoria, dream, mockery, air, thin air, idle dream, idle talk, ignis fatuus.

Void, vacuum, vacuity, vacancy, voidness, vacuousness, insubstantiality, emptiness, hollowness, blank, chasm, gap, hiatus, space, etc. (198).

3°. Formal Existence

Internal Conditions

5. Intrinsicality (Substantives), in being, inherence, inhesion, essence; essentialness, subjectiveness, subjectivity, essential part, quintessence, quiddity, gist, pith, marrow; incarnation, nature, soul, backbone, core.

Nature, constitution, character.

External Conditions

6. Extrinsicality (Substantives), extraneousness, objectiveness, objectivity, accident, superficiality, incident.

(Adjectives). Derived from without, objective, extrinsic, extrinsical, extraneous, modal, adventitious, adventitious, inci-
State—Circumstance

dental, accidental, non-essential, see 220.
Implanted, ingrafted. (Adverb). Extrinsically, etc.

(Verb Phrase). To be in the blood.

(Adjectives). Derived from within, subjective, intrinsic, intrinsical, inherent, essential, natural, internal, inborn, innate, inbred, ingraind, inherited, immanent, indwelling, congenital, congenite, ingenite, connate, instinctive, ingenerate, indigenous.

(Phrases). In the grain; in the blood; bred in the bone.
Characteristic, peculiar, special, diagnostic (79). invariable.

(Adverbs). Intrinsically, subjectively, at bottom, at the core.

(Phrase). Rotten at the core.

4°. Modal Existence

Absolute

7. State (Substantives), condition, category, class, kind, estate, case, constitution, habit, diathesis, mood, pickle, plight, temper.
Frame, fabric, structure, texture, contexture (329), conformation.

Mode, modality, schesis, form, shape, figure, cut, cast, mould, stamp, set, fit, tone, tenour, trim, turn, guise, fashion, aspect, complexion, style, manner, character, kind.

(Verbs). To be in a state, to be in condition, to be on a footing, etc.
To fare, have, possess, enjoy, etc., a state, condition, etc.
To bring into a state, etc. (144), reduce.

(Adjectives). Conditional, modal, formal, structural, textual, organic.

Relative

8. Circumstance (Substantives), situation, phase, position, posture, attitude, place, point, terms, fare, régime, footing, standing, status, predicament, contingency, occasion, juncture, conjuncture, emergence, emergency, exigency, crisis, pinch, pass, push, plight.

(Adjectives). Circumstantial, given, conditional, provisional, critical, contingent, incidental (6, 151).

(Verb Phrases). To bow before the storm; take things as they are; cut one's coat according to the cloth.

(Adverbs). In or under the circumstances, conditions, etc.; thus in such a case, contingency, etc., accordingly, being so, such being the case; since, sith, seeing that, as matters stand, as things go.
Conditionally; provided, if, etc.
Relation—Irrelation

(Phrases). As the matter stands; as things are; such being the case.

(Adverb). Conditionally, etc.

if, if so, if so be, if it be so, if it so prove, or turn out, or happen; in the event of, provisionally, unless, without.

(Phrases). According to circumstances; as it may happen, or turn out; as the case may be; pro re natâ; according as the wind blows; sink or swim; at all events; ceteris paribus.

SECTION II.—REATION

9. Relation (Substantives). bearing, reference, standing, concern, cognition, correlation, analogy, affinity, homology, alliance, homogeneity, association, approximation, filiation, affiliation, etc. (166), interest, habitudo, similarity.

Relevancy, pertinency, fitness, etc. (646 and 23).

Aspect, point of view, comparison (464), ratio, and proportion.

Link, bond, tie, conjunction.

(Verbs). To be related, have a relation, etc., to relate to, refer to, have reference to, bear upon, regard, concern, touch; affect, have to do with, pertain to, belong to, appertain to, answer to, interest.

To ‘bring into relation with, connect, affiliate, link (43), bring near (197); to bring to bear upon.

(Adjectives). Relative, correlative, cognate, relating to, relative to, relevant, in relation with, referable (or re-referrable) to, pertinent (see 23), germane, belonging to, pat, to the point, apposite, to the purpose, à propos, ad rem, in loco, just the thing, quite the thing; pertaining to, appertain-

10. Want or absence of relation.

Irrelation (Substantives). disconnection, inconnection, dissociation, disassociation, misrelation, independence, isolation (44), multifariousness, disproportion; incommensurability, irrelevancy; heterogeneity, irreconcilableness (24), impertinence.

(Verbs). To have no relation with, or to, to have nothing to do with, not to concern, etc., not to admit of comparison.

To isolate, separate, detach, disconnect, segregate (44).

(Adjectives). Irrelative, irrespective, unrelated, without reference, etc., to, arbitrary, episodic, remote, out of place, out of tune, inharmonious, mal à propos, irrelevant, foreign to, alien, impertinent, extraneous to, strange to, stranger to, independent, incidental, outlandish, exotic, unallied, unconnected, disconnected, adrift, isolated, insular, far-fetched.

Not comparable, incommensurable, inapplicable (24), irreconcilable, heterogenous, unconformable.

(Phrases). Foreign to the pur-
ing to, appurtenant, affiliated, allied, related, implicated connected, associated.

Approximative, approximating, proportional, proportionate, proportionable, allusive, comparable, like, similar (23).

(Adverbs). Relatively, thereof, as to, about, connecting, concerning, touching, anent, as relates to, with relation to, relating to, as respects, with respect to, in respect of, respecting, as regards, with regard to, regarding, in the matter of, with reference to, according to, while speaking of, à propos of, in connection with, inasmuch as, whereas, in consideration of, in point of, as far as, on the part of, on the score of, quoad hoc, in re, pertinently, etc.

In various ways, in all manner of ways, in all respects, under the head, category, class, etc., of (75).

11. Relations of kindred.

Consanguinity (Substantives), relationship, kindred, blood, parentage, filiation, affiliation, lineage, agnation, connection, alliance, family connection, family tie, nepotism, see Paternity (166).

A kinsman, kinsfolk, kith and kin, relation, relative, ono's people, clan, connection, sib, cousin, brother, sister, father, mother, uncle, aunt, nephew, niece, step-father, etc., first, second cousin, grand- or great-grandfather, etc., great-uncle, etc., a near relation, a distant relation or relative.

Family, fraternity, sisterhood, brotherhood, parentage, cousinhood, etc.; race, stock, generation, sept, etc.

(Verbs). To be related, to have or claim relationship with.

(Adjectives). Related, akin, consanguineous, family, allied, collateral, sib, agnate, fraternal, of the same blood, nearly or closely related, remotely or distantly related.

(Phrase). Blood is thicker than water.


Reciprocalness (Substantives), reciprocity, mutuality, correlation, correlativeness, interdependence, interchange, reciprocation, etc. (148), interchangeableness (149).

(Verbs). To reciprocate, alternate, interchange, exchange, counter-

(Adjectives). Reciprocal, mutual, commutual, correlative, alternate, alternative; interchangeable, international.

(Phrases). Mutatis mutandis; each other; vice versa; every other day.


Contrariety (Substantives), contrast, foil, antithesis, contrary.
self, oneself, number one; identification, monotony.

(Verbs). To be identical, to be the same, etc., to coincide, to coalesce.

To render the same.

To recognize the identity of:

identify, to recognize, see to compare (464).

(Adjectives). Identical, same, self, self-same, very same, no other, ilk, one and the same: unaltered, coincident, coinciding, coalescing, coalescent, indistinguishable, equivalent, equi-potent, convertible, much the same.

(Adverbs). All one, all the same, identically, likewise.

(Phrases). Semper idem; toujours la même chose; alter ego; the very thing; just the thing; the actual thing; hic est quod petit.

(Adjectives). Contrary, opposite, counter, converse, reverse, opposed, antipodean, antagonistic, opposing, inconsistent, contradictory, contrarious, negative.

(Phrases). Differing toto coelo; diametrically opposite; as black to white; light to darkness; fire to water.

(Adverbs). Contrarily, contrariwise, contrariwise, per contra, oppositely, vice versa, on the contrary, tout au contraire, quite the contrary, no such thing.

15. Difference (Substantives), variance, variation, variety, diversity, modification, shade of difference, nuance; deviation, divergence, divarication (290), disagreement (24).

Distinction, contradistinction, discrimination (465); a nice or a fine or a subtle distinction (465).

(Verbs). To be different, etc., to differ, vary, ablurde, mismatch, contrast, differ toto coelo.

To render different, etc., to vary, change, modify, varify, diversify, etc. (140).

To distinguish, severalse (465), split hairs, discriminate.

(Adjectives). Different, differing, disparate, heterogeneous, varying, distinguishable, discriminative, varied, modified, diversified, deviating, diverging, devious, disagreeing (24), various, divers, all manner of, multifarious, multiform, variegated, etc. (81).

Other, another, not the same, quite another thing, a tertium quid.

Unmatched, widely apart, changed (140), something else.

(Phrases). As different as chalk is from cheese; this, that, or the other.

(Adverbs). Differently, variously, otherwise.
2°. CONTINUOUS RELATION

§16. UNIFORMITY (Substantives),
homogeneity, homogeneousness, consistency, conformity (82),
connaturality, connaturalness,
homology, accordance; see Agreement (23) and Regularity (82);
monotony, constancy.

(Verbs). To be uniform, etc.,
to accord with, to harmonise with.
To become uniform, to conform with, to fall in with, to follow suit.
To render uniform, to assimilate, love, smooth, etc. (255).

(Adjectives). Uniform, homogeneous, homologous, of a piece, of a kind, consistent, connatural, monotonous, constant.

(Adverbs). Uniformly, uniformly with, conformably, consistently with, in unison with, in harmony with, in conformity with, according to (23).

Regularly, at regular intervals, invariably, constantly, always.

(Phrases). Ab uno discere omnes; noscitur a sociis.

3°. PARTIAL RELATION

17. SIMILARITY (Substantives),
resemblance, likeness, similitude,
affinity, semblance, approximation, parallelism (216), analogy,
analogicalness, connaturalness, connaturality, brotherhood, family likeness; alliteration, repetition (104), reproduction.

An analogue, copy, the like, fac-simile, match, double, pendant, fellow, pair, mate, twin, parallel, counterpart, brother, sister; simile, parable (521), metaphor, resemblance.

Plagiarism, copy, imitation.
Copyist, plagiary, imitator.

(Phrases). One's second self; arcades ambo; birds of a feather; et hoc genus omne.

(Verbs). To be similar, like, resembling, etc., to resemble, bear resemblance, approximate, parallel, match, imitate, take after (19), represent, simulate, personate, savour of.

18. DISSIMILARITY (Substantives),
unlikeness, dissimilitude,
diversity; novelty (123), originality (515), disparity.

(Verbs). To be unlike, etc., to vary (20), to ablude.

To render unlike, to diversify, vary, etc.

(Phrase). To strike out something new.

(Adjectives). Dissimilar, unlike, disparate, of a different kind, class, etc. (75); diversified, novel, new, unmatched (123), unique.

(Phrases). Nothing of the kind; far from it; cast in a different mould; as like a dock as a daisy; "very like a whale;" as different as chalk is from cheese.

etc. ——
To render similar, assimilate, approximate, connaturalise, reproduce, bring near, copy, plagiarise.

(Adjectives). Similar, like, alike, resembling, twin, analogous, analogical, parallel, allied to, of a piece, such as, connatural, congenor, matching.

Near, something like, such like, mock, pseudo, simulating, representing, approximating, a show of.

Exact, accurate, true, faithful, close, speaking.

(Phrases). True to nature; to the life; the very image; the picture of; for all the world like; as like as two peas; comme deux gouttes d'eau; as like as it can stare; ab uno disce omnes; instar omnium; birds of a feather; noscitur a sociis; cast in the same mould; a chip of the old block; like father like son.

(Adverbs). As if, so to speak, as it were, quasi, as if it were, just as.

19. Imitation (Substantives), assimilation, copying, plagiarism, forgery, transcription, transcribing, following, repetition (104), duplication, reduplication, quotation, reproduction.

Mockery, mocking, mimicry, echoing, simulation, counterfeiting, acting, personation, representation, parody, paraphrase, travesty; semblance.

Result of imitation: see Copy (21).

Instrument of imitation: camera, gramophone, phonograph, etc.

Photography, etc.

An imitator, mimic, echo, cuckoo, parrot, ape, monkey, mocking-bird.

Plagiarist, forger, photographer.

(Phrases). O Imitatores, servum pecus.

(Verbs). To imitate, copy, plagiarise, forge, reproduce, photograph, repeat (104), echo, re-echo, transcribe, match, parallel, emulate, do like, take off, hit off, reflect, model after (554), to be fashionable.

(Phrase). To take or catch a likeness.

To mock, mimic, ape, simulate, personate (554), act, represent, adumbrate, counterfeit, parody, travesty, caricature, burlesque.

(Phrases). To take after; follow or tread in the steps of, or.
in the footsteps of; take a leaf out of another's book; model after; strike in with; follow suit; to walk in the shoes of; to go with the stream; to be in the fashion.

(Adjectives). Imitated, copied, matched, repeated, paralleled, mimic, parodied, etc.; modelled after, moulded on, paraphrastic, imitative, second-hand, second rate, imitable.

(Adverbs). Literally, verbatim, literalis, sic, totius verbis, so to speak, in so many words, word for word, mot à mot.


Copy (Substantives), fac-simile, counterpart, effigies, effigy, foral, likeness, portrait, photograph, enlargement, miniature, similitude, semblance, study, cast, etotype, imitation, representation, daguerrotype (554), adumbration.

Duplicate, transcript, repetition (104), réchauff le, reflexion, shadow, record (phonograph).

(Phrases). A second edition; a twice-told tale; a chip of the old block; like father like son.

Rough copy, fair copy, first proof, second proof, revise, rough cast, ébauche, draft or draught, proof, brouillon, protoplast, reprint, apograph, forgery.

Counterfeit, parody, caricature, burlesque, travesty, travestie, paraphrase.

22. Thing copied.

Prototype (Substantives), original, model, pattern, standard, type, scale, scantling, archetype, proplast, antitype, module, exemplar, example, ensample, paradigm, fugleman, lay figure.

Text, copy, design, key-note.

Mould, matrix, last, plasm, proplasm, mint, negative.

(Verbs). To set a copy, to set an example.

23. Agreement (Substantives), accord, accordance, unison, uniformity, harmony, union, concord, concert, concordance (714), cognition, conformity, consonance, consentaneous, consistency, congruity, congruence, congeniality, correspondence, parallelism.

Fitness, pertinence, suitableness, adaptation, sortance, meetness, patness, relevancy, aptitude, coaptation, propriety, apposition, appositeness, reconcilableness, applicability, applicableness, admissibility, commensurability, compatibility.

24. Disagreement (Substantives), discord, discordance, dissonance, disidence, discrepancy, unconformity, disconformity, nonconformity, incongruity, incongruence, mollissimae, incongruity, jarring, clashing, jostling (713), inconsistency, disparity, disproportion, disproportionateness, variance, jar.

(Phrase). Concordia discord.

Unfitness, repugnance, unsuitableness, unsuitability, unaptness, ineptitude, inaptness, impropriety, inapplicability, inadmissibility, irreconcilableness, incommensurability, inconcin-
Agreement---Disagreement

Adaptation, adjustment, graduation, accommodation, reconciliation, reconcilement, concurrence, concord, co-operation.

(Verbs). To be accordant, to agree, accord, correspond, tally, respond, harmonise, match, suit, fit, fall in with, chime in with, quadrate with, square with, cancel with, comport with, assimilate, unite with.

(Phrases). To fit like a glove.

To render accordant, to fit, suit, adapt, match, accommodate, adjust, reconcile, fudge, dovetail, dress, square, regulate, accord, comport, graduate.

(Adjectives). Agreeing, accordant, concordant, consonant, congruous, consentaneous, corresponding, correspondent, congenial, harmonising, harmonious with, tallying with, conformable with, in accordance with, in harmony with, in unison with, in keeping with, squaring with, quadrating with, falling in with, of a piece, consistent with, compatible, reconcilable with, commensurate.

Apt, apposite, pertinent, germane, relating to, pat, bearing upon, applicable, relevant, fit, fitting, suitable, happy, proper, meet, appropriate, suiting, befitting, seasonable, sortable, deft, accommodating.

(Phrases). In loco; en rapport; ad rem; nomine discrepante; rem acu tetigisti; whom the cap may fit; at home; to the point; à propos; to the purpose; in one's proper element; just the thing; the very thing; quite the thing.

nity, incompatibility, interference, intrusion, see Irrelation.

(Verbs). To disagree, belie, clash, jar, oppose (708), interfere, jostle, intrude.

(Phrases). To have no business there; to drag or lug in head and shoulders.

(Adjectives). Disagreeing, discordant, discrepant, jarring, clashing, repugnant, incompatible, irreconcilable, inconsistent with, unconformable, incongruous, disproportionate, disportioned, unproportioned, unharmonious, mismatched, misjoined, misjudged, unconsonant, unconformable, incommensurable, divergent (291).

Unapt, inappropriate, improper, unsuited, unsuitable, inapt, inapposite, inapplicable, irrelevant, not pertinent, impertinent, ill-timed, intrusive, clumsy, unfit, unfitting, unbesitting, unbecoming, forced, unseasonable, farfetched, inadmissible, uncongenial, ill-assorted, ill-sort, repugnant to, unaccommodating, irreducible.

(Phrases). Mal à propos; out of season; out of character; out of keeping; out of tune; out of place; at odds; a fish out of water; on all fours; neither here nor there; "humano capite cervicem pictor equinam jungere;" "compact of jars."

(Adverbs). At variance with, in defiance of, in contempt of, in spite of, despite.
SECTION III.—QUANTITY

1°. Simple Quantity

25. Absolute quantity.

Quantity (Substantives), magnitude (192), amplitude, size, mass, amount, quantum, measure, substance.

Science of quantity: mathematics.

Definite or finite quantity: handful, mouthful, etc., stock, batch, lot.

(Adjective). Quantitative.

(Phrase). To the tune of.

(Adjectives). Comparative, gradual, shading off, of full strength.

(Adverbs). By degrees, gradually, inasmuch, pro tanto, however, howsoever, step by step, rung by rung, bit by bit, little by little, by inches, inch by inch, by slow degrees. by little and little.

2°. Comparative Quantity

27. Sameness of quantity or degree.

Equality (Substantives), parity, co-extension, evenness, equipoise, level, balance, equivalence, equipollence, equilibrium, poise, equiponderance, par, quits, tie.

Equalisation, equation, equilibration, co-ordination, adjustment, symmetry.

A drawn game or battle, a dead heat.

A match, peer, compeer, equal, mate, fellow, brother, a make-weight.

(Verbs). To be equal, etc., to equal, match, come up to, keep pace with; come to, amount to, balance, cope with.

(Phrases). To be or lie on a

28. Difference of quantity or degree.

Inequality (Substantives), disparity, impurity, odds, difference (15), unevenness.

Preponderance, preponderation, inclination of the balance, advantage, prevalence, partiality.

Superiority (33), a casting weight.

Shortcoming, sec 304.

(Verbs). To be unequal, etc., to preponderate, outweigh, outbalance, overbalance, prevail, countervail, predominate, overmatch, see 33.

(Phrases). To have or give the advantage; to turn the scale; to kick the beam; to topple over.

To fall short of, to want (304). not to come up to.

...
Compensation

level with, to come to the same thing.

To render equal, to equalise, level, balance, equate, trim, dress, adjust, poise; to readjust, equi-
poise.

(Phrases). To strike a balance; to establish or restore equality; to stretch on the bed of Pro-
orustes.

(Adjectives). Equal, even, quit, level, co-equal, co-ordinate, equivalent, tantamount, convertible, equipollent, equiponderant, equiponderous.

(Phrases). On a par with; on a level with; much at one; as broad as long; as good as; pretty well; up to the mark; up to the scratch; six to one and half a dozen to the other; tarred with the same brush.

Rendered equal, made equal, equalised, equated, drawn, poised, levelled, balanced, equilibrated, symmetrical, trimmed, dressed.

(Adverbs). Pari passu, equally, symmetrically, ad eundem, ceteris paribus, practically, to all intents and purposes.

29. Mean (Substantives), medium, intermedium, compromise, average, balance, middle (68), via media, juste milieu, ἐμπρόσθεν μέτρου. Neutrality, middle course, shuffling.

(Phrase). Sitting on the fence.

(Verbs). To compromise, pair off, cancel.

(Phrases). To sit on the fence; split the difference; strike a balance; take the average; reduce to a mean; to take a safe course.

(Adjectives). Mean, intermediate, middle, average, ordinary, neutral.

(Adverb Phrases). On an average; in the long run; half-way; taking the one with the other; taking all things together; taking all in all; one year with another; communibus annis.

30. Compensation (Substantives), equation, indemnification, neutralisation, counteraction.

(Phrases). Measure for measure; tit for tat.

A set-off, off-set, make weight, casting-weight, counterpoise, amends, equivalent, a quid pro quo. See Counteraction (179), Recoil (277), Atonement (952).

(Verbs). To compensate, compensate, indemnify, countervail, counterpoise, balance, compromise, out-balance, over-balance, counter-balance, set-off, redeem, neutralise (see 27), cover.

(Phrases). To make good; split the difference; fill up; make amends.

(Adjectives). Compensating, compensatory, countervailing, etc.; equipollent.
Greatness—Smallness

(Phrase). In the opposite scale.

(Adverbs). However, yet, but, still, notwithstanding, on the other hand, en revanche, per contra.

(Phrases). As broad as it's long; 'tis an ill wind that blows nobody any good.

Quantity by Comparison with a Standard

31. Greatness (Substantives), largeness, magnitude, size (192), fulness, vastness, immensity, enormity, infinity (105), intensity (26), importance (642), strength.

A large quantity. deal, power, world, mass, heap (72), pile. sight, peck, bushel, load, heap, cart-load, waggon-load, truck-load, ship-load, cargo, flood or spring-tide, abundance (639), wholesale, store (636).

The greater part, see 52.

(Verbs). To be great, etc., run high, soar, tower, transcend, rise, carry to a great height, etc. (305).

(Phrases). To know no bounds.

(Adjectives). Great, gross, large, considerable, big, ample, above par, huge, full, saturated, plenary, deep, signal, extensive, sound, passing, goodly, famous, heavy, precious, mighty (157), arch, sad, piteous, arrant, red-hot, downright, utter, uttermost, cross, lamentable, consummate, rank, thorough-paced, thorough-going, sovereign, unparalleled, matchless, unapproached, extraordinary.

Vast, immense, enormous, towering, inordinate, severe, excessive, monstrous, shocking, extravagant, exorbitant, outrageous, glaring, preposterous, egregious, over-grown, stupendous, prodigious, astonishing, surprising (870), incredible, marvellous, transcendent, incomparable, tremendous.

32. Smallness (Substantives), littleness, minuteness (193), tenuity, scantiness, scantiness, slenderness, meanness, mediocrity, insignificance (643), paucity.

A small quantity. medicine, atom, particle, molecule, corpuscle, jot, iota, dot, speck, spark, etc, minutiae, thought, idea, soupe, whit, tittle, shade, shadow, touch, cast, grain, scruple, spice, sprinkling, drop, dash, smack, scantling, scantlet, dol, scrap, mite, slip, bit, morsel, crumb, paring, shaving, trifle, thimbleful, spoonful, cupful, mouthful, handful, fistful, see 51.

Finiteness, a finite quantity.

(Phrases). The shadow of a shade; a drop in a bucket or in the ocean.

(Verbs). To be small, etc., to run low, diminish, shrink, decrease, etc., see 195.

(Phrases). To lie in a nutshell; to pass muster.

(Adjectives). Small, little, scant, inconsiderable, diminutive, minute (193), tiny, puny, petty, sorry, miserable, shabby, wretched, paltry (643), weak (640), slender, feeble, faint, slight, trivial, scanty, light, trifling, moderate, low, mean, tender, mediocre, passable, passing, light, sparing, at low ebb.

Below par, below the mark, under the mark, imperfect, unfinished, partial (651), inappreciable, evanescent, infinitesimal, atomic, homoeopathic.
Greatness—Smallness

Indefinite, boundless, unbounded, unlimited, innumerable, illimitable, immeasurable, infinite, unapproachable, unutterable, unspeakable, inexpressible, beyond expression, swinging, unconscionable, fabulous, uncommon, unusual.

Undiminished, unrestricted, unabated, uneducated, unmilitated.

Absolute, positive, stark, decided, staring, unequivocal, serious, grave, essential, perfect, finished, completed, abundant (639).

(Adverbs). In a great degree: much, muckle, well, considerably, largely, grossly, greatly, very, very much, a deal, not a little, pretty, pretty well, enough, richly, to a large extent, to a great extent, ever so, mainly, ever so much, on a large scale, insomuch, all lengths, wholesale, in a great measure, busta.

In a positive degree: truly (494), positively, verily, really, indeed, actually, in fact, fairly, assuredly, decidedly, surely, clearly, obviously, unequivocally, purely, absolutely, seriously, essentially, fundamentally, radically, downright, altogether, entirely, completely.

In a comparative degree: comparatively, pro tanto, as good as, to say the least, above all, most, of all things, pre-eminently.

In a complete degree: altogether, quite, entirely, wholly, totally, in toto, toto carlo, utterly, thoroughly, out and out, completely, outright, fairly, clean, to the full, in every respect, sous tous les rapports, in all respects, on all accounts, nicely, perfectly, fully, amply, richly, wholesale, abundantly, consummately, widely, as . . . as . . . can be, every inch, à fond, de fond, en comble, far and wide, over head and ears, to the back-bone, ne plus ultra.

Mere, simple, sheer, stark, bare.

(Adverbs). In a small degree: on a small scale, to a small extent, something, somewhat, next to nothing, little, inconsiderably, slightly, so-so, minutely, faintly, feebly, lightly, imperfectly, perceptibly, moderately, scantily, shabbily, miserably, wretchedly, sparingly, tolerably, passing, passingly, weakly, pretty well, well enough, slenderly, modestly.

In a limited degree: in a certain degree, to a certain degree or extent, partially, or in part, some, somewhat, rather, in some degree, in some measure, something, simply, purely, merely, in a manner, at the most, at least, at the least, at most, ever so little, thus far, pro tanto, next to nothing.

(Phrases). As little as may be; tant soit peu; to say the least; in ever so small a degree.

Almost, nearly, well nigh, a near run, all but, short of, not quite, peu s’en faut, near the mark.

(Phrases). Within an ace of; on the brink of.

In an uncertain degree: about, thereabouts, scarcely, hardly, barely, somewhere about, nearly, more or less, à peu près.

In no degree: nowadays, nowise, in no wise, by no means, not in the least, not at all, not a bit, not a bit of it, not a whit, not a jot, in no respect, by no manner of means, on no account, at no hand.
Superiority—Inferiority

In a greater degree: even, yea, à fortiori, still more.

In a high degree: highly, deeply, strongly, might, mightily, powerfully (157), with a witness, with vengeance, profoundly, superlatively, ultra, in the extreme, extremely, exceedingly, excessively, sorely, intensely, exquisitely, acutely, soundly, vastly, hugely, immensely, enormously, stupendously, surpassing, supremely, beyond measure, immoderately, monstrously, inordinately, over head and ears, extraordinarily, exorbitantly, indefinitely, immeasurably, unspeakably, inexpressibly, incomparably, unutterably, incalculably, infinitely.

In a marked degree: particularly, remarkably, singularly, uncommonly, unusually, peculiarly, notably, pauci excellent, signal, famously, egregiously, prominently, glaringly, emphatically, etc., etc., strangely, wonderfully, amazingly, surprisingly, astonishingly, prodigiously, monstrously, incredibly, marvellously, awfully, stupendously.

In a violent degree: violently, severely, furiously, desperately, tremendously, outrageously, extravagantly, confoundedly, deucedly, devilishly, with a vengeance, à toute audience. See 173.

In a painful degree: sadly, grievously, woefully, piteously, sorely, lamentably, shockingly, frightfully, dreadfully, fearfully, terribly, horribly.

Quantity by Comparison with a Similar Object

33. Superiority (Substantives), majority, supremacy, advantage, excess (641), prevalence, pre-eminence.

Maximum, acme, climax, zenith, summit, at most height, record, culminating point (210), the height of, hon’s share, Benjamin’s mess, overweight.

(Phrases). The ne plus ultra; summum genus; summum bonum; altum to kállw.

(Verbs). To be superior, etc.; exceed, surpass, eclipse, top, over-top, oertop, cap, beat, cut out, over-ride, out-Herod, kick the beam, out-balance, over-balance, over-weigh, render larger, magnify (194).

(Phrases). To have the advantage of; turn the scale; beat

34. Inferiority (Substantives), minority, subordinacy, short-coming (304); deficiency, minimum.

(Verbs). To be less, inferiour, etc., to fall, or come short of, not to pass (304).

To become smaller, to render smaller (195).

(Phrases). To be thrown into the shade; to hide its diminished head.

(Adjectives). Inferior, deficient, smaller, minor, less, lesser, lower, sub, subordinate, subaltern, second rate, second best.

Least, smallest, minutest, etc., lowest.

(Phrases). Weighted in the balance and found wanting; not fit to hold a candle to.
hollow; take the shine out of; (Adverbs). Less, under, or below the mark, below par, at the bottom of the scale, at a low ebb, short of, at a disadvantage.

(Adjectives). Superior, greater, major, higher, surpassing, exceeding, excelling, passing, ultra, vaulting, transcending, unequalled, unparalleled, without parallel, sans parcell.

Supreme, greatest, utmost, paramount, pre-eminent, sovereign, culminating, superlative, topmost, highest, first-rate, A1, the last word.

(Phrases). Facile princeps; nulli secundus; a Triton among the minnows.

(Adverbs). Beyond, more, over and above the mark, above par, over and above, at the top of the scale, at its height.

In a superior degree: eminently, pre-eminently, egregiously, prominently, superlatively, supremely, above all, principally, especially, particularly, peculiarly, par excellence, à fortiori, nil ultra.

Changes in Quantity

35. Increase (Substantives), augmentation, enlargement, extension, dilatation (see 194), increment, accretion, development, growth, swell, swelling, aggrandisement, aggravation, rise, exacerbation, spread, diffusion (73), flood tide; accession.

(Verbs). To increase, augment, enlarge, amplify, extend, dilate, swell, wax, expand, grow, stretch, shoot up, rise, run up, sprout, advance, spread, aggrandise, add, superadd, raise, heighten, strengthen, exalt, enhance, magnify, redouble, aggravate, exaggerate, exasperate, exacerbate.

(Phrases). To add fuel to the flame; oleum addere camino.

(Adjectives). Increased, augmented, enlarged, etc., undiminished.

(Adverb). Crescendo.

36. Non-Increase.

Decrease (Substantives), diminution, depreciation, lessening, reduction, abatement, bating, declension, falling off, dwindling, contraction (195), shrinking, attenuation, extenuation, abridgment, curtailment (201), coarsening, narrowing.

Subsidence, wane, ebb, decrement.

(Verbs). To decrease, diminish, lessen, dwindle, decay, shrink, contract, shrivel, fall off, fall away, waste, wear, wane, ebb, decline, wear off, run low.

To abridge, reduce, curtail, cut down, pare down, cut short, dock, etc. (201), bate, abate, dequantitate, extenuate, lower, weaken, dwarf; to mitigate, etc. (174), to throw in the shade.

(Phrase). To hide its diminished head.

(Adjectives). Unincreased, decreased, diminished, lessened, etc., shorn, short by, decreasing, on the wane.
37. **ADDITION** (*Substantives*), introduction, superinduction, annexation, adhesion, superposition, superaddition, subjunction, supernotion, accession, superfection, corollary, reinforcement, supplement, accompaniment (88), sprinkling, spargefection.

*(Verbs)*. To add, annex, affix, superadd, supplement, subjoin, superpose, clap on, tack to, append, tag, ingraft, saddle on, saddle with, sprinkle, superfice, introduce.

To become added, to accue, advene, supervene.

*(Phrase)*. To swell the ranks of.

*(Adjectives)*. Added, annexed, etc., additional, supplementary, suppletory, subjunctive, adjetitious, adscititious (or ascititious), additive, accessory.

*(Adverbs)*. In addition, more, plus, extra.

And, also, likewise, too, furthermore, item, and also, and cke, else, besides, to boot, et cetera, and so forth, into the bargain, cum multis aliis, over and above, moreover.

With, together with, withal, along with, including, inclusive, as well as; not to mention; conjointly, to say nothing of (43).

38. **NON-ADDITION**.

**SUBDUCTION** (*Substantives*), subtraction, deduction, deducement, retrenchment, removal, ablation, purgation, curtailment, etc. (36), garbling, mutilation, truncation, abscission, excision, amputation, detruncation, sublation, castration, see 789.

*(Verbs)*. To subduct, exclude, deduct, subtract, retrench, remove, withdraw, bate, detract, deduce, take away, deprive of, curtail, etc. (36), garble, truncate, mutilate, detruncate, estrate, purge, amputate, cut off, cut out, dock, lop, prune, pare, dress, clip, thin, shear, decimate, geld, abrade.

*(Adjectives)*. Subtracted, deducted, etc., subtractive.

*(Adverbs)*. In deduction, etc., less, minus, without, except, expecting, with the exception of, barring, save, exclusive of, save and except (83).

39. **Thing added**.

**ADJUNCT** (*Substantives*), addition, additament, addition, *additum*, affix, appendage, suffix, augment, increment, augmentation, accessory, item, garnish, sauce, supplement, adjective, *addendum*, complement, corollary, continuation, reinforcement.

*Sequel, postscript, codicil, rider, heel-piece, tag, skirt, flap, lappet, trappings, tail, queue,*

40. **Thing remaining**.

**REMAINDER** (*Substantives*), residue, remains, remnant, the rest, relic, leavings, heel-tap, odds and ends, cheese-parings, candle ends, off-scourings, orts.

*Residuum, caput mortuum, dregs, refuse, scum, reccrement (see 653), ashes, dross, cinders, slag, sediment, silt, alluvium, stubble; slough, exuviae, result, educt*
train, suite, corrigé, accompaniment (88).

(Phrase) More last words.

(Adjectives) Remaining, residuary, sedimentary, outstanding, nett, cast off, odd, unconsumed, surviving, outlying.

Superfluous, over and above, exceeding, redundant, supernumerary.

41. Forming a whole without coherence.

Mixture (Substantives), admixture, commixture, admixture, comminution, commixture, mixture, intermixture, allegiance, marriage.

Impregnation, infusion, infiltration, diffusion, suffusion, interspersion, transfusion, seasoning, sprinkling, interlarding, interposition, intercalation (228), intrusion—adulteration, sophistication.

Thing mixed: a touch, spice, tinge, tincture, dash, smack, sprinkling, seasoning, infusion, etc., soupeçon, shade, bit, portion, dose.

Compound resulting from mixture: alloy, amalgam, magma, milange, half and half, terrium quid, miscellaneous, ambiguous, medley, pasticcio, patchwork, odds and ends:—farrago, jumble (59), mess, salad, sauce, hash, hodgepodge (hodgepodge, or hotchpotch), mash, mishmash, omnium gatherum, gallimaufry, olla podrida, olio, salmagundi, pot-pourri, Noah's ark, caldron, marquetry, mosaic (440).

(Phrase) A mingled yarn.

(Verbs) To mix, commix, immix, intermix, associate, mingle, commingle, intermingle, blemingle, interlard, interperse, interpose, interpolate; shuffle together, hash up, huddle together, deal, pound together, stir up, knead, brew, jumble (59), impregnate with.

To be mixed, to get among, to be entangled with.

To instil, imbus, infuse, infiltrate, dash, tinge, tincture, season, sprinkle, besprinkle, suffuse, transfuse, attemper, medicate, blend, alloy, amalgamate, compound (48), adulterate, sophisticate, cross.
Junction—Disjunction

(Adjectives). Mixed, mingled, intermixed, etc., promiscuous; implex, composite, mixed up with, half and half, linsey-wolsey, cross, hybrid, half-caste, mulatto, quadroon, octaroo, mongrel, heterogeneous, miscible.

43. Junction (Substantives). Joining, union, connection, connecting, conjunction, conjunction, annexation, annexment, attachment, compagination, striction, alligation, fastening, linking, coupling, matrimony (903), grafting; infiltration, inoculation, synapsis, anastomosis, association (72), concatenation, communication, approach (197).

Joint, joining, juncture, pivot, hinge, suture, articulation, commissure, seam, stitch, meeting, reunion, mortise, scar, cutatrix.

Closeness, firmness, tightness, compactness, attachment, communication.

(Verbs). To join, conjoin, unite, connect, associate, put together, embody, re-embody, hold together, lump together, pack, fix together, attach, affix, saddle on, fasten, bind, secure, make fast, tie, pinion, strap, sew, lace, string, stitch, tack, knit, button, buckle, hitch, lash, truss, bandage, braid, splice, swathe, gird, tether, picket, harness, bridge over, roll into one.

Chain, enchain, shackle, pinion, manacle, handcuff, lock, latch, belay, brace, hook, clap together, leash, couple, link, yoke, bracket, hang together, pin, nail, bolt, hasp, clasp, clamp, screw, rivet, impact, wedge, rabbet, mortise, jam, dovetail, enchain, engrat, interlink, inoculate, entwine, interlace, intertwine, intertwist, interweave.

To be joined, etc., to hang or hold together.

44. Disjunction (Substantives). Disconnection, disunity, disunion, disassociation, disengagement, inconnection, abstraction, isolation, insulality, oasis, separateness, severalness, severality.

Separation, parting, detachment, divorce, secession, secession, biduction, discorpus, elision, censure, division, sub-division, break, fracture, rupture, dismemberment, disintegration, dislocation, luxation, severance, disseverance, severing, scission, resection, abscession, laceration, dilaceration, wrenching, disruption, avulsion, divulsion, tearing asunder, section, cutting, resection, cleavage, fissure, breach, rent, split, crack, slit, dispersion (73), incision, dissection, anatomy.

(Verbs). To be disjoined, separated, etc., to come off, fall off, fall to pieces.

To disjoin, disconnect, disunite, part, dispart, detach, separate, cut off, rescind, segregate, sepose, dispair, dissociate, isolate, disengage, set apart, liberate, loose, set free, unloose, unfasten, untie, unbind, disband, unfix, unlace, unclasp, undo, unbuckle, unchain, un fetter, untack, unharness, ungird, unpack, unbolt, un latch, unlock, unlink, uncouple, unpin, unline, un screw, unhook, unrivet, un twist, unsickle, unyoke, unknit, unsolder, unravel, disentangle, unglue.

Sunder, divide, subdivide, sever, dissoever, abscond, cut,
Coherence—Incoherence

*(Adjectives)*. Joined, conjoined, coupled, etc., bound up together, conjunct, corporate, compact.

*(Phrase)*. Rolled into one.

Firm, fast, close, tight, tant, secure, set, impacted, jammed, locked, etc., revolved, inseparable, indissoluble, inseparable, inseverable.

*(Adverbs)*. Conjointly, jointly, etc.

With, along with, together with, in conjunction with.

Fast, firmly, closely, etc.

*Incide, incise, snip, nib, cleave, rive, slit, split, split in twain, splinter, chip, crack, snap, rend, break or tear asunder, shiver, craunch, chop, cut up, rip up, hack, hew, slash, whittle, baggle, hackle, discind, tear, lacerate, mangle, mince, gash, hash.*

Dissect, cut up, carve, castrate, detruncate, anatomise; take, pull, or pick to pieces; tear to tatters, tear piecemeal, divellicate, disintegrate; dismember, disbranch, dislocate, disjoint, mince, break up, crunch, gride, comminute (330).

*CUT off, rescinded, etc., rift, reft.*

Capable of being cut, scissile.

*(Adverbs)*. Separately, etc., one by one, severally, apart, adrift, asunder; in the abstract, abstractedly.

45. Connecting medium.

*Vinculum* *(Substantives)*, link, connective, conjunction, copula, intermediate, hyphen, bridge, stepping-stone, isthmus, span.

Bond, filament, fibre (203), hair, cordage, cord, thread, strings, packthread, twine, twist, whipcord, tape, line, ribbon, ribband, rope, cable, hawser, wire, chain.

Fastening, tie, ligament, ligature, strap, tackle, rigging, traces, harness, yoke, band, brace, bandage, roller, fillet, thong, brail, girder, girth, cestus, garter, halter, noose, lasso, surcingle, knot, running-knot.

Pin, corking-pin, nail, brad, tack, skewer, staple, clamp, bracket, cramp, screw, button, buckle, clasp, hasp, hinge, hank, catch, latchet, tag, hook, tooth, hook and eye, lock, locket, padlock, rivet, grappling-iron, trellin, stake, post, gyve, shackle, etc. (752).

Cement, glue, gum, paste, size, solder, lute, putty, birdlime, mortar, stucco, plaster, grout.

46. **COHERENCE** *(Substantives)*, cohesion, adherence, adhesion, accretion, concretion, agglutination, conglutination, aggregation, consolidation, set, cementation, soldering, welding.

"Sticking, clinging, adhesive—"
ness, stickiness, gumminess, gummosity, glutinousness, glutinosity, cohesiveness, density (321), inseparability, inseparableness, tenaciousness, tenacity.

Clot, concrete, cake, lump, solid, conglomerate (321).

(Verbs). To cohere, adhere, stick, cling, cleave, hold, take hold of, hold fast, hug, grow or hang together, twine round.

To concrete, curdle, cake.

(Phrases). To stick like a leech; to stick like wax; to cling like ivy; to cling like a bur.

To glue, agglutinate, conglutinate, consolidate, solidify (321), cement, lute, paste, gum, glue, solder, weld.

(Adjectives). Cohesive, adhesive, cohering, tenacious, etc., sticky, glutinous, gluggy, gummy, viscous (352).

United, unseparated, sessile, inseparable, infrangible (321).

48. COMBINATION (Substantives), union, unification, synthesis, incorporation, amalgamation, coalescence, crasis, fusion, absorption, blending, centralisation.

Compound, composition, amalgam, impregnation.

(Verbs). To combine, unite, incorporate, amalgamate, embody (or imbody), re-embody, blend, merge, fuse, absorb, melt into one, consolidate, coalesce, centralise, to impregnate, to put together, to lump together.

(Adjectives). Combined, etc., impregnated with, ingrained.

49. DECOMPOSITION (Substantives), disjunction, analysis, resolution, dissociation, catalysis, corruption.

(Verbs). To decompose, disembry, analyse, decompound, resolve, take to pieces, separate into its elements, dissect, unravel, etc., break up.

(Adjectives). Decomposed, etc., catalytic, analytical, corrupted, dissolved.

50. WHOLE (Substantives), totality, integrity, totalness, entireness, entirety, ensemble, collectiveness, individuality, unity (87), indivisibility, indiscrepibility, indissolubleness;—integration.

All, the whole, total, aggregate,
integer, gross, amount, sum, sum total, tout ensemble, upshot, alpha and omega, root and branch, head and shoulders, neck and heels, trunk, hull, skeleton, hulk, lump, heap (72).

The principal part, bulk, mass, tissue, staple, body, compages, the main, the greater part, major part, essential part, best part, any part, aught, marrow, soul of, pith.

(Phrases). Lion’s share; Benjamin’s mess.

(Verbs). To form or constitute a whole, to integrate, embody, aggregate, amass (72), to amount to, come to.

(Adjectives). Whole, total, integral, entire, one, unbroken, uncut, undivided, seamless, individual, unsevered, unclipped, uncropped, unshorn, undiminished, undemolished, undisolved, unbruised, undestroyed, indivisible, indissoluble, indissolvable, indiscriminate.

Wholesale, sweeping.

(Adverbs). Wholly, altogether, totally, entirely, all, all in all, as a whole, wholesale, in the mass, en masse, in the lump, on the whole, in toto, in the gross, in extenso, to the full, throughout, every inch.

(Phrases). The long and short of it; nearly, or almost all; head and shoulders; neck and heels; in the long run; in the main; neck and crop; from end to end; from beginning to end; from first to last; from head to foot; from top to toe; fore and aft; from alpha to omega.

52. Completeness (Substantives), entirety, fulness, completion (729), perfection (650), solidity, stop-gap, make-weight, filling up, integration, absoluteness, sufficiency.

Complement, supplement (38).

53. Incompleteness (Substantives), deficiency, defectiveness, defalcation, failure, imperfection (651), hollowness.

Part wanting, omission, defect, deficit, caret.

(Verbs). To be incomplete, etc., to fail, fall short (304).
Component—Extraneousness

(Verbs). To be complete, etc., suffice.
To render complete or whole, to complete, exhaust, perfect, finish, make up, fill up, make good, piece out, eke out.
(Phrases). Give the last finish; supply deficiencies; to go the whole length; to go the whole hog.
(Adjectives). Complete, entire, absolute, perfect, full, plenary, solid, undivided, with all its parts, supplementary, adventitious, thorough, exhaustive.
(Phrases). Full as an egg; full as a vetch.
(Adverbs). Completely, entirely, to the full, thoroughly (see 31), in toto, tota calo, in all respects, etc.
(Phrases). De fond en comble; à fond; ne plus ultra; from first to last; from beginning to end; ab ovo usque ad mala.

54. Composition (Substantives), constitution, crisis.
Inclusion, admission, comprehension, reception.
Inclusion in a class (76).
(Verbs). To be composed of, to consist of, be made of, formed of, made up of, be resolved into.
To contain, include, hold, comprehend, take in, admit, embrace, involve, implicate.
To compose, constitute, form, make, make up, fill up, build up, put together, embody.
To enter into the composition of, to be, or form part of (51), to merge in, be merged in.
(Adjectives). Comprehending, containing, including, comprising, etc.
Forming, constituting, composing, etc., entering into, being or forming part of, etc., belonging to, appertaining to, inclusive.

55. Exclusion (Substantives), non-admission, omission, exception, rejection, proscription, repudiation, exile, banishment, excommunication.
Separation, segregation, seposition.
Exclusion from a class (77).
(Verb). To be excluded from etc.
To exclude, shut out, bar, leave out, omit, garble, reject, repudiate, neglect, blackball; lay, put, or set apart or aside: segregate, pass over, throw overboard, slur over, neglect (460), excommunicate, banish, expatriate, ostracise, relegate.
To eliminate, weed, winnow, bar, separate (44), strike off.
(Adjectives). Excluding, omitting, etc., exclusive.
Excluded, omitted, etc., unrecorded, inadmissible.
(Adverbs). Exclusive of, barring, etc., excepting.

56. Component (Substantives), component part, integrant part.
57. Extraneousness (Substantives), foreign body, alien,
58 Order—Disorder

Element, constituent, ingredient, member, *kmb* (51), part and parcel, contents, appurtenance.

(Verbs). To form part of, take part in, enter into the composition of, constitute.

stranger, intruder, outsider, interloper, foreigner, *novus homo*, a new comer, a Johnny Newcome.

(Adjectives). Extraneous, foreign, alien, interloping.

(Adverbs). Abroad, in foreign parts.

SECTION IV. ORDER

1°. Order in General

58. ORDER (Substantives), regularity, orderliness, uniformity, even tenor, symmetry.

(Phrase). Lucidus ordo.

Gradation, progression, pedigree, line, descent, subordination, course, array, routine.

Method, disposition, arrangement, system, economy, discipline.

Rank, station, place, *status*, stand, scale, step, stage, period, term, footing; rank and file.

(Verbs). To be, or become in order, to form, form fours, fall in, arrange itself, place itself, range itself, fall into its place, fall into rank.

(Adjectives). Orderly, regular, in order, arranged, etc. (60), in its proper place, tidy, *en règle*, well regulated, methodical, business-like, uniform, symmetrical, systematic, unconfused, undisturbed, untangled, unruffled, unravelled, still, etc. (265).

(Phrase). In apple-pie order.

(Adverbs). Orderly, systematically, etc., in turn, in its turn.

Step by step, by regular steps, gradations, stages, periods, or intervals, periodically (138).

At stated periods (138), *gradatim, seriatim*.

59. Absence, or want of Order, etc.


Complexedness, complexity, complexness, complication, intricacy, intricateness, implication, perplexity, invasion, raveling, entanglement, knot, coil, skein, skeave, Gordian knot.

(Phrase). Wheels within wheels.


Tumultuousness, riotousness, inquietude (173).

(Phrases). *Rudis indigestaque moles*; confusion worse confounded; most admired disorder; *concordia discors*; hell broke loose.

A pretty kettle of fish; all the fat in the fire; *le diable à quatre*; the devil to pay.

Derangement (61), inversion of order.

Topsy-turvy (218), hocus-pocus.
Arrangement—Derangement

(Phrases). The cart before the horse; ἢστρον ἢστρον.
(Verbs). To be out of order, irregular, disorderly, etc., to ferment, misplace.
To put out of order (61).
(Phrase). To fish in troubled waters.
(Adjectives). Disorderly, orderless, out of order, misplaced, out of place, deranged, disarranged (61), irregular, desultory, anomalous, untidy, straggling, unarranged, immethodical, unsymmetric, unsystematic, unmethodical, undigested, unsorted, unclassified, unclassed.
Disjointed, out of joint, confused, tangled, involved, fumbled, inextricable, irreducible.
Mixed, scattered, promiscuous, indiscriminate.
Tumultuous, turbulent, riotous, troublous, tumultuary (173).
(Adverbs). Irregularly, etc., by fits and snatches, pell-mell; higgledy-piggledy; at sixes and sevens; helter-skelter; harum-scarum, in a ferment, at cross purposes; à balans rompus.

60. Reduction to Order.
ARRANGEMENT (Substantives), disposal, disposition, collocation, allocation, distribution, sorting, assortment, allotment, apportionment, marshalling, laxis, syntaxis, taxonomy, gradation, organisation.
Analysis, sifting, classification.
Result of arrangement; digest, synopsis, analysis, syntagma; table, register (551).
Instrument for sorting: sieve, riddle, screen.
(Verbs). To reduce to order, bring into order, introduce order into.
To arrange, dispose, place, form; to put, set, place, etc., in order; to set out, collocate, pack, marshal, range, rank, group, parcel out, allot, distribute, assort, sort, sift, riddle.
(Phrases). To put or set to rights; to assign places to.
To class, classify, file, string, tabulate, register, take stock.
To methodise, digest, regulate, graduate, organise, settle, fix.

61. Subversion of Order, bringing into disorder.
DERANGEMENT (Substantives), disarrangement, misarrangement, displacement, misplacement, discomposure, disturbance, disorganisation, perturbation, shuffling, rumpling, embroilment, corrugation (258), inversion (218).
(Verbs). To derange, disarrange, misplace, mislay, discompose, disorder, embroil, unsettle, disturb, confuse, perturb, jumble, tumble, huddle, shuffle, meddle, toss, hustle, fumble, riot; misarrange, bring, put, or throw into disorder, trouble, confusion, etc., break the ranks.
To unhinge, put out of joint, turn over, invert; turn topsy-turvy; turn inside out (218), bedevil.
To complicate, involve, perplex, tangle, entangle, ravel, ruffle, touse, rumple, dishevel, litter, scatter.
(Adjectives). Deranged, etc., see 59.
Irreducible.
To unravel, disentangle, ravel, card, disembroil.
(Adjectives). Arranged, methodical, etc. (see 58), embattled, in battle array.

2°. Consecutive Order

62. Precedence (Substantives), coming before, antecedence, priority, anteriority, antecedency, le pas, the lead.
Superiority (33), precession (280).
(Verbs). To precede, come before, introduce, usher in.
(Phrases). To have the pas; to lead; to get the start; set the fashion; to get before.
To place before; to prefix, affix, premisc, prelude, preface.
To prepare (673).
(Adjectives). Preceding, precedent, antecedent, anterior, prior, previous, before, ahead of, leading.
Former, foregoing; coming or going before; precessory, precurrent, prevenient, preliminary, prefatory, introductory, preclusive, prelusive, prelusive, proemial, preparatory.
(Adverbs). In advance, ahead, etc., in front of, before, in the van, see 234.

63. Sequence (Substantives), coming after, consecution, succession, posteriority, secondariness.
Continuation, order of succession, successiveness.
Subordination, inferiority (34).
Alternation (138).
(Verbs). To succeed, come after, follow, come next, ensue, come on, tread close upon; to alternate.
To condescend to.
(Phrases). To be in the wake or trail of; to tread on the heels of; to step into the shoes of; to play the second fiddle to.
To place after, to suffix, append.
(Adjectives). Succeeding, coming after, following, subsequent, ensuing, consequent, sequacious, consequent, next; consecutive; alternate.
Latter, posterior.
(Adverbs). After, subsequently, since, behind, in the wake of, in the train of, at the tail of, in the rear of, see 235.

64. Precursor (Substantives), antecedent, predecessor, forerunner, pioneer, van-courier, outrider, avant-courier, leader, bell-wether, harbinger.
Prelude, preamble, preface, fore-word, prologue, avant-propos, protasis, proemium, proliusion, preludium, proem, prolepsis, prolegomena, prefix, introduction, note, frontispiece, groundwork (673).
(Adjectives). See 62.

65. Sequel (Substantives), after-part, aftermath, suffix, successor, tail, queue, train, wake, trail, rear, retinue, suite, appendix (39), postscript, epilogue, after-piece, after-thought, second thoughts, codicil, continuation, sequela.
(Phrases). More last words; to be continued.
Beginning—End

66. Beginning (Substantives), commencement, opening, outset, incipience, inception, inchoation, initiative, overture, exordium, symphony, inauguration, onset, brunt, alpha.

Origin, source, rise, birth, infancy, bud, embryo, rudiment, start, cradle, starting-point, starting-post, see Departure (292).

Van, vanguard, title-page, heading, front (234), fore part, head (210).

Dawn, morning, day-break (125).

Opening, entrance, entry, inlet, orifice, porch, portal, portico, gateway, door, gate, postern, wicket, threshold, vestibule, mouth, fauces, chops, chaps, lips.

(Verbs). To begin, commence, inchoate, rise, arise, originate, initiate, open, dawn, set in, take its rise, enter upon, set out (292), recommence, to undertake (676).

To usher in, to lead off, lead the way, take the lead, or the initiative; head, stand at the head, stand first; broach, set on foot, set a-going, set abroad, set up, institute, launch.

(Phrases). To make a beginning, break ground; set the ball in motion; break the ice.

(Adjectives). Beginning, commencing, arising, initial, initiatory, initiative, incipient, preemial, inaugural, inchoate, inchoative, embryonic, primogenial, aboriginal, rudimental, nascent, natal, opening, dawning, entering.

First, foremost, leading, heading, maiden (ex. gr. maiden speech).

Unbegun, commenced, etc.

(Adverbs). At, or in the beginning; first, in the first place, impermiss, first and foremost, in limine, in the bud, in embryo.

From the beginning, ab initio; ab ovo; ab incunabulis.

67. End (Substantives), close, termination, desingee, conclusion, finish, finis, finale, period, term, terminus, last, omega, extreme, extremity, but-end, flag-end, tail, tib, nib, after-part, rear (235), colophon, peroration, bonne-bouche.

Completion (729), winding-up, dénouement, catastrophe, consummation, finishing stroke, death-blow, upshot, issue, fate, doom, Day of Judgment, doomsday.

(Phrases). The ne plus ultra; the fall of the curtain; the turning point; “le commencement de la fin”; le coup de grace.

(Verbs). To end, close, finish, terminate, conclude; come, or draw, to an end, close or stop, to pass away; to run its course, to say one’s say.

To bring to an end, close, etc., to put a period, etc., to; to close, finish, seal, etc., to wind up, complete, achieve (729), crown, determine.

(Phrase). To kill one’s pig.

(Adjectives). Ending, closing, etc., final, terminal, desitive, definitive, crowning.

Last, ultimate, hindmost, rear, caudal, conterminate, conterminous, conterminable.

Ended, closed, terminated, etc.

Unbegun, fresh, uncommenced.

(Adverbs). Once for all; finally, for good.
Continuity—Discontinuity

68. MIDDLE (Substantives), mediety, mean, medium, happy medium, sub media, middle term, centre (222), mezzo termine, juste milieu, half-way house, nave, navel, nucleus, bisection (91).

Equidistance, midst, equator, diaphragm, midriff.

Interveneance, interjacence, intervention (228), mid-course (628).

(Adjectives). Middle, modal, mean, mid, middlemost, midmost, media, intermédiaire (29), intervenent, interjacent (228), central (222), equidistant, embossed, merged.

Mediterranean, equatorial.

(Adverbs). In the middle, mid-way, midships, half-way.

(Phrases). In the thick of; in mediis rebus.

69. Uninterrupted sequence.

CONTINUITY (Substantives), consecution, succession, suite, progression, series, train, chain, catenation, concatenation, scale, gradation, course, procession, column, retinue, cortège, cavalcade, rank and file, line of battle, array, pedigree, genealogy, lineage, race.

File, line, row, range, tier, string, thread, team, suit, colonnade.

(Verbs). To follow in a series, etc.; to form a series, etc.; to fall in.

To arrange in a series, to marshal, etc. (80); to string together, file, thread, graduate, tabulate.

(Adjectives). Continuous, sequent, consecutive, progressive, serial, successive, continued, uninterrupted, unbroken, entire, linear, in a line, in a row, etc., gradual, uninterrupting (110).

(Adverbs). Continuously, consecutively, etc., seriatiim; in a line, in a string, in a row, series, etc., in succession, etc., running, gradually, step by step; uninterrupted, at a stretch.

(Phrase). In Indian file.

70. Interrupted sequence.

DISCONTINUITY (Substantives), interruption, pause, period, interregnum, break, interval, cut, gap, fracture, chasm, hiatus (198), caesura, parenthesis, rhapsody, anacoluthon.

Intermission, alternation, see Periodicity (138), a broken thread, broken melody, lost chord.

(Verbs). To be discontinuous, etc.; to alternate, intermit.

To discontinue, pause, interrupt, break, interpose (228); to break in upon, disconnect (44); to break or snap the thread.

(Adjectives). Discontinuous, unsuccessful, broken, interrupted, desultory, découpu, disconnected, unconnected, rhapsodical, spasmodic, sporadic.

Alternate, every other, intermitting, alternating (138).

(Phrase). Few and far between.

(Adverbs). At intervals, by snatches. per saltum, by fits and starts, longo intervallo.

71. TERM (Substantives), rank, station, stage, step, rung (of a ladder), degree (26), remove, grade, link, place, point, pas, period, pitch, stand, standing, footing, range.

(Verbs). To hold, occupy, find, fall into a place, station.
3º. Collective Order

72. Assemblage (Substantives), collection, dozen, collocation, levy, gathering, ingathering, muster, colligation, contessation, attroupement, association, concourse, confluen, meeting, assembly, congregation, levée, club, réunion, soirée, conversazione, accumulation, cumulation, array.

Congress, convocation, convention, comitium, quorum, conclaves, synod, caucus, conventicle, posse, poss comitatus.

Miscellany, museum, collection, menagerie, Noah's ark, encyclopedia, portfolio, a drag net.

A multitude (102), crowd, throng, rabble, mob, press, crush, cohue, horde, posse, body, tribe, crew, gang, knot, band, party, swarm, shoal, bevy, galaxy, covey, flock, herd, grove, corps, troop, troupe, squad, squadron, phalanx, platoon, company, regiment, battalion, legion, host, army, myrmidons. Store, see 636.

Clan, brotherhood, fraternity, sisterhood, party (712).

Volley, shower, storm, cloud, etc.

Group, cluster, Pleiades, clump, set, batch, pencil, lot, pack, budget, assortment, bunch, parcel, packet, package, bundle, fasciculus, faggot, wisps, truss, tuft, shock, rick, fardel, stack, sheaf.

Accumulation, congeries, heap, lump, pile, rouleau, tissue, mass, pyramid, bale, drift, snow-ball, acervation, cumulation, glomeration, agglomeration, conglobation, conglomerate, coacervation, coagulation, aggregation, concentration, congestion, Pelion upon Ossa, spicilegium, omnium gatherum. See Convergence (290).

Collector, tax gatherer, whip, whipper-in.

(Verbs). To assemble, collect, muster, meet, unite, cluster, flock, herd, crowd, throng, associate, congregate, conglomerate, rendezvous, resort, flock together, get together, re-assemble.

73. Non-assemblage. Dispersion (Substantives), scattering, dissemination, diffusion, dissipation, spreading, casting, distribution, apportionment, sprinkling, respension, circumfusion, interspersion, sparsefaction, divergence (291).

Odds and ends, waifs and strays.

(Verbs). To disperse, scatter, sow, disseminate, diffuse, shed, spread, overspread, dispense, band, distribute, dispel, cast forth; strew, sprinkle, issue, deal out, utter, separate, intersperse, set abroach, circumfuse.

(Phrases). To turn adrift; to scatter to the winds; to sow broadcast; to spread like wild-fire.

(Adjectives). Unassembled, uncollected, dispersed, scattered, diffused, sparse, spread, disperse, widespread, sporadic, cast, broadcast, etc., adrift, dishevelled, streaming, etc.

(Adverbs). Sparsim, here and there, passim.
Inclusion—Exclusion

To bring, or gather together, collect, draw together, group, convene, convolve, convocate, collocate, colligate, scrape together, rake up, dredge, bring into a focus, amass, accumulate, heap up, pile, pack, stack, truss, pack together, acervate, agglomerate, garner up, lump together.

(Phrases). To heap Pelion upon Ossa; to collect in a drag-net.

(Adjectives). Assembled, collected, etc., unsattered, dispersed, met together, closely packed, dense, crowded, huddled together, toemia, swarming, populous.

(Phrases). As thick as hops; like herrings in a box.

74. Place of meeting.
Focus (Substantives), point of convergence, corradiation, rendez-vous, head-quarters, club, centre (222), gathering, place, meeting-place, trysting-place, resort, museum, repository, dépôt (636). Home, association, soirée, conversazione.

4°. Distributive Order

75. Class (Substantives), division, category, categorie, head, order, section, department, province.
Kind, sort, genus, species, family, race, tribe, caste, sept, clan, breed, kit, sect, set, assortment, feather, suit, range.
Gender, sex, kin, kidney, manner, description, denomination, designation, predicament, character, stamp, stuff.

76. Inclusion (Substantives), comprehension under a class, reference to a class.

Inclusion in a compound (54).

Inclusion, admission, reception.

(Verbs). To be included in, to come under, to fall under, to range under; to belong, or pertain to, appertain; to range with, to merge in, to be of, hail from.

To include, comprise, comprehend, contain, admit, embrace, enumerate among, reckon among, reckon with, number among, refer to, place under, arrange under, or with.

To take into account.

77. Exclusion from a class (Substantives), rejection, etc., proscription, nobody.

Exclusion from a compound (55).

(Verbs). To be excluded from, etc.; to exclude, proscribe, etc., to set apart.

(Phrase). To shut the door upon.

(Adjectives). Exclusive, excluding, etc.

1 The same set of words are used to express Exclusion from a class and Exclusion from a compound. Reference is therefore here made to the former at 55. This identity does not occur with regard to Inclusion, which therefore required to be made a separate heading.
Rule—Multiformity

(Adjectives). Including, etc., inclusive, congener, congenorous, et hoc genus omne, of the same class, et cetera, etc.
Included, merged, etc.

78. Generality (Substantives), universality, catholicism, catholicity.
Every, every man, every one, all, all hands, to a man.
(Phrases). The world and his wife; “All people that on earth do dwell.”
Miscellaneousness, miscellany, encyclopaedia, generalisation, prevalence, drag net.
(Phrases). Who’s who; enquire within, etc.
(Verbs). To be general, common, or prevalent, to prevail.
To render general, to generalise.
(Adjectives). General, generic, collective, comprehensive, encyclopedical, sweeping, radical, universal, catholic, catholic, common, ecumenical, transcendental, prevalent, prevailing, all pervading.
Unspecified, impersonal.
(Adverbs). Whatever, whatsoever, generally, universally, on the whole, for the most part.

79. Speciality (Substantives), specialité, particularity, individuality, peculiarity, individuality, personality, propria personae, characteristic, mannerism, idiosyncrasy, specificness, singularity (83).
Version, reading (522).
Particulars, details, items, counts.
(Phrase). Argumentum ad hominem.
I, myself, self, I myself, moi qui vous parle.
(Verbs). To specify, particularise, individualise, realise, specialise, designate, determine.
(Phrases). To descend to particulars; to enter into detail.
(Adjectives). Special, particular, individual, specific, proper, personal, private, respective, definite, determinate, especial, certain, esoteric, endemic, partial, party, peculiar, characteristic, diagnostic, exclusive, sui generis, singular, exceptional (83). This, that, yonder, yon.
(Adverbs). Specially, specifically, etc., in particular, respectively, personally, individually, in propria personae, ad hominem.
Each, apiece, one by one, severally, seriatim, videlicet, viz., to wit.

5°. Order as regards Categories

80. Rule (Substantives), regularity, uniformity, constancy, standard, model, nature, principle, the order of things, routine, prevalence, practice, usage, custom, use, habit (613), regulation.

81. Multiformity (Substantives), variety, diversity, multifariousness.
(Adjectives). Multiform, manifold, multifarious, multigenerous, omnifarious, heterogeneous, motley, epicene, indis-
Conformity—Unconformity

Form, formula, law, canon, principle, keynote.

Type, pattern, precedent, 
paradigma, the normal, natural, ordinary or model state or condition.

(Phrases). A standing dish; the Procrustean Law; laws of the Modes and Persians.

82. Conformity (Substantives), conformance, observance, naturalisation, harmony.

Example, instance, specimen, sample, ensample, exemplar, exemplification, illustration, case in point, quotation, the rule.

(Phrases). The order of the day: the common or ordinary run of things (see 23); matter of course; "familiar matter of to-day."

(Verba). To conform to rule, be regular, to be orthodox, etc., to follow, observe, go by, bend to, obey rules, to be guided or regulated by, be wont, etc. (813), to naturalise, to chime in with, to be in harmony with, follow suit.

(Phrases). Hugler avec les loups; to do in Rome as the Romans do.

To exemplify, illustrate, cite, quote, put a case, produce an instance, etc., to set an example.

(Phrase). To keep one in countenance.

(Adjectives). Conformable to rule, regular, uniform, constant, steady, according to rule, selon les règles, en règle, normal, well regulated, formal, canonical, orthodox, strict, rigid, positive, uncompromising, see 23.

Ordinary, natural, usual, common, wonted, accustomed, habitual, household, every-day, current, prevailing, prevalent, established, received, acknowledged, recognised, hackneyed, well-known, familiar, vernacular, crimate, desultory, irregular, diversified.

(Phrases). Et hoc genus omne; of all sorts and kinds; and what not? de omnibus rebus et quibusdam aliis.

83. Unconformity (Substantives), informality, arbitrariness, abnormality, anomaly, anomalousness, lawlessness, peculiarity, exclusiveness, infraction, breach, violation, etc., of law, or rule, eccentricity, aberration, irregularity, variety, singularity, exemption, salvo.

Exception, nondescript, a character, nonsuch, monster, prodigy (872), lusus naturae, rara avis, freak, curiosity, queer fish, flying-fish, half-caste, half-bred, cross-bred, métis, mongrel, hybrid, mule, mulatto, tertium quid, hermaphrodite.

Phænix, chimera, hydra, sphinx, minotaur, griffin, centaur, hippocentaur, sagittary, hippocorn, dragon, sea-serpent, mermaid, unicorn, etc.

(Phrases). Out of one's element; a fish out of water; neither one nor another; neither fish, flesh, nor fowl, nor good red herring.

(Verba). To be unconformable to rule, to be exceptional, to stretch a point.

(Phrases). To have no business there, to beggar description.

(Adjectives). Unconformable, exceptional, abnormal, abnormal, anomalous, anomalous, of order, out of place, misplaced, irregular, arbitrary, informal, aberrant, stray, peculiar, exclusive, unnatural, eccentric.

Unusual, unaccustomed, un-
Sec. V.

Number

67

commonplace, trite, naturalised, orderly.

Exemplary, illustrative, in point, of daily or every-day occurrence, in the order of things.

(Phrases). Regular as clock-work; being in the order of the day.

(Adverbs). Conformably, by rule, regularly, etc., agreeably to.

Usually, generally, ordinarily, commonly, for the most part, as usual, ad instar, instar omnium, more solito, more suo, pro more.

Of course, as a matter of course, pro formae.

Always, uniformly, invariably, without exception, never otherwise.

For example, for instance, exempli gratia, inter alia, to wit, namely, videlicet, that is to say.

(Phrases). Ab uno disce omnes; cela va sans dire; birds of a feather; nescitys a sociis.

wonted, uncommon, rare, singular, unique, curious, odd, extraordinary, strange, outré, out of the way, egregious, out of the ordinary, unheard of, queer, quaint, nondescript, undescribed, none such, sui generis, unprecedented, unparalleled, unfamiliar, fantastick, new-fangled, grotesque, bizarre, outlandish, exotic, preternatural, denaturalised.

Heterogeneous, heteroclite, amorphous, out of the pale of mongrel, amphibious, epicene, half-blood, hybrid, androgynous, androgynal.

(Phrases). Unlike what the world ever saw; without a parallel; “none but himself could be his parallel;” fallen from the clouds.

(Adverbs). Except, unless, save, barring, beside, without, save and except, let alone, to say nothing of.

However, yet, but, unusually, etc.

(Phrases). Never was seen, or heard, or known the like.

Section V.—Number

10. Number in the Abstract

84. Number (Substantives), symbol, numeral, figure, cypher, digit, integer, counter, a round number, notation, a formula; function, series.

Sum, difference, complement, product, multiplicand, multiplier, multiplicator, coefficient, multiple, least common multiple, greatest common multiple, dividend, divisor, factor, highest common factor, quotient, sub-multiple, fraction, numerator, denominator, decimal, circulating decimal, recurring decimal, repetend, common measure, aliquot part, reciprocal, prime number, permutation, combination, election.

Ratio, proportion, progression (arithmetical, geometrical, harmonical), percentage, figurate, pyramidal and polygonal numbers.

Power, root, exponent, index, logarithm, antilogarithm; differential, integral, fluxion, fluent.
Unity—Accompaniment  

(Adjectives). Numeral, complementary, divisible, aliquot, reciprocal, prime, fractional, decimal, figurate, etc., fractional, mixed, incommensurable.

Proportional, exponential, logarithmic, logometric, differential, fluxional, integral.

Positive, negative, rational, irrational, surd, radical, real, imaginary, impossible.

85. Numeration (Substantives), numbering, counting, tale, telling, calling over, recension, enumeration, summation, reckoning, computation, supputation, cyphering, calculation, calculus, algorithm, rhabdology, daecylonomy.

Arithmetic, analysis, algebra, fluxions, differential and integral calculus.

Statistics: dead reckoning, muster, poll, census, capitation, roll call, muster-roll, account, score, recapitulation.

Operations: addition, subtraction, multiplication, division, reduction, involution, evolution, practice, approximation, interpolation, differentiation, integration.

Instruments: abacus, abaculus, swan-pan, logometer, ready-reckoner, sliding-rule, tallies, Napier's bones, tabulator, tot, cash-register, etc.

(Verbs). To number, count, tell, call over, take an account of, enumerate, muster, poll, run over, recite, recapitulate; sum, sum up, tell off, score, cypher, compute, calculate, suppate; add, subtract, etc., to amount to.

Check, prove, demonstrate, balance, audit, overhaul, take stock.

(Adjectives). Numerical, arithmetical, numeral, analytic, algebraic, statistical, computable, calculable, commensurable, incommensurate.

(Phrase). According to Cocker.


Registration, etc. (551).

2°. Determinate Number

87. Unity (Substantives), unification, oneness, individuality, singleness, solitariness, solitude, isolation, abstraction.

One, unit, ace.

Some one, somebody, no other, none else, an individual.

88. Accompaniment (Substantives), coexistence, concomitance, company, association, companionship, partnership, copartnership, coefficient.

Concomitant, accessory, coefficient (39), companion, atten-


dant, fellow, associate, consort, spouse, colleague, partner, co-partner, satellite, escort, hanger on, parasite, vampire, blood-sucker, shadow, travelling tutor, chaperone, duenna.

(Verbs). To accompany, chaperone, coexist, attend. Be associated with, hang on, shadow, wait on, to join, tie together.

(Phrase). To go hand in hand with.

(Adjectives). Accompanying, coexisting, attending, etc., concomitant, fellow, twin, joint, associated with, accessory.

(Adverbs). With, withal, together with, along with, in company with, collectively, hand in hand, together, in a body, check by jowl, etc.: therewith, herewith, moreover, besides, also.

91. Division into two parts.

Bisection (Substantives), bipartition, dichotomy, halving, demidiation, bifurcation, forking, branching, ramification, divarication, splitting, cleaving, subdividens.

Fork, prong, fold.

Half, moiety, semi-, demi-, hemi-.

(Verbs). To biseet, halve, divide, split, cut in two, cleave, demidate, dichotomise.

(Phrases). To go halves; split the difference.
Multiplication - Division

92. Triality (Substantives), trinity.¹
Three, triad, triplet, they, trio, ternion, trinomial, leash.
Third power, cube.
(Adjectives). Three, triform, trinal, trinomial, tertiary, triformis.

93. Tripllication (Substantives), triplicity, trebleness, trine.
(Verbs). To treble, triple, triplicate, cube.
(Adjectives). Treble, triple, tern, ternary, triplicate, threefold, trilogistic, third.
(Adverbs). Three times, thrice, threefold, in the third place, thirdly.

94. Division into three parts.
Trisection (Substantives), tripartition, trichotomy; third part, third.
(Verbs). To trisect, divide into three parts, take the cube root.
(Adjectives). Trifid, trisected, tripartite, trichotomous, trisulcate, triform.

95. Quaternity (Substantives), four, tetrad, quartet, quaternion, square, quadrature, quarter.
(Verbs). To reduce to a square, to square.
(Adjectives). Four, quaternary, quaternal, quadratic, quartile, tetractic, tetra.

96. Quadruplication.
(Verbs). To multiply by four, quadruplicate, biquadrate.
(Adjectives). Fourfold, quadruple, quadruplicate, quadrible, fourth.
(Adverbs). Four times, in the fourth place, fourthly, to the fourth degree.

97. Division into four parts.
Quadrisection (Substantives), quadripartition, quartering, a fourth, a quarter.
(Verbs). To quarter, to divide into four parts, etc.
(Adjectives). Quartered, etc., quadrifid, quadruplicate.

98. Fives (Substantives), cinque, quint, quincaux.
(Adjectives). Five, quinary, quintuple, fifth.
Six, half-a-dozen.
(Adjectives). Senary, sextuple, sixth.

8, octuple.
Ten, a decade.
(Adjectives). Decimal, denary, decuple, tenth.

99. Quinquesection, etc.
(Adjectives). Quinquenid, quinqueparticular, quinqupartite.

¹ Trinity is hardly ever used except in a theological sense (976).
Multitude—Fewness

Twelve, a dozen.
(Adjectives). Duodenary, twelfth, duodenal, duodecimo.
Thirteen, a long dozen, a baker’s dozen.
Twenty, a score.
Forty, two score.
Fifty, two score and ten.
Sixty, three score.
Seventy, three score and ten.
Eighth, fourscore.
Ninety, fourscore and ten.
Hundred, centenary, hecatomb, century. One hundred and forty-four, a gross.
(Verb). To centuriate.
(Adjectives). Centuple, centuplicate, centennial, centenary, centurial.
Thousand, chiliad.
Myriad, lac.
Million, billion, trillion, etc.
(Adjectives). Thirteenth, twentieth, vigesimal, thirtieth, etc.

Duodecimal, twelfth.

Sexagesimal, sexagenary.

Hundredth, centesimal.

Millesimal, etc.

3°. Indeterminate Number

100. More than one.

Plurality (Substantives), a number, a certain number, a round number.
(Adjectives). Plural, more than one, upwards of, some, a few, one or two, two or three, certain, some one, somebody.
(Adverb). Et cetera.

102. Multitude (Substantives), numeroseness, numerosity, numerality, multiplicity, profusion, legion, host, a great or large number, numbers, array, sight, army, sea, galaxy, populousness (72), a hundred, thousand, myriad, myriad, million, etc.
A shoal, swarm, draught, bevy, flock, herd, drove, flight, covey, hive, brood, litter, teem, fry, nest, crowd, etc. (72).

101. Zero (Substantives), nothing (4), nought, cypher, a solitude, a desert.
(Adjectives) None, not one, not any, nemo, nobody, not a soul, tunc qui vive, nempe scil.

103. Fewness (Substantives), paucity, a small number, scantiness, rareness, rarity, thinness.
Diminution of number, reduction, weeding, elimination, thinning.
(Verbs). To be few, etc.
To render few, reduce, diminish the number, weed, eliminate, thin, decimate.
(Adjectives). Few, scanty, rare, thinly scattered, raritas nonnulla,
Infinity

Increase of number, multiplication.

(Verbs). To be numerous, etc., to swarm, teem, crowd, come thick upon, outnumber, multiply, to people.

(Phrase). To swarm like locusts or bees.

(Adjectives). Many, several, sundry, divers, various, a great many, very many, full many, ever so many, numerous, numerous, profuse, manifold, multiplied, multitudinous, multiple, multinomial, endless (105), teeming, populous, peopled.

Frequent, repeated, reiterated, outnumbering, thick, crowding, crowded, thick coming, many more.

(Phrases). Thick as hops; thick as hail; plenty as blackberries; commutis altis; in profusion and what not? and Heaven knows what? Numerous as the stars in the firmament; as the sands on the seashore; as the hairs on the head; their name is “Legion.”

104. Repetition (Substantives), iteration, reiteration, harping, recurrence (138), battology, tautology, monotony, cuckoo-note, chimes, repetend, echo, burden of a song, refrain, renewal, rehearsal, rechauffé. See 19.

Cuckoo, mocking-bird, mimic, imitator, parrot.

Periodicity (138). frequency (136).

(Verbs). To repeat, iterate, reiterate, renew, reproduce, echo, re-echo, drum, rehearse, redouble, battologise, reappear, hammer.

(Phrases). Do or say over again; ring the changes on; to harp on the same string; to din or drum in the ear; to conjugate in all its moods, tenses, and inflexions; to begin again.

(Adjectives). Repeated (136), repetitional, repetitionary, recurrent, recurring, reiterated, renewed, ever recurring, thick coming, monotonous, harping, mocking, chiming, aforesaid.

(Phrases). Regular as clockwork; “Ecce iterum Crispinus.”

(Adverbs). Repeatedly, often (136), again, anew, over again, afresh, ding-dong, ditto, encore, de novo, da capo. See Twice (90).

(Phrases). Toties quoties; again and again; in quick succession; over and over again; ever and anon; time after time; year after year; times out of number.

105. Infinity (Substantives), infinitude.

(Adjectives). Infinite, numberless, innumerable, countless, sumless, untold, unnumbered, incalculable, unlimited, limitless, illimitable, illimitable, immeasurable, unmeasured, measureless, unbounded, boundless, endless, interminable, unfathomable, exhaustless, termless, indefinite, without number, without limit.

(Phrases). Numerous as the stars in the firmament; as the sands on the seashore; as the hairs on the head; their name is “Legion.”

(Adverbs). Infinitely, etc., without measure, limit, etc., ad infinitum, world without end.
SECTION VI.—TIME

1°. Absolute Time

106. Duration (Substantives). period, term, space, span, spell, season, era, decade, century.

Intermediate time, while, interval, interim, pendency, intervention, intermission, interregnum, interlude, intermittence, respite.

Long duration (110).

(Verbs). To continue, last, endure, remain, to take, take up, fill or occupy time, to persist, to intervene.

To pass, pass away, spend, employ, while away or consume time, waste time.

(Adjectives). Continuing, lasting, enduring, remaining, persistent, permanent (150).

(Adverbs). While, whilst, during, or pending, till, until, up to, during the time or interval, the whole time, or period, all the time, in the long run, all along, throughout, from beginning to end, from alpha to omega.

(Phrases). Ab ovo usque ad mala; from first to last.

Pending, meantime, meanwhile, in the meantime in the interim, ad interim, pendente lite, from day to day, de die in diem, for a time, for a season, for good, yet, up to this time.

108. Definite duration, or portion of time.

Period (Substantives), second, minute, hour, day, week, month, quarter, year, leap year, lustrum, quinquennium, lifetime, generation.

Decade, century, age, millennium, annus magnus, annus mirabilis.

(Adjectives). Hourly, horary; diurnal, quotidian; weekly, hebdomadal, menstrual, monthly, annual, secular, centennial, quincentennial, bicentennial, etc., bisextile.


(Adverbs). Never, ne’er, at no time, on no occasion, at no period, nevermore, sine die, dies non.

(Phrases). On Tib’s eve; on the Greek Kalends; “jam every other day.”

109. Indefinite duration.

Course (Substantives), progress, process, succession, lapse, flow, flux, stream, tract, current, tide, march, step, flight, etc., of time.

(Phrases). The scythe of time; the glass of time.

Indefinite time, aorist.

(Verbs). To elapse, lapse, flow, run, proceed, roll on, advance, pass, slide, press on, flit, fly, slip, glide.

(Adjectives). Elapsing, passing, etc., aoristic.

(Adverbs). In course of time;

1 A term introduced by Bishop Wilkins.
Diuturnity—Transientness

(Adverbs). From day to day, de die in diem, from hour to hour, etc., then, till, until, up to.

Once upon a time, Anno Domini, Before Christ, B.C.

108A. Contingent Duration.
During pleasure, during good behaviour, quam diu se bene gesserit.

110. Long duration.
Diuturnity (Substantives). A long time, an age, a century, an eternity.

(Phrase). Temporis longinquitas.

Durableness, durability, persistence, lastingness, continuance, permanence (150), longevity, survival, survivance.

Distance of time, protraction, extension or prolongation of time (133).

(Verbs). To last, endure, stand, etc.; abide, tarry, protract, prolong, outlast, outlive, survive; spin out; draw out, eke out, linger, loiter, lounge, wait.

(Adjectives). Durable, of long duration, permanent, enduring, chronic, intransient, insubstantial, lasting, abiding, persistent; livelong, longeval, long-lived, diurnal, evergreen, perennial, unintermitting, unremitting.

Protracted, prolonged, spun out, long-winded, surviving, etc.

(Adverbs). Long, a long time, permanently.

(Phrases). As the day is long; all the day long; all the year round; the livelong day; sine die; for good; for many a long day.

in due time or season; in process of time; in the fulness of time.

(Phrases). Truditur dies die; "fugaces labuntur anni."

111. Short duration.

Transientness (Substantives), transitoriness, evanescence, transitoriness, fugitiveness, fugacity, fugaciousness, caducity, mortality, span, shortness, brevity.

(Phrases). A nine days’ wonder; one’s days being numbered.

Quickness, promptness (132), suddenness, abruptness.

Interregnum.
A coup de main, bubble, May-fly.

(Verbs). To be transient, etc., to fit, pass away, fly, gallop, vanish, intromit.

(Adjectives). Transitory, transient, transitive, passing, evanescent, fleeting, fugacious, fugitive, fleeting; vanishing, shifting, flying, temporary, provisional, provisory, temporal, cursorial, galloping, short-lived, ephemeral, deciduous.

Brief, sudden, quick, prompt, brisk, abrupt, extemporaneous, summary, hasty, precipitate.

(Adverbs). Temporarily, etc., pro tempore, in transitu, extempore.

In a short time, soon, at once, awhile, anon, by and by, briefly, apace, eft, eftsoons, straight, straightway, quickly, speedily, promptly, presto, slap-dash, directly, immediately, incontinently, presently, straightforth, forthwith, à vue d’œil.

Suddenly, per saltum, at one jump.

(Phrases). At short notice; the time being up; before the
ink is dry; here to-day and gone to-morrow: (149): non semper erit aestas; “cave fugaces labuntur anni!” “As for man, his days are as grass.”

112. Perpetuity (Substantives), eternity, everness, age, sempiternity, immortality, athanasia, everlastingness, perpetuation.

(Verbs). To last or endure for ever, to have no end, to eternize, perpetuate.

(Adjectives). Perpetual, eternal, everlasting, sempiternal, co-eternal; endless, unending, ceaseless, incessant, indesinent, unceasing, interminable, having no end, unfading, ever-green, never fading, deathless, immortal, undying, never dying, imperishable.

(Phrase). Stretching to the crack of doom.

(Adverbs). Always, ever, evermore, age, for ever, for age, for evermore, still, perpetually, eternally, etc., in all ages, from age to age, every day.

(Phrases). For ever and a day; esto perpetua; for ever and ever; world without end; time without end; in secula seculorum; to the end of time; till Doomsday: “rusticus expectat dum defunt annis.”

113. Point of time.

Instantaneity (Substantives), instantaneousness, moment, instant, second, minute, twinkling, trice, flash, breath, span, jiffy, flash of lightning, stroke of time, epoch, the twinkling of an eye, suddenness, sec 111.

(Verbs). To twinkle, flash, to be instantaneous, etc.

(Adjectives). Instantaneous, sudden, momentary, extempore.

(Phrases). Quick as thought; quick as lightning.

(Adverbs). Instantly, momentarily, subito, presto, instanter, suddenly, slap-dash, in a moment, in an instant, in a second, in no time, in a trice, in a twinkling, at one jump, in a breath, extempore, per saltum, in a crack.

(Phrases). Before one can say “Jack Robinson;” between the cup and the lip; on the spur of the moment; on the spot; on the instant; in less than no time. no sooner said than done.

114. Estimation, measurement, and record of time.

Chronometry (Substantives), chronology, horology, horometry, registry, date, epoch, style.

Almanac, calendar, ephemerae, chronicle, annals, register, journal, diary, chronogram, time book.

Instruments for the measurement of time: clock, watch, chronometer, sextant, time-piece, dial, sun-dial, horologe, pendulum, hour-glass, clepsydra.

115. False estimate of time.

Anachronism (Substantives), prolepsis, metachronism, prochronism, parachronism, misdate, anticipation, antichronism.

(Verbs). To misdate, antedate, postdate, overdate, anticipate.

(Adjectives). Misdated, etc., undated, overdue, postdated, antedated.

Disregard, neglect, or oblivion of time.

(Phrases). “To take no note of

1 Bishop Wilkins.
(Phrases). Lie in wait for; bide one's time; to wait impatiently; kick one's heels; dance attendance; eat one's heels.

To impend, hang over, lie over, approach, await, threaten, draw near, prepare.

(Phrases). To be in the wind; to loom in the future.

(Adjectives). Future, to come, coming, going to happen, approaching, impending, instant, at hand, about to be or happen, next, hanging, awaiting, forthcoming, near, near at hand, imminent, threatening, brewing, preparing, in store, eventual, ulterior, in view, in prospect, prospective, in perspective, in the horizon, in the wind, on the cards, that will be.

Unborn, in embryo, in the womb of time.

(Phrase). All in good time.

(Adverbs). Prospectively, hereafter, by and by, some fine day, one of these days, anon, in future, to-morrow, in course of time, in process of time, sooner or later, proximo, paulo post futurum, in after time.

(Phrase). In the dim vista of the future.

On the eve of, soon, ere long, at hand, near at hand, on the point of, in articulo, beforehand, against the time.

After a time, from this time, henceforth, hence forwards, thence, thence forth, thenceforward, wherupon, upon which.

2. Time with reference to a particular Period

123. NEWNESS (Substantives), novelty, recentness, recency, freshness, greenness, immaturity, rawness.

Innovation, renovation, renewal.

Nouveau riche, parvenu, upstart, mushroom.

by, over, bygone, foregone, past, antique, quondam, lapsed, preter-lapsed, expired, late, ci-devant, run out, blown over, that has been.

Former, foregoing, late, last, latter, recent, overnight, preterperfect, preterpluperfect, forgotten, irrecoverable, out of date.

Looking back, retrospective, retroactive, ex post facto.

Pre-existing, pre-existent.

(Adverbs). Formerly, of old, erst, whilom, erewhile, before now, time was, ago, over, in the olden time. anciently, in days of yore. long since, retrospectively, ere now, before now, till now. once, once upon a time, hitherto. heretofore, ultimo.

The other day, yesterday, just now, recently, lately, of late latterly.

Long ago, a long while or time ago, some time ago.

(Phrases). Once upon a time; from time immemorial; in the memory of man: time out of mind.

Already, yest, at length, at last.

124. OLDDNESS (Substantives), age, antiquity, primitiveness, maturity, decline, decay, seniority, first-born, eldest, eldership, primogeniture.

(Adjectives). Old, ancient, antique, after-age, antiquated, out of date, of long standing, time-
Youth—Age

(Adjectives). New, novel, recent, fresh, green; evergreen, raw, immature, untrodden, late, modern, neoteric, newborn, new-fashioned, new-fangled, vernal, renovated, virgin.

(Phrases). Fresh as a rose; fresh as a daisy; fresh as paint; bran new; spick and span.

(Adverbs). Newly, recently, etc., afresh, anew.

(Phrases). Nothing new under the sun; old as the hills; old as Methuselah; old as Adam; nihil sub soli nvo; having had its day; before the Flood.

125. MORNING (Substantives), morn, forenoon, prime, dawn, daybreak, peep of day, break of day, aurora, first blush of the morning, prime of the morning, twilight, crepuscule, sunrise, cockcrow.

Noon, midday, noontide, meridian, noonday, prime, spring, summer.

(Adjectives). Matutinal, vernal.

126. EVENING (Substantives), eve, c'en, decline of day, fall of day, eventide, nightfall, curfew, dusk, twilight, eleventh hour, sunset, afternoon, going down of the sun, midnight, autumn, winter, the fall.

(Phrases). The witching time of night; the dead of night.

(Adjectives). Nocturnal, autumnal.

127. YOUTH (Substantives), infancy, babyhood, boyhood, juvenility, childhood, boyism, youth-hood, juniority, juvenescence, minority, nonage, teens, tender age, bloom.

Cradle, nursery, leading strings, pupillage, puberty.

(Phrases). Prime or flower of life; the rising generation.

(Adjectives). Young, youthful, juvenile, sappy, puisné, beardless, under age, in one's teens, girlish, junior, younger.

(Phrase). In statu pupillari.

128. AGE (Substantives), old age, senility, senescence, oldness, years, annity, grey hairs, cli- nacteric, decrepitude, hoary age, caducity, crow's feet, superannuation, dotage, vale of years, seniority, green old age, eldership, elders.

(Phrases). The vale of years; decline of life; the sere and yellow leaf; wane of life.

(Adjectives). Aged, old, elderly, senile, matronly, anile, in years, ripe, mellow, grey, grey-headed, hoary, hoar, venerable, time-worn, declining, antiquated, passé, rusty, effete, decrepit, superannuated.
Earliness—Lateness

(Phrases). With one foot in the grave; marked with crow's feet; advanced in life, or in years; stricken in years.
- Patriarchal, ancestral, primitive, preadamite, preraphaeelite, antediluvian, diffuvious.
- Older, elder, senior, turned of, worn out, used up.
- Eldest, oldest, first-born, bantling, firstling.

120. INFANT (Substantives),
- babe, baby, nurseling, suckling.
- Child, bairn, little one, brat, chit, urchin, bantling, bratling, papoose, elf.
- Youth, boy, lad, stripling, younger, youner, whipster, whippersnapper, school-boy, hobbardy-hoy, hobbledy-hoy, cadet, minor.
- Scion, sapling, seedling, tendril, mushroom, nestling, chicken, larva, chrysalis, tadpole, whelp, cub, pullet, fry, callow, codling, fetus, calf, colt, filly, pup, foal, kitten.
- Girl, lass, lassie, wench, miss, damsel, maid, maiden, virgin.

(Adjectives). Infantine, infantile, puerile, boyish, girlish, childish, baby, babyish, unfledged, new fledged, kittenish, callow.

(Phrases). In leading-strings; at the breast; in arms; in one's teens; tied to mother's apron strings.

130. VETERAN (Substantives),
- old man, scer, patriarch, greybeard, grandsire, grandam, matron, crone, sexagenarian, octogenarian, centenarian.
- Preadamite, Methuselah.
- Elders, forefathers, fathers, ancestors, ancestry.

131. ADOLESCENCE (Substantives), puberty, majority, adulthood, maturity, ripeness, manhood, virility.

(Phrases). Prime of life; man's estate; flower of age; meridian of life; years of discretion; toga virilis.
- A man, adult (373), a woman, matron (374), parti.

(Adjectives). Adolescent, of age, out of one's teens, grown up, mature, middle-aged, manly, virile, adult.
- Womanly, matronly, nubile.

3. Time with reference to an Effect or Purpose

132. EARLINESS (Substantives), timeliness, punctuality, readiness, promptness, promptitude, expedition, quickness, haste, acceleration, hastening, hurry, bustle, precipitation, anticipation.

(Phrase). A stitch in time saves nine.
- Suddeness, abruptness (111).

(Verbs). To be early, to be in time, etc., to keep time.

133. LATERNESS (Substantives), tardiness, slowness, delay, cunctation, procrastination, deferring, postponement, dilation, adjournment, shelving, prorogation.

(Phrases). The Fabian tactics; La Médecine expectant.
- Protraction, prolongation, leeway.

(Phrase). An afternoon man.

(Verbs). To be late, etc., tarry,
To anticipate, forestall, Book, bespeak.

To expedite, hasten, haste, quicken, press, dispatch, accelerate, precipitate, hurry, bustle.

*Phrases.* To take time by the forelock; to steal a march upon; to be beforehand with; to be pressed for time.

*Adjectives.* Early, prime, timely, punctual, matutinal, forward, ready, quick, expeditious, precipitate, summary, prompt, premature, precocious, prevenient, anticipatory.

Sudden, abrupt, unexpected (508), subitaneous, extempore.

*Adverbs.* Early, soon, anon, betimes, rash, apace, eft, eftsoons, in time, ere long, punctually.

*Phrases.* In good time; in puddling time; at sunrise; with the lark; extempore.

Beforehand, prematurely, before one's time, in anticipation.

Suddenly, abruptly.

*Phrases.* On the point of; at short notice; on the spur of the moment; instanter; all at once.

134. Occasion (*Substantives*), opportunity, opening, room, suitable or proper time or season, high time, opportuneness, tempestivity, seasonableness, crisis, turn, juncture, conjuncture.

*Phrases.* Golden opportunity; the nick of time; mollia tempora; well-timed opportunity; a stitch in time.

Spare time, leisure, holiday (885), spare moments, hours, etc., time on one's hands, the enemy.

*Verbs.* To lose, omit, let slip, let go, neglect, pretermit, allow, or suffer the opportunity or occasion to pass, slip, go by, escape, lapse, lose time (683), to fritter away time.

*Phrase.* To let slip through the fingers.

*Adjectives.* Ill-timed, untimely, intrusive, mistimed, unseasonable, out of season, unpunctual, inopportune, timeless, intrusive, too late (133), mal u
snatch, 'clutch, pounce upon, grasp, etc., the opportunity.
To give, offer, present, afford, etc., the opportunity.
To spend or consume time.
(Phrases). To turn the occasion to account; to strike the iron while it is hot; to make hay while the sun shines; carpe diem; fugit hora; occasionem cognosce; to take the tide at the flood.
(Adjectives). Opportune, timely, well-timed, timeful, seasonable, happy, lucky, fortunate, favourable, propitious, auspicious, critical.
(Adverbs). Opportune, etc., on the spot, in proper or due time or season, high time, for the nonce.
(Phrases). In the nick of time; in pudding time; in the fulness of time; between the cup and the lip; on the spur of the moment (612); now or never; at the eleventh hour.
By the way, by the bye, en passant, à propos, pro re natâ; pro hac vice, par parenthèse.
(Phrase). Non semper erit æstas.

3°. Recurrent time

136. Frequency (Substantives), oftness, recurrence, repetition (104), reiteration, iteration, run, reappearance, renewal, ritornerello, burden.
(Verbs). To recur, revert, return, repeat, reiterate, reappear, renew, reward.
(Adjectives). Frequent, many times, not rare, repeated, reiterated, thick-coming, recurring, recurrent, incessant, everlasting, etc.
(Adverbs). Often, oft, oft-times, not infrequently; frequently, oftentimes, many times, several times, repeatedly.
(Phrases). A number of times; many a time; full many a time; many a time and oft; times out of number.
Again, anew, afresh, de novo, ditto, over again, da capo, again and again, over and over, ever and anon, many times over, time after time, repeatedly (104).
Perpetually, continually, constantly, incessantly, everlastingly, without ceasing.

propos, unlucky; insuspicio, unpropitious, unfortunate, unfavourable, unsuited, unsuitable.
(Adverb). Inopportune, etc.
(Phrases). As ill luck would have it; in evil hour; after meat, mustard; after death, the physician; en mala hora; out of date.
Change—Permanence

Sometimes, occasionally, at times, now and then, from time to time, at intervals, there are times when, etc., tedious quies.

Most often, for the most part, generally, usually, commonly, most frequently.

138. Regularity of recurrence, punctuality.

Periodicity (Substantives), intermittence, beat, pulse, pulsation, rhythm, alternation, alternity, pulsation, alternateness, alternativeness, bout, round, revolution, rotation, turn.

Anniversary, centenary.

Regularity of return, cycle, period, stated time, routine.

(Verbs). To recur in regular order or succession, to come round, return, revolve, alternate, come in its turn, beat, pulsate, intermit.

(Adjectives). Periodic, periodical, recurrent, cyclical, revolving, intermittent, remittent, alternate, alternating, steady, punctual.

Diurnal, quotidian, annual, etc.

(Phrase). Regular as clockwork.

(Adverbs). Periodically, at regular intervals, at stated times, at fixed periods, punctually, de die in diem, from day to day.

By turns, in turn, in rotation, alternately, off and on, ride and tie.

In turns or shifts.

SECTION VII.—CHANGE

1°. Simple Change

140. Difference at different times.

Change (Substantives), alteration, mutation, permutation, variation, modification, modula-
tion, mood, qualification, innovation, metastasis, deviation, turn, inversion, reversion, reversal, eversion, subversion (162), boule-
versement, organic change, revo-
lution (146), transit, transition.

Transformation, transmuta-

142. Absence of change, see Stability (150), Quiescence (265).

Permanence (Substantives), persistence, endurance, status quo; maintenance, preservation, conservation, rest, sleep, stability, establishment, conservatism, truce, suspension, settledness (265).

(Phrases). The law of the Medes and Persians; laudator temporis acti.
Cessation—Continuance

(Verbs). To remain, stay, stop, tarry, hold, last, endure, abide, maintain, keep, hold on, stand, subsist, live, stand still, outlive, survive.

To let alone, let be.

(Phrases). To keep one's footing; to take root; to stand fast.

(Adjectives). Persisting, etc., unchanged, unmodified, unrenovated, unaltered, fixed, settled, unvaried, intact, persistent, stagnant, rooted, monotonous, unreversed, conservative, undestroyed, unrepealed, unsuppressed, unfailing, stationary, stereotyped.

(Adverbs). In statu quo, for good, finally, at a stand, at a standstill, uti possidetis.

(Phrase). Esto perpetua!

141. Change— from action to rest.

Cessation (Substantives), discontinuance, desistance, desistence, quiescence.

Intermission, remission, suspension, interruption, suspense, stop, stoppage, pause, rest, lull, respite, truce, drop, interregnum, abeyance.

Comma, colon, semicolon, period, etc.

(Verbs). To discontinue, cease, desist, break off, leave off, hold, stop, pause, rest, drop, lay aside, give up, have done with, give over, relinquish (624), surcease.

(Phrases). To shut up shop; stay one's hand.

To come to a stand, or stand—
still, suspend, cut short, cast off, stopped, unrevoked, unvaried, go out, be at an end; intromit, unshifting.
interrupt, suspend, interpel, intermit, remit; put an end or stop to.
To pass away, go off, pass off, blow over, die away, wear away, wear off.
(Phrase). Pass away like a shadow or cloud.
(Interjections). Hold! stop! enough! avast! basta! have done! a truce to!

144. Gradual change to something different.
CONVERSION (Substantives), reduction, transmutation, resolution, assimilation; chemistry, alchemy; growth, lapse, progress.
Passage, transit, transition, transmigration, flux, shifting, sliding, running into, etc.; phase, conjugations; convertibility.
Laboratory, alembic, etc. (691).
(Verbs). To be converted into; to become, to wax, come to, turn to, assume the form of, pass into, slide into, glide into, lapse, shift, run into, fall into, merge into, melt, grow, grow into, open into, resolve itself into, settle into, mature, mellow; assume the form, shape, state, nature, character, etc., of, illapse.
To convert into, make, render, form, mould, reduce, resolve into; transume (140), fashion, model, remodel, reorganise, shape, modify; assimilate to; reduce to; bring to, refund, reform.
(Adjectives). Converted into, become, etc., convertible.
(Adverbs). Gradually, gradatim, by degrees, step by step, by inches, inch by inch, by little and little, by slow degrees, consecutively, seriatiim, in transitu.

145. Reversion (Substantives), return, reconversion, relapse, reaction, recoil, rebound, ricochet, revulsion, alternation (138), inversion.
Reinstatement, re-establishment, etc. (660).
(Phrases). The turning point; the turn of the tide; status quo; ante bellum; undoing the work of Penelope.
(Verbs). To revert, return to, relapse, recoil, rebound, react; to restore, etc. (660), to undo, unmake.
(Phrase). To turn the tables (719).
(Adjectives). Reverting, etc., restored, etc., placed in statu quo, revulsive.
(Adverb). Uti possidetis.
(Interjection). As you were!

146. Sudden or violent change.
REVOLUTION (Substantives), counter-revolution, transilience, jump, leap, plunge, jerk, start, spasm, convulsion, throe, storm, earthquake, cataclysm (173).
Legerdemain, conjuration, sleight of hand, hocus-pocus, harlequinade, witchcraft, etc. (992).
(Verbs). To revolutionise, rontodel.
(Adverbs). Root and branch, before you can say “Jack Robinson.”
147. Change of one thing for another.

Substitution (Substantives), commutation, enallage, metonymy, supplanting, synecdoché.

(Phrase). Borrowing of or robbing Peter to pay Paul.

Thing substituted: Substitute (634), suceedaneum, make-shift, locum tenens, representative, proxy; deputy (759), vice, double, dummy, changeling, stop-gap, jurymast, palimpsest, metaphor (521).

(Verbs). To substitute, commute, supplant, change for, supersede.

To give place to; to replace.

(Phrases). Serve as a substitute, etc.; stand in the shoes of; take the place of; change hands.

(Adjectives). Substituted, etc., vicarious, subtititious.

(Adverbs). Instead, in place of, in lieu of, in the room of, mutato nomine; mutatis mutandis.

148. Double and mutual change.

Interchange (Substantives), exchange, commutation, reciprocation, transposition, permutation, shuffling, casting (at chess), hocus-pocus, interchangeable.

Reciprocity (12), retaliation (719), barter (794).

(Phrase). A quid pro quo.

(Verbs). To interchange, exchange, bandy, transpose, shuffle, change hands, swap, permute, reciprocate, commute, counterchange.

(Phrases). To play at puss in the corner; to give and take; you scratch my back and I'll scratch yours.

(Adjectives). Interchanged, etc., reciprocal, mutual, commutative, interchangeable, intercurrent.

(Phrases). A Roland for an Oliver; tit for tat; vice versa.

(Adverbs). In exchange.

2°. Complex Changes

149. Mutability (Substantives), changeableness, inconstancy, variableness, mobility, instability, unsteadiness, vacillation, unrest, restlessness, slipperiness, impermanence, fragility, fluctuation, vicissitude, alternation, vibration, oscillation (314), flux, ebbing and flowing, ebbs and flows, ups and downs, fidgets, fugitiveness, disquiet, disquietude.

A proteus, chameleon, quicksilver, weathercock, a harlequin.

(Phrases). April showers; the wheel of fortune; the time being

150. Immutability (Substantives), stability, unchangeableness, constancy, permanence, persistence (106), invariableness, durability, steadiness, immobility, fixedness, stableness, settledness, stabiliment, firmness, stiffness, anchylosis, solidity, plomb, incommutability, insusceptibility, irrevocableness.

(Phrases). The law of the Medes and Persians; notumus leges Angliche mutari.

* Rock, pillar, tower, foundation.

(Verbs). To be permanent, etc. (265), to stand, remain.
changed; the Cynthia of the minute.

Alternation, subalternation.

(Verbs). To fluctuate, vary, waver, flounder, vibrate, flicker, flitter, shift, shuffle, shake, totter, tremble, ebb and flow, turn and turn about, change and change about.

To fade, pass away like a cloud, shadow, or dream.

(Adjectives). Mutable, changeable, variable, everchanging, inconstant, unsteady, unstable, proteiform, unfixed, fluctuating, vacillating, shifting, versatile, restless, erratic, unsettled, mobile,ickle, wavering, flickering, fitful, fluttering, fluttering, oscillating, vibratory, vagrant, wayward, desultory, afloat, alternating, plastic, disquiet, alterable.

(Phrase). Subject to alteration.

Traill, tottering, shaking, trembling, fugitive, ephemeral, transient (111), fading, fragile, deci- decidious, slippery, unsettled, irresolute (605). •

(Phrases). Tempora mutantur, et nos mutamur in illis; changeable as the moon, as a weathercock; sic transit gloria mundi; here to-day and gone to-morrow.

Present events

151. Eventuality (Substantives), event, occurrence, incident, affair, transaction, proceeding, fact, matter of fact, phenomenon, advent.

Business, concern, circumstance, particular, casualty, accident, adventure, passage, crisis, pass, emergency, contingency, consequence.

The world, life, things, doings.

To settle, establish, stablish, fix, set, stabilize, retain, keep, hold, make sure, nail, clinch, rivet, fasten (43), settle down, set on its legs.

(Adjectives). Immutable, unchangeable, unaltered, unalterable, not to be changed, constant, permanent, invariable, undeviating, stable, durable (265), perennial (110), valid.

Fixed, steadfast, firm, fast, steady, confirmed, immovable, irremovable, rooted, established, established, inconvertible, stereotyped, indeclinable, settled, etc., stationary, stagnant.

Moored, at anchor, on a rock, firmly seated, established, etc.

Indefeasible, irretrievable, intransmutable, irresoluble, irrecoverable, irreversible, inextinguishable, irreducible, indissoluble, indissolvable, indestructible, undying, imperishable, indelible, indeciduous, insusceptible of change.

(Phrases). Without a shadow of turning; quodis ab incepto; firm as a rock; when the Ethiopian changes his skin.

Future events

152. Destiny (Substantives), fatality, fate, doom, destination, lot, fortune, star, planet, preordination, predestination, fatalism, inevitableness, see Futurity (121), and Necessity (601).

(Phrases). The decrees of fate; the wheel of fortune.

(Verbs). To impend, hang over, be in store, await, come on
Cause—Effect

course of things, the course, tide, stream, current, run, etc., of events.

(Phrases). Stirring events; the ups and downs of life; the chapter of accidents; the cast of the die; the powers that be.

(Verbs). To happen, occur, take place, take effect, come, come of, become of, come about, pass, come to pass, fall, fall out, run, be on foot, fall in, befall, betide, bechance, turn out, prove, eventuate, draw on, turn up, cast up, supervene, surveñe, issue, arrive, ensue, arise, spring, start, come into existence.

Pass off, wear off, blow over, come off.

To experience, meet with, go through, endure (821), suffer, fare.

(Adjectives). Happening, occurring, etc., current, incidental, eventful, stirring, bustling.

(Phrase). The plot thickening.

(Adverbs). Eventually, in the event of, on foot, on the tape, as it may happen, happen what may, at all events, sink or swim, come what may.

(Phrases). In the course of things; as the tree falls; as the cat jumps; as the world goes.

SECTION VIII.—CAUSATION

1°. Constancy of Sequence in Events

153. Constant antecedent.

 Cause (Substantives), origin, source, principle, element, occasioner, prime mover, primum mobile, spring, main-spring, agent, seed, leaven, groundwork, fountain, well, font, fountain-head, spring-head, parent, fons et origo.

Pivot, hinge, turning-point, key, lever.

Final cause, ground, reason, the reason why, the why and the wherefore, rationale, occasion, derivation.

154. Constant sequent.

 Effect (Substantives), consequence, product, result, resultant, resaultance, upshot, issue, end, fruit, crop, harvest, development, outgrowth.

Production, produce, work, performance, creature, creation, offshoot, fabric, first fruits, firstlings, premices, dénouement, derivation.

(Verbs). To be the effect, work, fruit, result, etc., of, to be owing to, originate in or from, rise from, to take its rise from.
Rudiment, germ, embryo, mushroom, bud, root, radix, radical, etymon, nucleus, seed, stem, stock, trunk, taproot.
Nest, cradle, womb, nidus, birthplace, hot-bed.
Causality, origination, causation, production (161).
(Phrases). Behind the scenes; le dessous des cartes.
(Verbs). To be the cause of, to originate, give origin to, cause, occasion, give rise to, kindle, suscitate, bring on, bring to pass, give occasion to, produce, bring about, found, lay the foundation of, lie at the root of, procure, draw down, induce, realise, evoke, entail, develop, operate (see 161), to elicit.
To conduce, contribute, tend to (176).
(Phrases). To have a hand in; to have a finger in the pie; see Produce (161); to open the door to; to be at the bottom of; to sow the seeds of.
(Adjectives). Caused, occasioned, etc., causal, original, primary, primordial, having a common origin, connate, radical, embryonic, embryotic, in ovo, in embryo.

155. Assignment of cause.
ATRIBUTION (Substantives), theory, etiology, ascription, reference to, rationale, accounting for, paletiology,\(^1\) imputation, derivation from, filiation, genealogy, pedigree, paternity, maternity.
(Verbs). To attribute, ascribe, impute, refer to, derive from, lay to, point to, charge on, ground on, invest with, assign as cause, trace to, father upon, account for, theorise, ground, etc.
(Phrases). To put the saddle on the right horse; point out the reason of; lay to the door of; tell how it comes.
(Adjectives). Attributable, im-

156. Absence of assignable cause.
CHANCE 2 (Substantives), indetermination, accident, fortune, hazard, hap, haphazard, chance, medley, random, lot, fate (152), casualty, contingency, adventure, venture, pot-luck, hit.
A lottery, toss up, game of chance, sortes, bat, rouge et noir, heads or tails, etc.
(Phrases). The turn or hazard of the die or cards; the chapter of accidents; a cast or throw of the dice.
Possibility, contingency, odds, long odds, a near shave, close run.
(Verbs). To chance, hap, to

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1 Whewell, Indications of a Creator.
2 The word Chance has two distinct meanings; the first, the absence of assignable cause, as above; and the second, the absence of design: for the latter, see 621.
putable, ascribable, referable (or referrible), owing to, derivable from, etc., trovable.

Putative, attributed, imputed, etc.

(Adverbs). Hence, thence, therefore, because, from that cause, for that reason, on that account, owing to, thanks to, for as much as, whence, propter hoc, wherefore.


In some way, somehow, somehow or other, in some such way.

may happen, as chance, luck, fortune, etc., would have it.

(Phrases). Jacta est alea; the die is cast; the Rubicon is crossed.

2°. Connection between Cause and Effect

157. Power (Substantives), potentiality, potency, prepotence, prepollence, puissance, might, force, energy, metal, dint, right hand, ascendancy, sway, control, almightiness, ability, ableness, competency, efficiency, effectiveness, efficacy, efficaciousness, validity, cogency, enablement, agency (170), causality (153), influence (175), voluntary power (737).

Capability, capacity, faculty, quality; attribute, endowment, virtue, gift, property.

Pressure, high pressure.

(Verbs). To be powerful, etc., to exercise power, sway, etc., to constrain.

To be the property, virtue, attribute, etc., of, to belong to, pertain to, appertain to, to lie or be in one's power.

fall to one's lot, to be one's fate, etc. (152), to light up.

To game, gamble, cast lots, raffle, play for, light upon.

(Phrases). To take one's chance; toss up for; stand the hazard of the die.

(Adjectives). Casual, fortuitous, random, accidental, adventitious, causeless, incidental, contingent, uncaused, undetermined, indeterminate, possible (470).

(Adverbs). By chance, by accident, perchance, peradventure, perhaps, may be, mayhap, haply, possibly.

Casually, etc., at random, at a venture, as it may be, as it may chance, as it may turn up, as it may happen, as chance, luck, fortune, etc., would have it.

(Phrases). Jacta est alea; the die is cast; the Rubicon is crossed.

158. Impotence (Substantives), inability, disability, disablement, impuissance, imbecility, inaptitude, incapacity, incapability, invalidity, inefficacy, inefficiency, inefficaciousness, ineffectualness, disqualification, helplessness, incompetence.

Tele imbellum; sine iacto; brutum fulmen.

(Verbs). To be impotent, powerless, etc.

To render powerless, etc., to deprive of power, disable, disablement, incapacitate, disqualify, invalidate, deaden, cripple, cramp, paralyse, puzzle, hamstring.

(Phrases). Clip the wings of; put hors de combat; break the neck of; break the back; put a spoke in one's wheel; see Weaken (160).
sec. viii.  

Strength—Weakness  

To give or confer power, to empower, enable, invest, endue, arm, etc., see Strengthen (159).

To gain power, to take root.

(Adjectives). Productive, prolific, powerful, potent, puissant, potential, capable, able, cogent, valid, effective, effectual, efficient, efficacious, adequate, competent.

Forcible, energetic, vigorous, vivid, sturdy, rousing, all-powerful, resistless, irresistible, inextricable, sovereign, invincible, unconquerable, indomitable.

(Adverbs). Powerfully, etc., by virtue of, in full force.

159. Degree of power.

Strength (Substantives), energy (171), vigour, force, main force, physical force, brute force, spring, elasticity, tone, tension, tonicity.

Stoutness, sturdiness, lustiness, stamina, nerve, muscle, thaws and sinews, pith, pithiness.

Adamantine, steel, iron, oak, heart of oak.

An athlete, an Atlas, a Hercules, an Antaeus, a Sampson, Cyclops, Goliath.

A giant refreshed, a tower of strength.

Strengthening, invigoration, bracing, recruiting, refreshment, refocillation (689).

Science of forces: Dynamics, Statics.

(Verbs). To be strong, etc., to be stronger, to overmatch.

To render strong, etc., to give strength, tone, etc., to strengthen, invigorate, brace, fortify, harden, caseharden, steel, gird, screw up, wind up, set up.

(Phrase). Set on one’s legs.

To reinforce, refit, recruit.

Weakness (Substantives), feebleness, debility, atony, relaxation, helplessness, languor, slackness, enervation, nervousness, faintness, faintishness, infirmity, emasculation, effeminacy, feminality, softness, defencelessness.

Childhood, etc., orphan, chicken, greenhorn, fresher.

Declension, loss, failure, etc., of strength, invalidation, decrepitude, asthenia, palsy, paralysis, exhaustion, collapse, prostration, syncope, deliquium, apoplexy.

A reed, a thread, a rope of sand, a house of cards.

(Verbs). To be weak, etc., to droop, fade, faint, swoon, languish, decline, fail, drop, to go by the boards.

To render weak, etc., to weaken, enfeeble, debilitate, deprive of strength, relax, enervate, unbrace, unman, emasculate, castrate, geld, hamstring, disable, unhinge, cripple, cramp, paralyse, maim, sprain, exhaust, prostrate, blunt the edge of, deaden, dilute.
vivify, restore (660), refect, refocillate (689).

(Adjectives). Strong, mighty, vigorous, robust, sturdy, powerful, puissant, adamantine, invincible, able-bodied, athletic, Herculean, muscular, brawny, sinewy, made of iron, strapping, stalwart, gigantic, irresistible.

Manly, manlike, masculine, male, virile, manful.

Unweakened, unalloyed, unwithered, unshaken, unworn, unexhausted.

(Phrases). Made of iron: strong as a lion, as a horse, as brandy; sound as a roar; proof against; in fine feather.

(Adverbs). Strongly, forcibly, etc., by main force, vi et armis, by might and main, tooth and nail.

(Adjectives). Weak, feeble, debile, strengthless, nerveless, imbecile, unnerved, relaxed, unstrung, unbraced, enervated, nervous, sinewless, lustless, effeminate, feminine; womanly, unmanned, emasculated, castrated, crippled, maimed, lamed, shattered, broken, halting, shaken, crazy, shaky, paralysed, palsied, paralytic, decrepit, drooping, languid, faint, sickly, flagging, dull, slack, evanid, spent, effete, weather-beaten, worn, seedy, exhausted, languishing, wasted, wavy,vincible, untenable, laid low, asthenic.

Unstrengthened, unsustained, unsupported, unaided, unassisted defenceless, indefensible, unfortified, unfriended, fatherless, etc.

(Phrases). On one's last legs; weak as a child, as a baby, as a chicken, as a cat, as water, as water gruel, as gingerbread, as milk and water; good or fit for nothing.

3°. Power in Operation

161. Production (Substantives), creation, formation, construction, fabrication, manufacture, building, architecture, edification, coinage, organisation, putting together, establishment, setting up, performance (729), workmanship.

Development, genesis, generation, epigenesis, procreation, pro-generation, propagation, bringing forth, parturition, growth.

(Verbs). To produce, effect, perform, operate, do, make, gar, form, construct, fabricate, frame, manufacture, weave, forge, coin, carve, chisel, build, raise, edify, rear, erect, run up, establish.

162. Non-production.

Destruction (Substantives), waste, dissolution, breaking up, consumption, disorganisation, falling to pieces, crumbling, etc., erosion.

Fall, downfall, ruin, perdition, crash, smash, havoc, délabrement, desolation, bouleversement, wreck, shipwreck, cataclysm, extinction, annihilation; doom, destruction of life, see Death (360).

Demolition, demolition, overthrow, subversion, suppression, dismantling, cutting up, corrosion, erosion, crushing, upsetting, abolition, abolishment, sacrifice, immolation, holocaust,
Paternity—Posterity

To constitute, compose, organise, work out, realise, bring to bear, bring to pass, accomplish, bear fruit.

To create, generate, engender, beget, bring into being, breed, bear, procreate, give birth to, bring forth, hatch, develop, bring up, progenerate.

To induce, superinduce, suscitate, see Cause (153).

(Adjectives). Produced, etc., producing, productive of, etc., parturient.

163. Reproduction (Substantives), renovation, revival, regeneration, revivification, resuscitation, reanimation, resurrection, reappearance, phoenix.

(Verbs). To reproduce, revive, renovate, regenerate, revivify, resuscitate, quicken; come again into life, reappear.

(Phrase). Spring up like a mushroom.

(Adjectives). Reproduced, etc., renascent, reappearing.

despach, extinguish, quench, annihilate, kill (361), unroot, root out, rout out, averrucate.

(Phrases). To lay the axe to the root of; make a clean sweep of; to make mincemeat of; to scatter to the winds; cut up root and branch; knock on the head; sap the foundations of; nip in the bud; strike at the root of; pluck up by the root; ravage with fire and sword.

(Adjectives). Unproduced, unproductive, undeestroyed, etc., done for, dished, etc.

164. Producer (Substantives), originator, author, founder, workman, doer, performer, etc., forger, agent (690), builder, architect, factor.

165. Destroyer (Substantives), extinguisher, exterminator, assassin (361), executioner (975), ravager, annihilator, subverter, etc.

166. Paternity (Substantives), parentage, parent, father, sire, dad; mother, dam; procreator, progeny, breed, issue, offspring, brood, seed, spawn, scion, offset,
Energy—Inertness

progenitor, ancestor, ancestry, forefathers, grandsire; house, parent stem, trunk, stock, pedigree; motherhood, maternity, papa, mama.

168. Productiveness (Substantives), fecundity, fruitfulness, fertility, prolificness.
   Pregnancy, pullulation, fructification, multiplication, propagation, procreation.
   A milch cow, a rabbit, a warren, a hydra.
   (Verbs). To procreate, multiply, pullulate, fructify, generate.
   (Adjectives). Productive, prolific, teemful, fertile, fruitful, luxuriant, fecund, pregnant.
   Procreant, procreative, propagable, life-giving, multifarous.

170. Agency (Substantives), operation, force, working, strain, function, office, hand, intervention, exercise, work, swing, play, causation, impelling force.
   Modus operandi, quickening power, maintaining power, home stroke.
   (Verbs). To be in action, to operate, work, act, perform, play, support, sustain, strain, maintain, take effect, quicken, strike, strike hard, strike home.
   (Adjectives). Acting, operating, etc., operative, efficient, efficacious, effectual, in force.
   Acted upon, wrought upon.

171. Physical Energy (Substantives), activity, keenness, intensity, sharpness, pungency, vigour, strength, acrimony, causticity, virulence, corrosiveness, acridity, poignancy, harshness, severity, edge, point, raciness, metal.
   Seasoning, mordant, pepper, mustard, cayenne, caviare (392).
   Mental energy (see 604), mental excitation (824), voluntary energy (682).

172. Physical Inertness (Substantives), inertia, vis inertiae, passiveness, inactivity (683), torpor, latency, torpidity, duineness, deadness, heaviness, flatness, slackness, tameness, slowness, languor, lento, quiescence (265), sleep (683), intermission (141).
   (Verbs). To be inert, inactive, passive, etc.; to hang fire, to let alone, to smoulder.
   (Phrase). To sit on the fence.
   (Adjectives). Inert, inactive,
Violence—Moderation

Exertion, activity, stir, bustle, agitation, effervescence, fermentation, ferment, ebullition, splutter, perturbation, briskness, voluntary, activity (682), quicksilver.

(Adjectives). Strong, energetic, active, keen, vivid, intense, severe, sharp, acute, irritating, pungent, poignant, mordant, acrid, acrimonious, virulent, caustic, corrosive, racy, brisk, harsh, double-edged, double-barrelled, double distilled, drastic, escharotic.

(Verbs). To give energy, energise, stimulate, excite, exert (173).

(Phrases). Fortiter in re; with telling effect; with full steam.

173. VIOLENCE (Substantives), inclemency, vehemence, might, impetuosity, boisterousness, abruptness, ebullition, turbulence, bluster, uproar, riot, rum-pus, fierceness, rage, wildness, fury, heat, exacerbation, exasperation, malignity, fit, paroxysm, orgasm, force, brute force, coup de main, strain, shock, shog, spasm, convulsion, throe.

Outbreak, burst, outburst, desilence, discharge, volley, explosion, blow up, blast, detonation, eruption, displosion, torrent.

Turmoil, storm, tempest, squall, hurricane, tornado, earthquake, volcano, thunderstorm, typhoon.

A fury, dragon, demon, tiger, beldame, Tisiphone, Megara, Alecto.

(Verbs). To be violent, etc., to run high, ferment, effervesce, run wild, run riot, run amok, rush, tear, rush headlong, bluster, rage, riot, storm, boil, fume, foam, wreak, bear down.

Spread like wild-fire.

To break out, fly out, bounce, explode, displode, fly, detonate, passive, torpid, sluggish, dull, heavy, flat, slack, tame, slow, blunt, lifeless, etc.

Latent, dormant, smouldering, unexerted, unstrained, uninfluential.

(Adverbs). Inactively, suspense, in abeyance.

174. MODERATION (Substantives), gentleness, temperateness, calmness, mildness, softness, sobriety, slowness, tameness, quiet (740), reason.

Relaxation, remission, measure, mitigation, tranquillisation, assuagement, soothing, allaying, etc., contemperation, pacification (723), restraint, check (751), lullaby, sedative, lenitive, demulcent, opiate, agodyne, milk, opium.

Mental calmness, see 526.

(Verbs). To be moderate, etc., to keep within bounds or within compass, to settle down, to keep the peace, to sober down, remit, relent.

To moderate, soften, soothe, mitigate, appease, temper, accoy, attenuate, contemper, mollify, lenify, tame, dull, take off the edge, blunt, obtund. sheathe, tone down.

To tranquillise, assuage, appease, lull, smooth, compose, still, calm, quiet, hush, quell, sober, pacify, damp, lay, allay, rebate, slacken, smooth, soften, alleviate, rock to sleep, deaden,
blow up, flash, flare, burst, burst out, shock, shog, strain.
To render violent, sharpen, stir up, quicken, excite, incite, stimulate, kindle, lash, suscitate, urge, accelerate, foment, aggravate, exasperate, exacerbate, infuriate, madden, lash into fury, explode, let off, discharge.

(Phrases). To break the peace; to out-Herod Herod; add fuel to the flame.

(Adjectives). Violent, vehement, warm, acute, rough, rude, boisterous, impetuous, ungentle, abrupt, rampant, blustery, turbulent, blustering, riotous, thundering, obstreperous, uproarious, outrageous, frantic, headstrong.

Savage, fierce, ferocious, fiery, fuming, excited, unquelled, unquenched, unextinguished, unrepressed, boiling, boiling over, furious, outrageous, raging, running riot, storming, hysteric, wild, running wild, ungovernable, unappeasable, unmitigable, uncontrollable, insuppressible, irrepressible, raging, desperate, mad, infuriate, exasperated.

Tempestuous, stormy, squally, spasmodic, convulsive, bursting, explosive, detonating, etc., volcanic, meteoric.

(Phrases). Fierce as a tiger; all the fat in the fire.

(Adverbs). Violently, etc., by force, by main force, etc.

(Phrases). By might and main; tooth and nail; vi et armis; at the point of the sword; at one fell swoop.

4°. Indirect Power

175. Influence (Substantives). weight, pressure, prevalence, sway, predominance, predominancy, dominance, reign, ableness, capability, etc. (157).
Foot, hold, purchase, fulcrum, point d'appui, πόντ κατωθό, locus standi, leverage, vantage ground, ascendance.

(Phrase). A tower of strength.

175A. Absence of Influence, see 172, 158, 160.

(Verb). To have no influence.

(Adjectives). Uninfluential, unconductive, unconducive.
sec. viii. Concurrence—Counteraction | 97

Independence, voluntary, influence (737), protection, patronage, auspices.

(Verbs). To have influence, etc., to have a hold upon, etc., to gain a footing, work upon, take root, take hold, prevail, dominate, predominate, outweigh, overweigh, to bear upon.

(Phrases). To be in the ascendant; to spread like wildfire.

(Adjectives). Influential, valid, weighty, prevailing, prevalent, dominant, regnant, predominating, predominant, in the ascendant, rife.

(Adverb). With telling effect.

176. TENDENCY (Substantives), aptness, proneness, proclivity, conduciveness, bent, bias, quality, inclination, propensity, conduction, subservience (631).

(Verbs). To tend, contribute, conduct, lead, dispose, incline, verge, bend to, affect, carry, promote, rebound to, subserve to, (644), bid fair to.

(Adjectives). Tending, contributing, conducing, conducive, conducive, undetecting.

(Adjectives). Unconducing, unconducing, unconducing, working towards, calculated to, disposing, inclining, bending, leading, carrying to, subservient, subsidiary (644, 707).

(Adverbs). For, whither, in a fair way to.

177. LIABILITY (Substantives), liableness, subjection to, dependence on, exposure to, contingency, see Chance (158), susceptivity, susceptibility, obnoxiousness.

(Verbs). To be liable, etc., incur, to lay oneself open to, lie under, expose oneself, etc., stand a chance, to open a door to.

(Adjectives). Liable, subject, open to, incident to, exposed to, dependent on, obnoxious to.

Contingent, incidental, guardless (665), unexempt.

(Phrases). Within range of; at the mercy of.

59. COMBINATIONS OF CAUSES

178. CONCURRENCE (Substantives), co-operation, union, agreement, pulling together, alliance.

Voluntary concurrence (709).

(Verbs). To concur, co-operate, conspire, agree, conduct, contribute, unite, to pull together, to join forces.

(Phrases). To have a hand in; to be in the same boat; to go hand in hand (709).

(Adjectives). Concurrent, co-operating, conspiring, 1

179. COUNTERACTION (Substantives), opposition, antagonism, polarity, clashing, etc., collision, resistance, interference, friction.

Neutralisation, nullification, compensation (30).

Reaction, retroaction (277), contrecoup, repercussion, rebound, recoil, ricochet, counterblast.

Check, obstacle, hindrance (706), via inertia.
agreeing, pulling together, etc., Voluntary counteraction (708).
in alliance with, with one consent, (Verbs). To counteract, op-
with one accord.
contravene, antagonise, interfere with, clash, neutralise,
nullify; render null, withstand,
resist, hinder, etc. (706), repress,
control, curb, check, rein in.

To react (277), counteract, counterpoise, etc. (30), over-
poise.

(Adjectives). Counteracting, opposing, etc., antagonistic,
opposite, retroactive, coheditable, counter, contrary (14).

(Adverbs). Counter, notwithstanding, nevertheless, nath-
less, yet, still, although, though, albeit, howbeit, maugre,
at all events.

But, even, however, quoad minus, quand même, in spite
of, in defiance of, in the teeth of, in despite of, non obstante,
against, see 708.

(Phrases). For all that; be that as it may; even so; in
spite of one's teeth.