CLASS V

WORDS RELATING TO THE VOLUNTARY POWERS

DIVISION I.—INDIVIDUAL VOLITION

SECTION I.—Volition in General

1°. Acts of Volition

600. Will (Substantives), volition, velleity, free-will, spontaneity, spontaneousness, freedom.

Pleasure, wish, mind, animus, breast, mood, bosom, petto, heart, discretion, accord.

Determination (see 604), intention (see 620).

(Verbs). To will, list, think fit, think proper, determine, etc. (604), settle (609), to take upon oneself, to have one's will; to do as one likes, wishes, or chooses; 'to use or exercise one's own discretion, see Freedom (748), to volunteer, lend oneself to.

(Phrases). To have a will of one's own; sic volo, sic jubeo; stet pro ratione voluntas; to know one's own mind; to know what one is about; to see one's way; to have one's will; to take upon one's self.

(Adjectives). Voluntary, volitional, willing, content, minded, spontaneous, free, left to oneself, unconstrained, unfettered, unbidden, unmasked, uncompelled, of one's own accord, gratuitous,

601. Necessity (Substantives), instinct, blind impulse, necessitation, fate, destiny, doom (152), foredoom, destination, election, predestination, preordination, compulsion (744), subjection (749), stern, hard, cruel, inexorable, iron necessity.

The fates, Parcae, the stars, astral influence, spell.

(Phrases). Hobson's choice; a blind bargain; a pis aller.

(Verbs). To lie under a necessity, to be fated, doomed, destined, etc. (152), to need be, not to help, to leave to itself.

To necessitate, destine, doom, foredoom, predestine, preordain.

To compel, force, constrain, etc., cast a spell, etc. (902).

(Phrases). To make a virtue of necessity; to be pushed to the wall.

(Adjectives). Necessitated, fated, destined, doomed, elect, spell-bound.

Compelled, forced, etc., unavoidable, irresistible, irrevocable.

Compulsory, involuntary, un-
of one's own head, pre pense, advised, express, designed, int ended, calculated, premeditated, preconcerted, predetermined.

(Adverbs). At will, at pleasure, à volonté, ad libitum, ad arbitrium, spontaneously, freely, of one's own accord, voluntarily, advisedly, designedly, intentionally, expressly, knowingly, determinately, deliberately, pointedly, in earnest, in good earnest, studiously, purposely, proprio motu, suo motu, ex mero motu, quo animo.

(Phrases). With one's eyes open; in cool blood.

602. WILLINGNESS (Substantives), voluntariness, disposition, inclination, leaning, penchant, humour, mood, vein, bent, bias, propensity, proclivity, aptitude, predisposition, predilection, proneness, propenseness, docility, assent (448).

(Phrases). A labour of love; labor ipse voluptas.

(Verbs). To be willing, etc., to incline to, lean to, mind, see Desire (865), to have lief, to propend.

(Phrases). To find in one's heart; to set one's heart upon; to make no bones of; have a mind to; have a great mind to.

(Adjectives). Willing, fain, disposed, inclined, minded, bent upon, set upon, forward, predisposed, hearty, cordial, preparè, docile.

Free, spontaneous, unforced, unmasked, unbiassed, unsolicited, undriven.

(Adverbs). Willingly, freely, lief, heartily, with a good grace, without reluctance, etc., of one's own accord. (600), certainly, be it so (488).

(Phrases). With all one's heart, intentional, undesigned, unintended, instinctive, automatic, blind, mechanical, impulsive, unwitting, unaware.

(Phrases). Unable to help it; having no alternative.

(Adverbs). Necessarily, needs, of necessity, perforce, forcibly, compulsorily; on or by compulsion or force, involuntarily, etc., impulsively (612), unwittingly (491).

(Phrases). It must be; it needs must be; it cannot be helped; che sarà sarà, there is no help for it; there is no helping it; necessity has no law; diis aliter visum.

603. UNWILLINGNESS (Substantives), nolitey, nolition, involuntariness, indisposition, indisposedness, backwardness, disinclination, averseness, aversion, reluctance, repugnance, demur, remitence, remissness, slackness, indifference, nonchalunce.

Hesitation, shrinking, recoil, suspense, dislike (867), scrupulousness, scrupulousity, delicacy, demur, scruple, qualm.

A recusant, pococurante.

(Phrase). Le médecin malgré lui.

(Verbs). To be unwilling, etc., to nil.

To demur, stick at, hesitate (605), waver, hang in suspense, scruple, stickle, boggle, falter, to hang back, hang fire.

(Phrase). To stick in the throat.

Decline, reject, refuse (764), refrain, keep from, abstain, recoil, shrink.

(Phrase). To set one's face against.

(Adjectives). Unwilling, unconsenting, disinclined, indisposed, averse, reluctant, not
Resolution—Irresolution

con amore; with heart and soul; heart in hand; with a good grace; à la bonne heure; by all means; by all manner of means; nothing lost; ex animo; to one’s heart’s content.

invitæ Minervæ; à contre cœur; malgré soi; bon gré, mal gré; volens volens; with a bad grace; not for the world; willy-nilly.

604. Resolution (Substantives), determination, decision, resolvedness, fixedness, steadiness, constancy, unchangeableness, inflexibility, firmness, doggedness, tenacity of purpose, perseverance, constancy, solidity.

Energy, manliness, vigour, spirit, spiritedness, pluck, bottom, game; self-reliance; mastery over one’s self; self-control.

A devotee, zealot, enthusiast.

(Verbs). To be resolved, etc., to have resolution, etc., to resolve, determine, conclude, make up one’s mind, to stand, keep, or remain firm, etc., to come to a determination, to form a resolution, to take one’s stand, to stand by, hold by, hold fast, stick to, abide by, adhere to, keep one’s ground, persevere, keep one’s course, hold on, not to fail.

To insist upon, to make a point of.

(Phrases). To determine once for all; form a resolution; stand firm; remain firm; to pass the Rubicon; take a decisive step; to nail one’s colours to the mast; to screw one’s courage, to the sticking place; to take the bull by the horns.

(Adjectives). Resolved, resolute, firm, steady, steadfast, stanch, constant.

Decided, determinate, defini-

cent, laggard, backward, remiss, slack, indifferent, frigid, scrupulous, repugnant, disliking (807).

Demurring, wavering, etc., refusing (764), grudging.

(Adverbs). Unwillingly, etc., perforce.

(Phrases). Against the grain;

605. Irresolution (Substantives), indecision, indetermination, undetermination, demur, hesitation, suspense, hesitancy, vacillation, unsteadiness, inconstancy, wavering, fluctuation, flickering, changeableness, mutability, fickleness, levity, légèreté, trimming, softness, weakness.

A weathercock, a shuttlecock, a butterfly, a harlequin.

(Verbs). To be irresolute, etc., to hesitate, hang in suspense, demur, waver, vacillate, quaver, fluctuate, shuffle, hobble, flicker, falter, palter, debate, hang fire, dally with, swerve, etc.

(Phrases). To hang fire; to hum and hew; not to know one’s own mind; to leave “ad referendum”; letting “I dare not” wait upon “I would.”

(Adjectives). Irrsolute, undecided, unresolved, undetermined, vacillating, wavering, hesitating, faltering, shuffling, etc., double-minded.

Unsteady, unsteadfast, fickle, changing, changeable, versatile, variable, inconstant, mutable, fluctuating, unsettled, unfixed, shilly-shally.

(Phrases). Infirm of purpose; without ballast.

Weak, feeble-minded, frail, soft, pliant, giddy, volatile, fitful, frothy, freakish, lightsome, light-minded.
Obstination—Tergiversation

In suspense, in doubt, see 485. Revocable, reversible. (Adverb). Off and on.

Peremptory, trenchant, inexorable, indomitable, strenuous, persevering, irrevocable, irreversible, reverseless.

Strenuous, bent upon, set upon, intent upon, proof against, master of oneself, steered, staid, serious, stiff, stiff-necked; see Obstinate (606).

(Phrases). Firm as a rock; steady as time; true to oneself; master of oneself; in utrumque paratus.

(Adverbs). Resolutely, etc., without fail.

(Phrases). Through thick and thin; through fire and water; per fas aut nefas; coute qu'il coute; fortior in re.

606. OBSTINACY (Substantives), obstinateness, willfulness, self-will, pertinacity, pertinacitatis, pertinaciousness, pervicacity, pervicaciously, tenacity, tenaciousness, inflexibility, doggedness, stubbornness, headiness, see Resolution (604), restiveness, contumacy, obdurancy, obduracy, obduracy, obdurate-ness, unruliness.

Intolerance, dogmatism, bigotry, opiniativeness, opinionary, zealous, inflatation, monomania, indolency, intractableness.

An opinionist, opinionatist, opiniadre, opinator, opinator, stickler, zealot, dogmatist, fanatic, mule.

A fixed idea, rooted prejudice, blind side, etc. (481).

(Verbs). To be obstinate, etc., to persist, stickle, opinate.

(Phrase). To stick at nothing.

(Adjectives). Obstinate, opinionative, opinionary, opinative, opinonate, opinionated, opinioned, wedded to an opinion, self-opinioned, prejudiced (481), wilful, self-willed, positive, tenacious.

Stiff, stubborn, starch, rigid, stiff-necked, dogged, pertinacious,
restive (or restiff), pervicacious, dogmatic, unpersuadable, mulish, unmoved, uninfluenced, hard-mouthed, unyielding, pig-headed, wayward, intractable, haggard, headstrong, refractory, unruly, infatuated, heady, en-tell, stiff-hearted, cross-grained, obdurate, contumacious, fanatical, inexorable.

(Phrase). Obstinate as a mule.

(Adverbs). Obstinately, etc., headlong, head foremost, heels over head; at any rate, risk, price, cost, or sacrifice.

(Phrases). Coûte qu’il coûte; quand même; through thick and thin; per fas et nefas; à tort et à travers; vestigia nulla retrosum; at all risks or hazards.

(Phrases). The head being turned; the deuce being in him; nil sibi unquam sic impar sit.

609. Choice (Substantives), option, election, arbitrament, adoption, selection, exception, co-optation, gleaning, eclecticism, lief, preference, predilection, pre-option.

Decision, determination, award, adjudication, vote, suffrage, verdict, voice, plumper.

Alternative, dilemma, ballot.

Persuasion, seduction, bringing over, see 615.

Thing chosen, ülœ (650).

(Verbs). To choose, decide, determine, elect, list, think fit, use one’s discretion, fancy, shape one’s course, prefer, have rather, have as lief, take one’s choice, adopt, select, fix upon, pitch upon, pick out, single out, pick out, single out, pick up, take up, catch at, jump at, cull, glean, pick, winnow.

Fugacious, fugitive, revocatory.

(Phrase). A change coming over the spirit of one’s dream.

608. Caprice (Substantives), fancy, humour, whim, crotchet, capriccio, quirk, freak, maggot, vagary, whimsy, whim-wham, prank, fit, flim-flam, escapade, bountad. wild goose chase, freakishness, skittishness, volatility, fancifulness, whimsicality, giddiness, inconsistency; a madcap.

(Verb). To be capricious, etc.

(Phrases). To strain at a gnat and swallow a camel; to take it into one’s head.

(Adjectives). Capricious, inconsistent, fanciful, fantastic, whimsical, full of whims, etc., erratic, crotchety, perverse, humoursome, wayward, captious, contrary, contrarious, skittish, fitful, sleeveless.

610. Absence of Choice, see Necessity (601).

Rejection (Substantives), refusal, see 764: declining, repudiation, exclusion.

Indifference, indecision (605).

(Verbs). To reject, refuse, etc., decline, give up, repudiate, exclude, lay aside, to refrain, spare, abandon.

(Phrases). To lay on the shelf; to throw overboard.

(Adjectives). Rejecting, etc., rejected, etc., rejectaneous, rejectitious, not chosen, etc.

Having no choice, indifferent, undecided (605).

(Adverbs). Neither; neither the one nor the other, nothing to choose between them.
Habit—Desuetude

(Phrases). To winnow the chaff from the wheat; to pick one's way; to indulge one's fancy; to make no bones; to make or have no scruple; to take a decided step; to pass the Rubicon; to hold out; offer for choice.

To be persuaded, etc.

(Phrases). To swallow the bait; to gorge the hook; to yield to temptation.

To persuade, overcome, seduce, entice, see 615.

(Adjectives). Optional, discretion, eclectic, chasing, etc., chosen, etc., decided, etc., left to oneself.

(Adverbs). Discretionally, at pleasure, à discretion, will, ad libitum.

Decidedly, etc., rather, once for all, either the one or the other, for one's money.

611. Predetermination (Substantives), predetermination, predeliberation, having no alternative, compulsory choice; Holbourn's choice.

(Verbs). To predetermine, premeditate, presolve, resolve beforehand.

(Adjectives). Presense, premeditated, predetermined, advised, predefined, studied, designed.

(Adverbs). Advisedly, with the eyes open.

612. Impulse (Substantives), sudden thought, inspiration, flash, spurt.

(Verb). To flash on the mind.

(Adjectives). Extemporaneous, impulsive, unmeditated, unprompted, spontaneous, natural, unguarded.

(Adverbs). Extempore, off-hand, impromptu, à l'improviste, improviso.

(Phrases). On the spur of the moment, or of the occasion.

613. Habit (Substantives), habitude, assucetude, wont, rule, routine, assuage.

Custom, use, usage, practice, run, way, precedence, observance, fashion (852), etiquette, vogue.

Seasoning, training, hardening, etc. (673).

A second nature, cacoèthes, taking root, radication, diathesis.

(Verbs). To be habitual, etc., to be in the habit of, be wont, be accustomed to, etc.

To follow, observe, conform to, obey, bend to, comply with, accommodate oneself to, adapt oneself to, fall into a habit, custom, or usage, to addict oneself to.

(Phrases). To follow the multi-

614. Desuetude (Substantives), disuse, want of habit or of practice, insurrection, newness to.

Non-observance, infraction, violation, infringement.

(Verbs). To be unaccustomed, etc., to be new to, to leave off, wean oneself of, break off, break through, infringe, violate, etc., a habit, usage, etc., to disuse, to wear off.

(Adjectives). Unaccustomed, unused, unusual, unwonted, uncustomary, unfashionable, non-observant, disused, weaned.

Unseasoned, uninured, unhabituated, untrained, unacknowledged.
Motive—Dissuasion

230

tude; hurler avec les loups; go with the current, stream, etc.; run on in a groove; stare super antiquas vias.

To become a habit, to take root, to gain or grow upon one, to run in the blood.

To habituate, inure, harden, season, form, train, accustom, naturalise, acclimatise.

To acquire a habit, to get into the way of, to learn, etc.

(Adjectives). Habitual, accustomed, accustomed, habituated, etc.; in the habit, etc.; of; used to, addicted to, attuned to, wedded to, usual, wonted, customary, hackneyed, fixed, rooted, permanent, inveterate, ingrained, running in the blood, hereditary, congenital, congenite, innate, inborn, natural, instinctive, etc. (5).

(Phrases). Bred in the bone, in the blood.

Fashionable, in fashion, in vogue, according to use, routine, conventional, etc.

(Phrase). Naturam expellas furca, tamen usque recurret.

(Adverbs). As the world goes, more suo, pro more, pro forma, according to custom, more majorum.

2º. Causes of Volition

615. Motive (Substantives), reason, ground, principle, mainspring, primum mobile, account, score, sake, the why and the wherefore, consideration, calculation.

(Phrases). The pro and con; the why and wherefore.

Inducement, recommendation, encouragement, attraction, allurement, temptation, enticement, bait, allurement, allusive, witchery, bewitchery.

Persuasibility, persuasibleness, softness, susceptibility.

Influence, prompting, dictate, instance, impulse, impulsion, incitement, incitation, press, instigation, excitement, provocation, invitation, solicitation, suasion, persuasion, hortation, exhortation, seduction, cajolery, tantalisation, agacerie, seduction, bewitchment, inspiration, honied words.

Incentive, stimulus, spur, fillip, 616. Absence of motive, s:\:

Caprice (608).

(Phrase). Without rhyme as reason.

Dissuasion (Substantives), d\:-
hortation, discouragement.

Cohibit\-en, check, restraint, curb, bridle, rein, stay, damper, remonstrance, expostulation.

Scruple, qualm, demur (867), contraindication.

(Phrase). A wet blanket.

(Verbs). To dissatisfaction, dehort, discourage, disincline, indispose, dispirit, damp, dishearten, disenchant, contraindicate, deter, keep back, render averse, etc.

To withhold, restrain, hold, check, bridle, curb, rein in, keep in, cohibit, inhibit, repel (751).

To cool, blunt, calm, quiet, quench, shake, stagger, remonstrate, expostulate, warn.

To scruple, refrain, abstain, etc. (603).
DIV. I.

Plea

231

goad, vowel, provocative, piquant, dram, prestige.

Bribe, sap, lure, decoy, charm, spell, loadstone.

(Phrases). The golden apple; the voice of the tempter; the song of the sirens.

Prompter, tempter, seducer, seductor, Siren, Circe, instigator.

(Verbs). To induce, move, lead, draw, draw over, carry, bring, to influence, to weigh with, bias, to operate, work upon, engage, incline, dispose, predispose, prompt, whisper, call, call upon, recommend, encourage, entice, invite, solicit, press, enjoin, entreat (765), court, plead, advocate, exhort, enforce, dictate, tantalise, bait the hook, seduce, decoy, charm, conciliate, wheedle, coax, cajole, pat on the back or shoulder, talk over, inveigle, persuade, prevail upon, get to do, bring ...c策r, procure, lead by the nose, sway, turn the head, enlist, adnap, bribe, suborn.

(Phrases). To grease the palm; to put a sop in the pan; sop for Cerberus.

To act upon, to impel, excite, suscitate, stimulate, exsuscitate, incite, animate, instigate, provoke, set on, urge, pique, spirit, inspire, awake, give a fillip, light up, kindle, enkindle, rkindle, quicken, goad, spur, prick, egg on, hurry on, stir up, work up, fan, fire, inflame, set on fire, fan the flame, blow the coals, stir the embers, put on one’s mettle, set on, force, rouse, arouse.

(Phrases). To follow the bent of; to follow the dictates of; to make no scruple; to make no bones.

(Adjectives). Impulsive, motive, persuasive, hortatory, seductive, protreptical, susatory, suasive, honey-tongued, tempting, alluring, piquant, exciting, tantalising, etc.

Persuadable, persuasible, suasible, soft, yielding, facile, easily persuaded, etc.

Induced, moved, disposed, led, persuaded, etc., spell-bound, instinct with or by.

(Adverbs). Because, for, since, on account of, out of, from.
As, forasmuch as, therefore, hence, why, wherfore.

(Phrase). Hinc ille lacrimae.

617. Ostensible motive, or reason assigned.

PLEA (Substantives), allegation, pretext, pretence, excuse, cue, colour, gloss, salvo, loophole, handle, shift, quirk, guise, stalking-horse, starting-hole, make-shift, special pleading, a tub to the whale, cheval de bataille, clap-trap, advocation, soft sawder, a Canterbury tale, moonshine.
(Phrase). A hole to creep out of.
(Verbs). To make a pretext, etc., of; to use as a plea, etc.; to plead, allege, pretend, excuse, make a handle, etc., of, to gild the pill.
(Adjectives). Ostensible, colourable, pretended, alleged, etc.
(Phrases). Ad captandum; on the spur of the occasion; the grapes being sour.

3. Objects of Volition

618. Good (Substantives), benefit, advantage, service, interest, weal, boot, gain, profit, good-turn, blessing, tantum; behalf, behalf.
(Phrases). The main chance; summum bonum.

Luck, piece of luck, windfall, godsend, bonus; bonanza, prize.

Cause of good, see Utility (644), Goodness (648), and Remedy (602).

(Adverbs). Aright, well, favourably.

In behalf of, in favour of.

619. Evil (Substantives), harm, injury, wrong, scath, curse, detriment, hurt, damage, disservice, ill-turn, bale, grievance, prejudice, loss, mischief.

Disadvantage, drawback, trouble, annoyance, nuisance, molestation, oppression, persecution, plague, corruption (659).

Blow, bruise, scratch, wound, mutilation, outrage, spoliation, plunder, pillage, rape, destruction, dilapidation, havoc, ravage, devastation, inroad, sweep, sack, foray (716), desolation, razzia, dragonade.

Misfortune, mishap, woe, disaster, calamity, catastrophe, downfall, ruin, prostration, curse, wrack, blight, blast; Pandora’s box.

Cause of evil, see Bane (663).
Production of evil (649).
(Adverbs). Amiss, wrong, evil, ill.

Section II.—Prospective Volition

1. Conceptional Volition

620. Intention (Substantives), intent, intentionality, purpose, design, purport, mind, meaning, animus, view, set purpose, point, bent, turn, proposal, study, scope.

Final cause, object, aim, end.

621. Absence of purpose in the succession of events.

Chance (Substantives), fortune, accident, hazard, hap, hazard (150), lot, chance-medley, hit, casualty, contingency, fate, adventure, random shot.

1 That is, volition having reference to a future object.
2 See Note on 156.
drift, destination, mark, point, butt, goal, target, prey, quarry, game, quintain, the philosopher’s stone.

Decision, determination, resolve, resolution (604), predetermination (611).

A hobby, ambition, wish; see Desire (865).

Study of final causes, Teleology.

(Verbs). To intend, purpose, design, destinate, mean, aim at, propose to oneself.

(Phrases). Have in view; have in petto; have in one’s eye; have an eye to.

To be at, drive at, be after, point at, level at, take aim, aspire at or after, endeavour after, destine.

To meditate, think of, dream of, premeditate (611), contemplate, compass.

To propose, project, devise, take into one’s head.

(Phrases). Take upon oneself; to have to do; to see one’s way; to find in one’s heart.

(Adjectives). Intended, etc., intentional, minded, express, pre-pense, set upon, bent upon, intent upon, in view, in petto, in prospect, teleological.

(Phrases). In the wind; sur le

(Adverbs). Intentionally, etc., expressly, designedly, purposely, on purpose, with a view to, for the purpose of, with the view of, in order to, to the end that, on account of, in pursuance of, pursuant to, with the intent, etc.

(Phrase). In good earnest.

622. Purpose in action.

Pursuit (Substantives), undertaking, enterprise, emprise, adventure, game, hobby, endeavour.

Prosecution, search, angling.

(Phrases). A toss up; a turn of the dice or cards.

A godsend, luck, a run of luck, a windfall, etc. (618).

Drawing lots, sortilege, sorts.

Wager, bet, betting.

(Phrases). A blind bargain; a pig in a poke.

(Verbs). To chance, hap, turn up; to stand a chance.

(Phrases). To take one’s chance; try one’s luck; shuffle the cards; put into a lottery, lay a wager; toss up, cast lots, draw lots; stand the hazard.

To risk, venture, hazard, stake, incur, or run the risk; bet, wager, gamble, raffle.

(Phrases). To buy a pig in a poke; alea jacta est; the die being cast.

(Adjectives). Casual, fortuitous, accidental, contingent, random, adventitious, incidental.

Unintentional, aimless, driftless, designless, undesigned, undirected; purposeless, causeless, without purpose, etc., unmeditated, unpurposed, indiscriminate, promiscuous.

On the cards, or dice; possible (470), at stake.

(Adverbs). Casually, etc., by chance, by accident, accidentally, etc., at haphazard; heads or tails.

(Phrases). As luck would have it; without rhyme or reason.

623. Absence of pursuit.

Avoidance (Substantives), forbearance, abstinence, sparing, refraining.

Flight, etc., evasion, elusion.
chase, hunt, race, battue, scramble, course, direction, wild-goose-chase, steeple-chase.

Pursuer, huntsman, hunter, hound, greyhound, bloodhound, beagle, harrier.

(Verbs). To pursue, undertake, engage in, take in hand, carry on, prosecute, endeavour.

To court, seek, angle, chase, give chase, course, dog, hunt, follow, run after, hound, bid for, aim at, take aim, make a leap at, rush upon, jump at.

(Phrases). Take or hold a course; tread a path; shape one’s course; direct or bend one’s steps or course; run a race; rush headlong; rush headforemost; make a plunge; snatch at, etc.; start game; follow the scent; to run or ride full tilt at.

(Adjective). Pursuing, etc.

(Adverbs). In order to, for the purpose of, with a view to, etc. (620).

(Phrases). In full cry; after, on the scent of.

Contradiction, motive for avoidance.

(Verbs). To avoid, refrain, not to attempt; to spare, hold, shun, fly, flee, eschew, shrink, hold back, draw back (see 286), recoil from, flinch, blemish, shy, elude, evade, shirk, parry, dodge.

(Phrases). To give the slip, or go-by; to lead one a dance; to beat about the bush; run away from; get out of the way; steer clear of; to take to one’s heels.

(Adjectives). Avoiding, etc., elusive, evasive, flying, unattempted, fugitive, etc., unsought.

(Adverbs). Lest, with a view to prevent.

(Phrase). Salue qui peut.

624. Relinquishment (Substantives), dereliction, abandonment, renunciation, desertion, see 607.

Dispensation, riddance.

(Verbs). To relinquish, give up; lay, set, or put aside; drop, abandon, renounce, desist from, desert, leave, leave off, back out of, quit, give over, forsake, forswear, swerve from, put away, discontinue (681).

(Phrases). To drop all idea of; to think better of it; to wash one’s hands of; to turn over a new leaf; to throw up the game or the cards; to have other fish to fry; draw in one’s horns; to lay on the shelf.

(Adjectives). Relinquishing, etc., relinquished, etc., unpursued.

(Interjections). Hands off! keep off! forbear! avast!

625. Business (Substantives), affair, concern, task, work, job, errand, agenda, commission, office, charge, part, duty, role, a press of business.

Province, department, beat, mission, function, vocation, calling, avocation, profession, cloth, faculty, trade, craft, mystery, walk, race, career, walk of life.

Place, post, orb, sphere, capacity, employment, engagement, exercise, occupation; situation, undertaking (676).

(Verbs). To carry on a business, trade, etc.

(Phrases). To have to do with; have on one’s hands; betake
DIV. I.

Method

oneself to; occupy or concern oneself with; have on one’s shoulders; make it one’s business; go to do; act a part; perform the office of or functions of; to enter a profession; drive a trade; spend time upon.

(Adjectives). Business-like, official, functional, professional, on hand.

(Adverbs). On hand, on foot, afoot, afloat, going.

626. PLAN (Substantives), scheme, device, design, project, proposal, proposition.
Line of conduct, game, card, course, tactics, strategy, policy, polity (692), craft, practice, campaign.
Intrigue, cabal, plot, conspiracy, complot, machination, coup d’état.

Measure, step, precaution, proceeding, procedure, process, system, economy, organisation, expedient, contrivance, artifice, shift, stop-gap, manœuvre, stratagem, fetch, trick, machination, intrigue, stroke, stroke of policy, master-stroke, great gun, trump card.
Alternative, loophole, counterplot, counterproject, side-wind, dernier ressort, pis aller.

Sketch, outline, programme, draught (or draft), ébauche, rough draught, skeleton, forecast, prospectus, carte du pays.

Aftercouse, aftergame, arrière pensée, underplot.
A projector, designer, schemer, contriver, artist, schematist, intrigant.

(Verbs). To plan, scheme, devise, imagine, design, frame, contrive, project, plot, invent, forecast, strike out, chalk out, sketch, lay out, lay down, cut out, cast, recast, countermine, hit upon, fall upon, arrange, mature, organise, concoct, digest, pack, prepare, hatch.

(Phrases). To have many irons in the fire; to dig a mine; to spring a project; to take or adopt a course.

(Adjectives). Planned, etc., strategic; planning, scheming, etc.

Well-laid, deep-laid, cunning, well-devised, etc., maturely considered, well-weighed, prepared, organised, etc.

(Adverbs). In course of preparation, on the anvil, on the stocks, sur le tapis.

627. METHOD (Substantives), way, manner, wise, form, path, road, route, channel, walk, access, course, pass, ford, ferry, passage, line of way, trajectory, orbit, track, avenue, approach, beaten track, pathway, highway, roadway, causeway, footpath, turnpike-road, highroad, railway, tramway, the King’s highway, thoroughfare, gateway, street, lane, alley, gangway, hatchway, by-path, by-way, by-walk, cross-road, cross-way, by-road, cut, short cut, royal road, cross cut, carrefour.

Bridge, stepping-stone, stair, corridor, staircase, flight of stairs, ladder, scaffold, scaffolding.

(Phrase). Modus operandi.

(Indirect way). By-path, by-way, by-walk, by-road, back door, back stairs.
Instrumentality

By the way, en passant, by the bye, in transitu, chemin faisant.
One way or another, anyhow, by hook or crook, via.
(Phrases). Tout chemin va à Rome; haec tibi grunt artes.

628. Mid-course (Substantives), middle course, mean, juste milieu, Ἀρματον μέτρον, mezzo termine, see Middle (68) and Direct, straight, straightforward, course, path, etc.
(Verb). To keep in a middle course, etc.
(Adjectives). Undeviating, direct, straight, straightforward.
(Phrases). In medio tutissimus ibis; the golden mean; as the crow flies.
Mean (29).

629. Circuit (Substantives), deviation, roundabout way, détour, zigzag, cirkwition, cirkumbendibus (see 311), wandering, deviation (279).
(Verbs). To perform a circuit, etc., to deviate, wander, go round about, meander, etc. (279).
(Adjectives). Circuitous, indirect, round about, zigzag, etc.
(Adverbs). By a side wind, by an indirect course, etc., in a round about way.

630. Requirement (Substantives), requisition, need, lack, wants, necessities, desideratum, exigency, pinch, sine quâ non, the very thing.
Needfulness, essentiality, necessity, indispensability, urgency, call for.
(Verbs). To require, need, want, have occasion for, stand in need of, lack, desire, be at a loss for, desiderate; not to be able to do without or dispense with; to prerequire; to want but little.
To render necessary, to necessitate, to create a necessity for, to call for.
(Adjectives). Requisite, required, etc., needful, necessary, exigent, essential, indispensable, prerequisite, that cannot be spared or dispensed with, urgent.

2°. Subservience to Ends

1. Actual Subservience

631. Instrumentality (Substantives), medium, intermedium, intervention, mediation, dint, see Agency (170).
Midwife, accoucheur.
Key, master-key, passport, passe partout, “open sesame,” a go-between, a cat’s paw, mainstay, trump card.
(Phrases). Two strings to one’s bow; cheval de bataille.
(Adjectives). Instrumental, intervening, intermediate, subservient.
(Adverbs). Through, by, with, by means of, by dint of, à force de, along with, thereby, through the medium, etc., of, wherewith, wherewithal.
632. MEANS (Substantives), resources, appliances, ways and means, expedients, step, measure (626), aid (707), intermedium, medium.

Machinery, mechanism, mechanics, engineering, mechanical powers, scaffolding, ladder, mainstay.

(Phrases). Wheels within wheels; two strings to one's bow.
To beg, borrow, or steal.
(Adjectives). Instrumental, subservient, mechanical, machinal.
(Adverbs). How, by what means, by all means, by all manner of means, by the aid of, by dint of.
(Phrases). By hook or by crook; somehow or other; for love or money.

633. INSTRUMENT (Substantives), tool, implement, apparatus, utensil, craft, machine, engine, lathe.

Weapon, arms, armory, battery.

Equipment, gear, tackle, tackling, rigging, harness, paraphernalia, equipage, material, appurtenances.

A wheel, jack, mill, clock-work, wheel-work, spring, screw, wedge, flywheel, lever, pinion, crank, wench, crane, capstan, windlass, monkey, hammer, mallet, mattock, mall, bat, sledge-hammer, mace, club, truncheon, pole, staff, bill, crow, crowbar, pickaxe, handspike, crutch, boom, bar, pitchfork.

Organ, limb, arm, hand, finger, claw, paw, talons, tentacle, wing, oar, paddle, pincer, plier, forceps.

Handle, hilt, haft, shatt, heft, trigger, tiller, helm, treader, pumme, peg, key.

Edge tool, hatchet, axe, pickaxe, etc. (see 253), axis (see 312).

634. SUBSTITUTE (Substantives), shift, makeshift, succedaneum, jury-mast, pis aller, see Substitution (147) and Deputy (759).

635. MATERIALS (Substantives), stuff, pabulum, fuel, grist, provender, provisions, food, aliment, fodder, forage, prog, pasture, pasturage.

Supplies, munition, ammunition, reinforcement, relay, contingents.

Baggage, luggage, bag and baggage, effects, goods, chattels, household stuff, equipage, paraphernalia, stock in trade, pelt, cargo, lading.

Metal, ore, brick, clay, wood, etc.

(Phrases). A shot in the locker; a hand at cards.

636. STORE (Substantives). stock, fund, supply, reserve, relay, budget, quiver, corps de réserve, reserved fund, mine, quarry, vein, lode, fountain, milch cow.

Collection, accumulation, heap (72), hoard, magazine, pile, rick, savings, bank (802), treasury, reservoir, repository, repertory, repertorium, depository, dépôt, treasure, thesaurus, museum, storehouse, promptuary, reservatory, conservatory, menagery, receptacle, warehouse, entrepôt, dock, larder, spence, garner, granary, storeroom,
hanaper, cistern, well, tank, mill-pond, armory, arsenal, coffer, etc. (191), nest-egg.

(Verbs). To store, stock, treasure up, lay in, lay by, lay up, fund, garner, save, husband, hoard, deposit, accumulate (72).

*To reserve, keep back, hold back.

(Phrases). To husband one's resources; to have two strings to one's bow; ἐπερείγω τὸν κτεινόν.

(Adjectives). Stored, etc., in store, in reserve.

637. Provision (Substantives), supply, providing, supplying, etc., purveyance, purveying, reinforcement, husbanding, commissariat, victualling.

Forage, pasture, food, etc. (299).

A purveyor, commissary, quartermaster, jackal, feeder, batman.

(Verbs). To provide, supply, furnish, purvey, suppeditate, replenish, fill up, feed, stock with, recruit, cater, find, keep, lay in, lay in store, store, forage, husband.

(Phrase). To bring grist to the mill.

638. Waste (Substantives), consumption, expenditure, exhaustion, drain, leakage, wear and tear, dispersion (73), ebb, prodigality (819).

(Verbs). To waste, spend, expend, use, consume, spill, leak, run out, run to waste, disperse (73), ebb, dry up, impoverish, drain, empty, exhaust; to fritter away.

(Phrases). To cast pearls before swine; burn the candle at both ends; to employ a steam-hammer to crack nuts; to break a butterfly on a wheel.

(Adjectives). Wasted, spent, profuse, lavish, etc., at a low ebb.

(Phrase). Penny wise and pound foolish.

639. Sufficiency (Substantives), adequacy, competence; enough, satiety.

Fullness, plentitude, plenty, abundance, copiousness, amplitude, richness, fertility, luxuriance, uberty.

(Phrases). The horn of plenty; the horn of Amalthea; cornucopia.

Impletion, repletion, saturation.

Riches (803), mine, store, fund, (636); a bumper, a bellyful, a cartload, truck-load, ship-load, a plumper.

A flood, draught, shower, rain, (347), stream, tide, spring tide, flush.

640. Insufficiency (Substantives), inadequacy, inadequateness, incompetence.

Deficiency, scantiness, scant, defect, defectiveness, defalcation, default, deficit, short-coming, falling short (304), what will not do, scantiness, slenderness, a mouthful, etc. (32).

Scarcity, dearth, want, need, lack, exigency, inanition, indigence, poverty, penury (804), destitution, dole, pittance, short allowance, short commons, a banyan day, a mouthful, starvation, famine, drought, emptiness, vacancy, flaccidity.

(Phrase). A beggarly account of empty boxes.
Moderation, see Mediocrity (651).

(Verbs). To be sufficient, etc., to suffice, to do, satisfy, saturate, make up.

To abound, teem, stream, flow, rain, shower down, pour, swarm.

To render sufficient, etc., to make up, to fill, replenish, pour.

(Adjectives). Sufficient, enough, adequate, commensurate, quantum sufficient, what will just do.

Moderate, measured.

Full, ample, plenty, copious, plentiful, plenteous, plenary, wantless, abundant, abounding, uberous, replete, laden, charged, fraught: well stocked or provided, liberal, lavish, unstinted, to spare, unsparing, unmeasured, ad libitum.

Brimful, to the brim, chokeful, saturated, crammed, up to the ears, topful, rich, luxuriant.

Unexhausted, unwasted, exhaustless, inexhaustible.

(Phrases). Having two strings to one's bow; enough and to spare; cut and come again; full as an egg; full as a vetch; ready to burst; plenty as blackberries; flowing with milk and honey; enough in all conscience.

641. REDUNDANCE (Substantives), superabundance, superfluity, superfluence, exuberance, profuseness, profusion, plethora, engorgement, congestion, glut, surfeit, load, turgidity, turgescence, dropsy, pleonasm.

Excess, an overdose, oversupply, overplus, surplusage, overflow, inundation, deluge, extravagance, prodigality (818), exorbitance, lavishment.

A drug, an expletive.

(Phrase). Satis, superque.

(Verbs). To superabound, overabound, run over, overflow, flow over, roll in, wallow in.

(Phrase). To go a-begging.

To overstock, overdose, overlay, gorge, glut, load, overload, surcharge, overrun, drench, inundate,whelm, deluge.

(Phrases). To put butter upon bacon; it never rains but it pours; to carry coals to Newcastle.

(Adjectives). Redundant, superfluous, exuberant, super-
abundant, excessive, in excess, overmuch, too much, de trop, needless, over and above (40), more than enough, atis superque, running to waste, overflowing, running over, over head and ears.

* (Phrase). Enough and to spare.

Turgid, gorged, plethoric, dropsical, profuse, lavish, prodigal, supervacaneous, extra, supernumerary, expletive, surcharged, overcharged, overloaded, overladen, overburdened, overrun.

(Adverbs). Over, over and above, too much, overmuch, over and enough, too far, without measure, without stint.

(Phrase). Over head and ears.

2. Degree of Subservience

642. Importance (Substantives), consequence, moment, weight, gravity, seriousness, consideration, significance, import, influence (175), pressure, urgency stress, emphasis, preponderance, prominence (250), greatness (31).

The substance, essence, quintessence, gist, pith, marrow, soul, gravamen.

The principal, prominent, or essential part.

(Phrase). A sine qua non.

(Verbs). To be important, or of importance, etc., to signify, import, matter, boot, weigh, to be prominent, etc., to take the lead.

(Phrase). To be somebody, or something.

To attach, or ascribe importance to; to value, care for, etc. (897).

To over-estimate, etc. (482), to exaggerate (549).

(Phrases). To make much of; to make a stir, a fuss, a piece of work, or much ado about; set store upon; to lay stress upon.

To mark, underline, score, accentuate.

(Adjectives). Important, of importance, etc., grave, serious,
material, weighty, influential, significant, emphatic, momentous, earnest, pressing, critical, preponderating, pregnant, urgent, paramount, essential, vital.


Great, considerable, etc. (see 31), capital, leading, principal, superior, chief, main, prime, primary, cardinal, prominent, salient.

Signal, notable, memorable, remarkable, etc., grand, solemn, eventful, stirring; not to be despised, or overlooked, etc., worth while.

(Phrases). Being no joke; not to be sneezed at; no laughing matter.

Vain, empty, inane, poor, sorry, mean, meagre, shabby, scrawny, vile, miserable, scruffy, weedy, niggling, beggarly, piddling, peddling, pitiful, pitiable, despicable, priceless, ridiculed, farcical, finical, finicky, fiddle-faddled, fangle-fangle, gimerack.

(Phrases). Not worth a straw; as light as air; not worth mentioning.

(Interjections). No matter! pshaw! pooh! pho-phol fudge! fiddle-dee! nonsense! stuff! n'importe!

(Adverbs). Meagrely, pitifully, vainly, etc.

644. Utility (Substantives), service, use, function, office, sphere, capacity, part, role, task, work.

Usefulness, worth, steed, avail, advantageousness, profitableness, serviceableness, merit, cui bono, applicability, adequacy, subservience, subserviency, efficacy, efficiency, help, money's worth.

(Verbs). To be useful, etc., of use, of service.

To avail, serve, subserv, help (707), conduct, serve one's turn, stand in stead, profit, advantage, accrue.

645. Inutility (Substantives), uselessness, subservience, inefficacy, inefficiency, ineptness, inadequacy, inaptitude, fruitlessness, inanity, worthlessness, unproductiveness, barrenness, sterility, vanity, futility, triviality, paltriness, unprofitableness, unfruitfulness, rustiness, obsolateness, discommodity, supererogation.

(Phrases). The labour of Sisyphus; the work of Penelope.

Litter, rubbish, lumber, trash, orts, weeds (643).
A waste, desert, Sahara, wild, wilderness.

(Verbs). To be useless, etc., to be of no avail, use, etc. (644).

(Phrases). To use vain efforts; to beat the air; to fish in the air; to lash the waves.

(Adjectives). Useless, inutile, insipient, inefficient, inefficacious, unavailing, inoperative, bootless, superveneous, unprofitable, unproductive, sterile, barren, unsubservient.

Worthless, valueless, at a discount, gainless, fruitless, profitless, unserviceable, rusty, obsolete, washy, wasted, nugatory, futile, inept, withered, good for nothing, wasteful, ill-spent, obsolete, stale.

(Phrases). Not worth having; leading to no end; not worth while; of no earthly use.

Unneeded, unnecessary, uncleared for, incommodious, discommodious.

De lanâ caprînâ.

(Adverbs). Uselessly, etc., to no purpose.

646. Specific subservience.

Expedience (Substantives), expediency, fitness, suitableness, aptness, aptitude, appropriate, aptness, pertinence, seasonableness, adaptition, congruity, consonance (23), convenience, eligibility, applicability, seemliness.

(Verbs). To be expedient, etc.

To suit, fit, square with, adapt itself to, agree with, consort with, tally with, conform with.

(Adjectives). Expedient, fit, fitting, suitable, applicable, eligible, apt, appropriate, adapted, proper, advisable, desirable, pertinent, congruous, seemly, consonant, becoming, meet, due, consentaneous, congenial, well-timed, pat, seasonable, opportune, à propos, befitting, happy, felicitous, auspicious, acceptable, etc., convenient, commodious.

647. Inexpediency (Substantives), inexpediency, disadvantageous, unserviceable, unserviceableness, disservice, unfitness, inaptitude, indefiniteness, inappropriateness, impropriety, unseemliness, incongruity, inpertinence, inopportuneness, unseasonableness.

Inconvenience, incommodiousness, inconvenience, discommodity.

Inefficacy, inefficiency, inadequacy.

(Verbs). To be inexpedient, etc., to embarrass, cumber, lumber, etc.

(Adjectives). Inexpedient, disadvantageous, unprofitable, unfit, unfitness, unsuitable, amiss, improper, unapt, inept, unadvisable, ineligible, objectionable, unadmissible, unseemly, inopportune, unseasonable;
DIV. I.  Goodness—Badness

(Phrase). Being just the thing. *Opera & pretium est.*


**GOODNESS** *(Substantives)*, excellence, value, worth, price, preciousness, estimation, rareness, exquisiteness, masterpiece, chef-d'œuvre.

Superexcellence, superiority, supereminence, transcendence, perfection (650), éclat.

Mediocrity, innocuousness, *etc.* 651.

(Verbs). To be good, etc.; to be superior, etc., to excel, transcend, top, vie, emulate, etc.

To be middling, etc. (651); to pass.

(Phrases). To challenge comparison; *probatum est*; to pass muster.

To produce good, benefit, etc., to benefit, to be beneficial, etc., to confer a benefit, etc., to improve (658).

(Adjectives). Harmless, innocuous, hurtless, unobnoxious.

Good, beneficial, valuable, estimable, serviceable, advantageous, precious, favourable, palmary.

Sound, sterling, standard, true, genuine, household, fresh, unfaded, unspoiled, unimpaired, uninjured, undemolished, undamaged, undecayed, natural, unsophisticated, unadulterated, unpolluted, unvitiated.

Choice, nice, fine, rare, felicitous, unexceptionable, excellent, admirable, first-rate, prime, crack, cardinal, superlative, superfine, superexcellent, exquisite, high wrought, inestimable, ineflicacious, inadequate.

Inconvenient, incommodious, in the way, cumbersome, lumbering, unwieldly, unmanageable, awkward, clumsy.

649. Capability of producing evil.

**BADNESS** *(Substantives)*, hurtfulness, disserviceableness, injuriousness, banefulness, mischievousness, noxiousness, malignancy, venomousness, virulence, destructiveness, seethe, curse, bane (663), plague spot.

Vileness, fowlness, rankness, depravement, depravedness, pestilence; Deterioration, *see* 659.

(Verbs). To be bad, etc.

To cause, produce, or inflict evil; to harm, hurt, injure, mar, damage, damnify, endamage, seethe, prejudice, shend, inquinate.

To wrong, molest, annoy, grieve, aggrieve, trouble, oppress, persecute, weigh down, run down, overlay.

To maltreat, abuse, ill-use, ill-treat, bruise, scratch, maul, strike, smite, *scourge* (672), wound, lame, main, scotch, cripple, mutilate, hamstring, hough, stab, pierce, etc., crush, crumble.

To corrupt, corrode, pollute, etc. (659).

To spoil, despoil, sweep, ravage, lay waste, devastate, dismantle, demolish, lovel, raze, consume, overrun, sac, plunder, destroy (102).

(Phrases). To play the deuce with; to break the back of; crush to pieces; crumble to dust; to grind to powder; to ravage with fire and sword.

(Adjectives). Bad, evil, wrong, prejudicial, disserviceable, dis-
able, invaluable, incomparable, transcendent, matchless, none such, peerless, inimitable, unrivalled, nulli secundus, facile princeps, spotless, immaculate, perfect (650).

Moderately good (651).

(Phrases). Of the first water; precious as the apple of the eye; worth a Jew's eye; ne plus ultra; sound as a roach; worth its weight in gold; right as a trivet; up to the mark.

Vile, sad, wretched, sorry, shabby, scurvy, scrubby, shocking, horrid.

Hateful, abominable, detestable, execrable, cursed, cursed, confounded, damnable, diabolic, deylish, demoniacal, infernal, hellish, Satanic, villainous, depraved, shocking.

(Adverbs). Wrong, wrongly, badly, to one's cost.

650. Perfection (Substantives), perfectness, bestness, indefectibility, impeccability, beau ideal (210), summit.

Masterpiece, chef d'oeuvre, model, pattern, mirror, phoenix, rara avis, paragon, prime flower, cream, none such, nonpareil, elite.

Gem, bijou, jewel, pearl, diamond, ruby, brilliant.

(Phrases). The philosopher's stone; the flower of the flock; the coxcomb of the roost; the pink or acme of perfection; le cygne noir; natura il fove e poi roppe la stampa; the ne plus ultra.

(Verbs). To be perfect, etc., to excel, transcend, overtop, etc.

To carry everything before it, to play first fiddle, bear away the bell.

To bring to perfection, to perfect, to ripen, mature, etc. (52, 729).

(Adjectives). Perfect, best, faultless, finished, deficient, indefective, indefectible, immaculate, advantageous, unprofitable, unlucky, sinister, obnoxious, unfortunate, unadvisable, inauspicious.

Hurtful, injurious, grievous, detrimental, noxious, pernicious, mischievous, baneful, baleful.

Morbific, rank, peccant, malignant, tabid, corroding, corrosive, virulent, cankerling, mephitic, narcotic.

Dleterious, deleterious, poisonous, venomous, envenomed, pestilent, pestiferous, destructive, deadly, fatal, mortal, lethal, lethiferous, azotic.

651. Imperfection (Substantives), imperfectness, unsoundness, faultiness, deficiency, drawback, inadequacy, inadequateness.

Fault, defect, flaw, crack, twist, taint, pecancy.

Mediocrity, mean (29), indifference, inferiority.

(Verbs). To be imperfect, middling, etc., to fail, lie under a disadvantage.

(Phrases). To play second fiddle; barely to pass muster; to have a screw loose; be out of order.

(Adjectives). Imperfect, deficient, defective, faulty, inadequate, unsound, unremedied, cracked, warped, frail, gimcrack, gingerbread, tottering, decrepit, rickety, battered, worn out, threadbare, seedy, worm-eaten, used up, decayed, mutilated.

Indifferent, middling, mediocre, so so, couci-couci, secondary, second rate, second best, second-hand, second fiddle.
Cleanness—Uncleanness

Late, spotless, transcendent, matchless, peerless, unparagoned, etc. (see 648), inimitable, superlative, superhuman, divine.

(Phrases): In seips totus teres aque rotundus; ad unum; sans peur et sans reproche.

652. Cleanness (Substantives), cleanliness, purity, neatness, tidiness, spotlessness, immaculateness.

Cleaning, purification, mungification, lustration, dexterion, abstersion, epuration, depuration, expulsion, purgation, castration.

Washing, ablution, lavation, elutriation, lixiviation, clarification, defecation, desumption, edulcoration, coluration, filtration.

Fumigation, ventilation, disinfection.

Scavenger; brush, broom, besom, mop, sieve, riddle, screen, filter.

(Verbs). To be clean, etc.

To render clean, etc., to clean, to mundify, cleanse, wipe, mop, sponge, scour, scrub, brush, sweep, brush up.

To wash, lave, buck, absterge, deterge, clear, purify, depurate, defecate, elutriate, lixiviate, edulcorate, clarify, rack, filter, filtrate.

To disinfect, fumigate, ventilate, purge, censurate, castrate.

To sift, winnow, pick, weed.

(Adjectives). Clean, pure, spotless, unsullied, immaculate, unstained, stainless, unsullied, unsullied, taintless, untainted, uninfected.

Spruce, tidy, washed, swept, etc., cleaned, purified, etc.

(Phrases). Clean as a whistle; clean as a new penny; like a cat in pattens.

Tolerable, passable, pretty well, well enough, rather good, admissible, not bad, not amiss, unobjectionable.

(Phrases). Having a screw loose; no great catch; milk and water; no great shakes; only better than nothing.

653. Uncleanness (Substantives), immundity, uncleanness, soilure, soiliness, foulness, impurity, pollution, nastiness, offensiveness, beastliness, defilement, contamination, abomination, taint, tainture.

Slovenliness, slovenry, untidiness, sluttishness, coarseness, grossness, dregginess.

Dirt, filth, soil, slop, dust, cobweb, smoke, soot, smudge, smut, raff, sordes.

Dregs, grounds, sediment, lees, settlement, dross, grossness, precipitate, scoriae, slag, scum, sweepings, off-scourings, caput mortuum, residuum, draf, fur, scurf, scurfiness, furfur, dandruff, riffraff, vermin.

Mud, mire, quagmire, slough, alluvium, silt, sludge, spawn, offal, recrement, feces, excrement, ordure, dung, guano, manure, compost, dunghill, midden, bog, laystall, sink, cess, cesspool, sump, sough, cloaca, latrines, sewer, shore; hogwash, bilge-water.

Sty, pigsty, dusthole, lair, den.

Rottenness, corruption, decay, putrefaction, putrescence, putridity, purulence, feculence, rankness, rancidity, moulding, mustiness, mucidness, mould, mother, must, mildew, dry-rot, fester (401).

(Phrases). A sink of corruption; an Augean stable.

(Verbs). To be unclean, dirty, etc., to rot, putrefy, mould, moulder, fester, etc.
To render unclean, etc., to dirt, dirty, soil, begrime, smear, besmear, bemire, spatter, bespatter, splash, bedaggle, bedraggle, daub, bedaub, slabler, beslabber, beslime, to cover with dust, etc.
To foul, befoul, pollute, defile, debase, contaminate, taint, corrupt, deflower, rot, etc.

(Adjectives). Unclean, dirty, soiled, etc., dusty, dirtied, etc., sooty, smoky, reechy, thick, turbid, dreggy, slimy, filthy.
Slovenly, untidy, sluttish, dowdy, unkempt, unsoured, unswept, unwiped, unwashed, unstrained, unpurified, squalid.
Nasty, foul, impure, offensive, abominable, beastly.
Mouldy, musty, mildewed, rusty, mouldering, effete, moth-eaten, reany, rotten, rotted, tainted, high, fly-blown, maggoty, putrescent, putrid, putrefied, festering, purulent, feculent, fecal, stercoraceous, excrementitious.

(Phrases). Wallowing in the mire: rotten as a pear; rotten as cheese.

654. Health (Substantives), sanity, soundness, heartiness, haleness, vigour, freshness, bloom, healthfulness, incorruption, incorruptibility.

(Phrase). Mens sana in corpore sano.

(Verbs). To be in health, etc., to flourish.
To return to health, to recover, to get the better of.
To restore to health, to cure, recall to life.

(Phrases). To keep on one’s legs; to take a new or fresh lease of life; non est vivere sed valere vita.

(Adjectives). Healthy, in health, well, sound, healthful, hearty, hale, fresh, whole, florid, staunch, flush, hardy, vigorous, weather-proof.

Unscathed, uninjured, unmaimed, unmarred, untainted.

(Phrases). Having a clean bill of health; being on one’s legs; sound as a roach; fresh as a rose; hearty as a buck; in fine feather; in high feather; in good case; sound as a bell.

655. Disease (Substantives), illness, sickness, ailment, ailing, indisposition, complaint, disorder, malady, distemper.

Sickliness, sickishness, infirmity, diseasedness, discrasy, invalidation, cachexy, witheredness, atrophy, marasmus, incurableness, incurability, palsy.

Taint, pollution, infection, septicity, epidemic, endemic, murain, plague, pestilence, virus, pox.

A sore, ulcer, abscess, fester, rot, canker, cancer, carcinoma, caries, gangrene. sphacelus, leprosy.

A valetudinarian, an invalid, a patient, a cripple.

Science of disease: Pathology, Ætiology, Nosology.

(Verbs). To be ill, etc., to ail, suffer, be affected with, etc., to complain of, to lay up, drep, flag, languish, halt, sicken, gasp.

(Phrases). To lay up; to keep one’s bed; to sham Abraham; to malinger.

(Adjectives). Diseased, ill, taken ill, seized, indisposed, unwell, sick, ailing, suffering, affected with illness, laid up, confined, bed-ridden, invalided.
Unsound, sickly, poorly, weakly, cranky, healthless, infirm, unbraced, drooping, flagging, withered, decayed, decrepit, lame, crippled, battered, halting, worn out, used up, moth-eaten, worm-eaten.

Morbid, tainted, vitiated, peccant, contaminated, tabes, mangy, poisoned, immedicable, recureless, gasping, moribund (360).

(Phrases). Out of sorts; out of joint; out of heart; good for nothing; on the sick list; in a bad way; hors de combat; worn to the stump; on one’s last legs; at the last gasp

656. Salubrity (Substantives), healthiness, wholesomeness, innocuousness.
Preservation of health, hygiene.

(Verbs). To be salubrious, etc., to agree with.

(Adjectives). Salubrious, wholesome, healthy, salutary, salutiferous, healthful, agreeing with, prophylactic, bracing, benign.

Innoxious, innocuous, harmless, uninjurious, innocent, uninfectious.

Remedial, restorative, sanitary, etc. (see 602), nutritious, hygienic.

658. Improvement (Substantives), melioration, amelioration, betterment, mend, emendation, advance, advancement, progress, elevation, preferment, convalescence, recovery, curableness.

Repair, reparation, cicatrisation, correction, reform, reformation, epuration, purification, etc. (652), refinement, relief, redress, lima labor.

New edition; réchauffé, rifacimento.

Reformer, Radical.

(Verbs). To be, become, or get better, etc., to improve, mend, advance, progress (282), to get on, make progress, gain ground, make way, go ahead, pick up, rally, recover, get the better of, get well, get over.

657. Insalubrity (Substantives), unhealthiness, unwholesomeness, deadliness, fatality.

Malaria, etc. (663).

(Adjectives). Insalubrious, unhealthy, ungenial, ungenial, unwholesome, moribund, septic, deleterious, pestilential, pestiferous, pestilential, virulent, poisonous, contagious, infectious, epidemic, zymotic, deadly, mortiferous, innutritious.

(Phrase). “There is death in the pot.”

659. Deterioration (Substantives), wane, ebb, debasement, degeneracy, degeneration, degradation, degenerateness.

Impairment, inquination, injury, outrage, havoc, devastation inroad, vitiation, debasement, perversion, corruption, prostitution, pollution, alloy, venation.

Decline, declension, declination, going down-hill, recession, retrogression, retrogradation (283), caducity, decrepitude, decadency, falling off.

Decay, disorganisation, wear and tear, mouldiness, rottenness, moth and rust, dry-rot, blight, marasmus, falling to pieces, délabrement.

Incurableness, remedilessness.

See Hopelessness (859).
(Phrases). To be oneself again; to take a new lease; to turn over a new leaf; be all the better for.

To render better, improve, mend, amend, better, meliorate, ameliorate, advance, push on, forward, enhance.

To relieve, refresh, restore, renew, redintegrate, heal, etc. (see 060); to palliate, mitigate.

To repair, refit, retouch, botch, vamp, tinker, cobble, patch up, touch up, cicatrice, heelpiece, darn, fine-draw, rub up, furbish, polish, bolster up, calc, careen, to stop a gap, to stanch.

To purify, depurate (652), defecate, strain, filter, rack, refine, disinfect.

To correct, rectify, redress, reform, restore (660), mellow, cook, warm up, set to rights, put straight.

(Adjectives). Improving, etc., improved, etc., progressive, corrective, reparatory, emendatory, sanatory.

Curable, corrigeble.

To embitter, acerbate, aggravate.

To injure, harm, hurt, damage, endamage, damnify, etc. (649).

(Phrases). To play the deuce with; to sap the foundations of.

(Adjectives). Deteriorated, become worse, impaired, etc., degenerate, passé, on the decline, deciduous, unimproved, unrecovered, unreserved.

Remediless, hopeless, past cure, past mending, irreparable, irremediable, cureless, incurable, irremedicable, irrecoverable, irretrievable, irrecoverable, irreversible, immutagle.

Decayed, etc., moth-eaten, worm-eaten, mildewed, rusty, timeworn, moss-grown, effete, wasted, worn, crumbling.

(Phrases). Out of the frying-pan into the fire; the worse for wear; worn to a thread; worn to a shadow; reduced to a skeleton; ægrescit medendo.

660. Restoration (Substantives), reinstatement, replacement, restoral, instauration, restoration.

661. Relapse (Substantives), lapse, falling back, retrogression, retrogradation, etc. (965).
Remedy—Bane

Return to, or recurrence of a bad state.

(Verbs). To relapse, lapse, fall back, slide back, sink back, return, retrograde, etc.

Renovation, reanimation, recovery, rescue, resuscitation, reviviscence, revival, rejuvenescence, revivification, regeneration, regeneracy, regenerativeness, redemption; a Phoenix.

Rèchauffé, risacimento.

(Verbs). To return to the original state, to right itself, come to, rally, revive.

To restore, replace, re-establish, reinstate, re-establish, reconstitute, redintegrate, set right, set to rights, rectify, redress, reclaim, redeem, recover, rescue, retrieve, cicatrize.

To refit, recruit, refresh, refocillate, rehabilitate, reconvert, reconstitute, renovate, revive, regenerate, resuscitate, reanimate, resurrect.

(Phrases). Recall to life; set on one's legs.

To cure, heal, cicatrize, remedy, doctor, physic, medicate.

(Adjectives). Restoring, etc., restored, etc.

(Phrase). Rising from its ashes, Phoenix-like.

Restorable, sanable, remediable, retrievable, recoverable.

(Adverbs). In statu quo; as you were; Phoenix-like.

662. Remedy (Substantives).

help, redress, cure, antidote, counter - poison, prophylactic, corrective, restorative, sedative, Nepenthe, Mithridate.

Physic, medicine, Galenicals, drug, medicament, nostrum, recipe, prescription, catholicum.

Panacea, elixir, elixir vitae, balm, balsam, cordial, theriac, ptisan.

Salve, ointment, plaster, epithem, embrocation, cataplasm, poultice, vulnerary, cosmetic, etc.; sanativeness.

Treatment, regimen.

Pharmacy, Pharmacology, Acology, Materia Medica, Therapeutics, Homœopathy, Allopathy, Dietetics, Dietary, Chirurgery, Surgery, Midwifery, Obstetrics.

An hospital, infirmary, pesthouse, lazaretto, maison de santé, ambulance, dispensary, sanatorium.

(Adjectives). Remedial, medical, medicinal, therapeutic, chirurgical, sanatory, sanative, salutary, salutiferous, healing.
paregoric, restorative, tonic, corroborant, analeptic, balsamic, anodyne, sedative, lenitive, demulcent, emollient, depuratory, detensive, detergent, abstensive, disinfectant, corrective, prophylactic, febrifuge, alternative.
Dietetic, alexipharmic, alexiteric, nutritious, nutritive, alimentary.

3. Contingent Subservience

664. Safety (Substantives), security, surety, impregnability, invulnerability, invulnerableness, escape.
Safeguard, guard, guardianship, protection, tutelage, wardship, wardenship, safe-conduct, escort, convoy, garrison.
Watch, watch and ward, sentinel, scout, watchman, patrol, vedetta, picket, bivouac.
Watch-dog, ban-dog, Cerberus.
Protector, guardian, guard, defender, warden, warder, preserver, chaperon, tutelary saint, guardian angel; see Defence (717).
Custody, safe-keeping (751).
Precaution, quarantine.
(Verbs). To be safe, etc.
(Phrases). To save one's bacon; to light upon o'er's feet; weather the storm; to make assurance doubly sure.
To render safe, etc., to protect, guard, mount guard, shield, shelter, flank, cover, screen, shroud, ensconce, ward, secure, fence, hedge in, entrench, house, nestle.
To defend, forfend, escort, convoy, garrison, mount guard, patrol.
(Adjectives). Safe, in safety, in security, secure, sure, protected, guarded, etc., snug, scathless, seaworthy.
Defensible, tenable.
Invulnerable, unassailable, unattackable, impregnable, inexpugnable, imperdible.

665. Danger (Substantives), peril, insecurity, jeopardy, risk, hazard, venture, precariousness, slipperiness.
(Phrases). The ground sliding from under one; breakers ahead; the sword of Damocles.
Liability, exposure (177), vulnerability, vulnerable point, the heel of Achilles.
Hopelessness (859), forlorn hope, alarm, see Fear (860), defencelessness.
(Verbs). To be in danger, etc., to be exposed to, to incur or encounter danger, run the danger of, run a risk.
(Phrases). To hang by a thread; to sit on a barrel of gunpowder; stand on a volcano.
To place or put in danger, etc., to endanger, expose to danger, imperil, jeopardise, compromise, adventure, risk, hazard, venture, stake.
(Phrases). To open the door to; to engage in a forlorn hope.
To ensnare, entrap, entangle, illaqueate.
(Phrase). To lay or set a trap for.
(Adjectives). In danger, peril, jeopardy, etc., unsafe, insecure, unguarded, unscreened, unsheltered, unprotected, guardless, helpless, guideless, exposed, defenceless, vulnerable, at bay, on a lee-shore, on the rocks, waterlogged, aux abois, between two fires, at stake.
Warning

Protecting, etc., guardian, tutelary.

Unthreatened, un molested, unharmed, harmless, unhazarded.

(Phrases). Out of harm’s way; under lock and key; on sure ground; under cover; under the shadow of one’s wing; the coast being clear; the danger being past; out of the wood; proof against.

(Interjection). All’s well! s’lava est res!

le chat qui dort ; cane peius et anqui; between Scylla and Charybdis.

Natu tua res agitur paries dum proximus ardet; incidit in Scyllam qui vult vitare Charybdim.

666. Means of safety.

Refuge (Substantives), asylum, sanctuary, fastness, retreat, ark, hiding-place, loophole.

Roadstead, anchorage, breakwater, mole, port, haven, harbour, harbour of refuge, pier.

Fort, citadel, fortification, etc., shield, etc., see Defence (717).

Screen, covert, wing, fence, rail, railing, wall, dike, ditch, etc. (232).

Anchor, kedger, grapnel, sheet-anchor, prop, stay, main-stay, jury-mast, life-boat, plank, stepping-stone, umbrella, parachute, lightning-conductor, safety-valve, grappling iron, safety lamp.

667. Source of danger.

Pitfall (Substantives), rocks, reefs, sunken rocks, snags, sands, quicksands, breakers, shoals, shallows, bank, shelf, flat, lee-shore.

Trap, snare, gin, springe, toils, noose, net, spring-net, spring-gun, masked battery, mine.

(Phrases). The sword of Damocles; a snake in the grass; trusting to a broken reed; a lion’s den; proximus ardet Ucalegon.

668. Warning (Substantives), caution, caveat, notice, premonition, premonishment, lesson, dehortation, admonition.

Beacon, lighthouse, pharos, watch-tower, signal-post, guide-post, etc., see 550.

Sentinel, sentry, watch, watchman, patrol, vedette, etc. (664).

(Phrases). The writing on the wall; the yellow flag.

(Verbs). To warn, caution, forewarn, prewarn, premonish, give notice, give warning, admonish, dehort, threaten, menace.

(Phrases). To put on one’s guard; to sound the alarm.

To take warning; to beware; to be on one’s guard (864).
Deliverance

(Adjectives). Warning, etc., premonitory, dehortatory. Warned, etc., careful, on one's guard (459).

(Interjections). Beware! mind what you are about! let sleeping dogs lie! Fœnum habet in cornu!

669. Indication of danger.

ALARM (Substantives), alerte, alarum, larum, alarm-bell, tocsin, tattoo, signal of distress, blue-lights, etc., warning voice, Cassandra. False alarm, cry of wolf, bugbear.

(Verbs). To give, raise, or sound an alarm, to alarm, warn, ring the tocsin, battre la générale, to cry wolf.

(Adjectives). Alarming, etc., threatening.

670. Preservation (Substantives), conservation, maintenance, support, sustentation, deliverance, salvation, rescue, redemption.

Means of preservation: prophylaxis, preservative, preserver, Hygiastics, Hygynants; superstitious remedies, see 993.

(Verbs). To preserve, maintain, support, save, rescue, file (papers).

To embalm, dry, cure, salt, pickle, season, kyanise, bottle, pot.

(Phrases). Stare super antiquas vias; nollumus leges Angliae mutare.

(Adjectives). Preserving, conservative, prophylactic, preservative, hygienic.

Preserved, unimpaired, uninjured, unhurt, unsinged, unmarred.

671. Escape (Substantives) escape, evasion, avolution, retreat, reprieve, reprievéal, deliverance, redemption, rescue.

Narrow escape, hair's-breadth 'scape, schappke belle.

Means of escape: bridge, drawbridge, loophole, ladder, plank, stepping-stone, trap-door, etc. (666).

(Verbs). To escape, scape, elude, evade, make or effect one's escape, make off, march off, pack off, slip away, steal away, slink away, flit, decamp, run away, abscond, fly, flee, bolt, sloop, whip off, break loose.

(Phrases). To take oneself off; play truant; to beat a retreat; to slip the collar; to slip through the fingers; to make oneself scarce; to hop the twig; to take to one's heels; to cut and run; se tirer d'affaire; to run for one's life.

(Interjections). Sauve qui peut! the devil take the hindmost!

(Adjectives). Escaping, etc., escaped, etc., fugitive, runaway.

(Phrase). The bird having flown.

672. Deliverance (Substantives), extrication, rescue, redemption, salvation, riddance, redeemableness.

(Verbs). To deliver, extricate, rescue, save, redeem, bring off, tirer d'affaire, to get rid of, to rid.

(Phrases). To save one's bacon; to find a hole to creep out of.

(Adjectives). Delivered, saved, etc., scot free, scathless.

Extricable, redeemable, rescuable.
3. Precursory Measures

673. PREPARATION (Substantives), making ready, providing, provision, providence, anticipation, preconcertation, precaution, laying foundations, ploughing, sowing, semination, cooking, brewing, digestion, gestation, hatching, incubation, concoction, maturation, elaboration, predisposition.

Preparation of men: Training, drill, drilling, discipline, exercise, exercitation, gymnasmum, palstra, prenticeship, apprenticeship, qualification, inurement, education, noviate, see teaching (537).

Putting or setting in order, putting to rights, clearance, arrangement, disposal, organisation, adjustment, adaptation, disposition, accommodation, putting in tune, tuning, putting in trim, dressing, putting in harness, outfit, equipment, accoutrement, etc., putting the horses to.

(Phrases). A stitch in time; clearing decks; a note of preparation.

Groundwork, basis, foundation, pedestal, etc. (see 215), first stone, scaffold, scaffolding, échafaudage.

State of being prepared: preparedness, ripeness, maturity, readiness, mellowness.

Preparer, pioneer, avant-courrier, avant-coureur, sappers and miners, warming-pan.

(Verbs). To prepare, get ready, make ready, get up, anticipate, forecast, pre-establish, preconcert, settle preliminaries, to found.

To arrange, set or put in order, set or put to rights, organise,

674. NON-PREPARATION (Substantives), want or absence of preparation, inculture, concoction, improvidence.

Immaturity, crudeness, crudity, greenness, rawness, disqualification.

Absence of art, nature.

An embryo, skeleton, rough copy, draft, germ, etc., rudiment (153).

(Verbs). To be unprepared, etc., to want, or lack preparation.

(Phrase). S'embrquer sans biscuit.

To render unprepared, etc., to dismantle, dismount, disarm, disqualify, disable, unrig, undress (220).

(Phrase). To put hors de combat.

(Adjectives). Unprepared, rudimental, immature, unripe, raw, green, crude, rough, roughcast, rough-hewn, unhewn, unformed, unhatched, unfeathered, unnurtured, uneducated, unlicked, untilled, natural, in a state of nature, unwrought, unconverted, undigested, indigested, unmellowed, unblown, unfashioned, unabourused, unleavened, fallow, uncultivated, untrained, undrilled, unexercised, unseasoned, disqualified, unqualified, out of order.

Unbegun, unready, unarranged, unorganised, unsown, unfurnished, unprovided, unequipped, undressed, en déshabillé, dismantled, untrimmed.

Shiftless, improvident, thoughtless, unthrifty.

Unpremeditated, off-hand (612), from hand to mouth, extempore.
dispose, cast the parts, adjust, adapt, accommodate, trim, betrim, fit, predispose, inure, elaborate, mature, ripen, nurture, hatch, cook, brew, tune, put in tune, attune, set, temper, anneal, smelt, undermine, brush up.

• (Phrases). To take steps; prepare the ground; lay or fix the foundations, the basis, groundwork, etc.; to clear the ground; clear the way; clear decks; clear for action; close one's ranks; plough the ground; dress the ground; till the soil; sow the seed; open the way; pave the way; lay a train; dig a mine; prepare a charge; erect the scaffolding; reculer pour mieux sauter.

To provide, provide against, make provision, keep on foot, take precautions, make sure, lie in wait for.

To equip, arm, man, fit out, fit up, furnish, rigg, dress, dress up, furbish up, accoutre, array, fettle, vamp up, wind up.

(Phrases). Put in harness; sharpen one's tools; whet the knife; prime and load; put the horses to.

To prepare oneself; lay oneself out for; get into harness; gird up one's loins; buckle on one's armour; serve one's time or apprenticeship.

To set on foot, lay the first stone, break ground.

To train, drill, discipline, break in, cradle, inure, habituate, harden, case-harden, season, acclimatise, qualify, educate, teach, etc.

(Phrases). To erect the scaffold; to cut one's coat according to one's cloth; to keep one's powder dry; to beat up for recruits; venienti occurrite morbo; principiis obsta; to sound the note of preparation.

• (Adjectives). Preparing, etc., in preparation, in course of preparation, in agitation, brewing, hatching, forthcoming, in embryo, afoot, adrift, on the anvil, on the carpet, on the stocks, sur le tapis, provisional.

Prepared, trained, drilled, etc., forearmed, ready, in readiness, ripe, mature, mellow, fledged, ready to one's hand, cut and dried, annealed, concocted, laboured, elaborated.

(Phrases). Armed to the teeth; armé cap-à-pie; the coast being clear; in utrumque paratus.

(Adverbs). In preparation, in anticipation of, etc., against.

675. Essay (Substantives). trial, experiment (463), probation, venture, adventure, coup d'essai, random shot, speculation.

(Verbs). To try, essay, make trial of, experiment, make an experiment, grope, feel one's way, tâtonner, to venture, adventure.

(Phrases). To put out or throw out a feeler; pick one's way; to send up a pilot balloon.

(Adjectives). Essaying, etc., experimental, tentative, empirical, on trial, probative, probatory, probationary, attempting, endeavouring.

(Adverbs). Experimentally, etc., à tâtons, at a venture.
676. Undertaking (Substantives). enterprise, emprise, endeavour, attempt, move, first move, the initiative, first step, see Beginning (66), début, embarkation.

(Verbs). To undertake, take in hand, set about, go about, set to, fall to, set to work, engage in, launch into, embark in, plunge into, volunteer.

To endeavour, strive, use one's endeavours; to attempt, make an attempt, tempt.

To begin, set on foot, set going, take the first step.

(Phrases). To break the neck of the business; take the initiative; to break ground; break the ice; break cover; to pass the Rubicon; to take upon oneself; to take on one's shoulders; ce n'est que le premier pas qui coûte; diminuim facti qui cepit habet.

To take the bull by the horns; to rush in medias res; to have too many irons in the fire; to attempt impossibilities; prendre la lune avec les dents.

(Adverbs). Undertaking, attempting, etc.

677. Use (Substantives), employment, employ, application, appliance, adhibition, disposal, exercise.

Recourse, resort, avail, service, conversion to use, utilisation.

Agency (170).

(Verbs). To use, make use of, employ, apply, adhibit, dispose of, work, wield, put to use; turn or convert to use; avail oneself of, resort to, recur to, take up with, betake oneself to.

(Phrases). To take advantage of; to turn to account; to make the most of; to make the best of; to bring to bear upon; to fall back upon; to press or enlist into the service; to make shift with; make a cat's paw of.

To render useful, serviceable, available, etc.; to utilise, draw, call forth, tax, task, try, exert, exercise, work up, consume, absorb, expend.

To practise, ply.

(Phrases). To pull the strings or wires; put in action; set to work; set in motion; put in practice.

To be useful, to serve one's turn, etc., see 644.

678. Disuse (Substantives), forbearance, abstinence, dispensation, desuetude, dispensableness.

(Verbs). To disuse, not to use, to do without, to dispense with, to let alone, to spare, waive.

To lay by; set, put, or lay aside; to discard, dismiss, cast off, throw off, turn off, turn out, turn away, throw away, shelf, do away with; to keep back, get rid of.

To dismantle, dismast.

(Phrases). To lay on the shelf; to lay up in ordinary; to lay up in a napkin; to cast, heave, or throw overboard; to cast to the winds; to turn out neck and heels.

(Adjectives). Disused, etc., not used, unemployed, unapplied, unsent, unexercised, kept back.

Unessayd, untouched, uncalled for, ungathered, unculled, untrodden.

679. Misuse (Substantives), misemployment, misapplication, misappropriation, abuse, profanation, prostitution, desecration.

Waste, wasting, spilling, exhaustion (638).
Activity—Inactivity

(Adjectives). Used, employed, etc., applied, exercised, tried, etc.

(Verbs). Tomisuse, misemploy, misapply, misappropriate, desecrate, abuse, profane, prostitute.
To waste, spend, fritter away, exhaust, throw or fling away, squander.

(Phrases). To waste powder and shot; cut blocks with a razor; cast pearls before swine; cast one’s bread upon the waters.

(Adjective). Misused, etc.

SECTION III.—VOLUNTARY ACTION

10. Simple Voluntary Action

680. Action (Substantives), performance, work, operation, proceeding, procedure, process, handiwork, handicraft, workmanship, manœuvre, transaction, bout, job, doings, business, affair.
Deed, act, overt act, stitch, touch, move, stroke, blow, coup, feat, exploit, passage, stroke of policy, tour de force, coup de main, coup d’état.

(Verbs). To act, do, work, operate, do business, practise, perpetrate, perform, officiate, exercise, commit, inflict, strike a blow.
To labour, drudge, toil, ply, droil, set to work, pull the oar; serve, officiate, go about, turn one’s hand to, dabble; to have in hand.

(Phrases). To have a finger in the pie; to take or play a part; to set to work; pursue the even tenor of one’s way; to discharge an office; to go the whole hog.

(Adjectives). Acting, etc., in action, in operation, etc., operative, in harness, in play, on duty, on foot, at work.

(Interjection). Here goes!

682. Activity (Substantives), briskness, quickness, promptness, readiness, alertness, smartness, sharpness, nimbleness, agility.
Spirit, vivacity, eagerness,

683. Inactivity (Substantives), inaction, idleness, sloth, laziness, indolence, indigence, inertness, lumpishness, supineness, supineness, supinuity, sluggishness, lan-
empressament, alacrity, zeal, energy (171), vigour, intentness.
Movement, bustle, stir, fuss, ado, fidget, restlessness, fidgetiness.
Wakefulness, pervigilium, insomnia, sleeplessness.
Industry, assiduity, assiduousness, sedulity, sedulousness, diligence; perseverance, persistence, plodding, painstaking, drudgery, indefatigation, indefatigability, indefatigableness, patience, habits of business.
Dabbling, meddling, interference, interposition, intermeddling, tampering with, intrigue, tripottage, supererogation, superfluence.
A housewife, busy body, zealot, blade.
(Phrases). The thick of the action; in medias res; too many cooks; new brooms; too many irons in the fire.
(Verbs). To be active, busy, stirring, etc., to busy oneself in, stir, bestir oneself, bustle, fuss, make a fuss, speed, hasten, push, make a push.
To plod, drudge, keep on, hold on, persist, stick to, buckle to, stick to work, take pains; to take or spend time in; to make progress, peddle, potter, pudder.
(Phrases). To look sharp; to lay about one; to have one's hands full; to kick up a dust; to stir one's stumps; to exert one's energies; to put one's best leg foremost; to do one's best; to do all one can; to leave no stone unturned; to have all one's eyes about one; make the best of one's time; to make short work of; to seize the opportunity; battre le fer sur l'enclume; to take time by the forehead; to make hay while the sun shines; guor, torpor, lento, listlessness, remissness.
Dilatoriness, cunctation, procrastination (133), relaxation, dronishness, truantship, lagging, dawdling, rust, rustiness, want of occupation.
Somnolence, drowsiness, doziness, nodding, oscillation, lethargicalness, sleepiness, sleepfulness, oscillancy.
Hypnology.
Sleep, nap, doze, slumber, snooze, sieste, dream, trance, snore, a wink of sleep, lethargy, aestas, hibernation.
(Phrases). The Castle of Indolence: dolce far niente; the Fabian policy; laisser aller; laisser faire; the thief of time.
An idler, laggard, luddard, truant, do-little, lubber, sluggard, slumberer, feignant, drone, dormouse, slowback, loungier, slug, marmot.
(Phrases). Sleeping partner; waiter on Providence; fruges consumere nati.
Cause of inactivity, see 174; torpedo.
(Verbs). To be inactive, etc., do nothing, to let alone, lie by, lie idle, lay to, keep quiet, hang fire, relax, slouch, loll, drawl, slug, daily, lag, dawdle, lounge, loiter, play truant; to waste, lose, idle away, kill, trifle away, fritter away or fool away time; faddle, dabble, fribble, piddle, fiddle-faddle.
(Phrases). To fold one's arms; to let well alone; play truant; while away the time; to rest upon one's oars; to burn daylight; ne battre que d'une aile.
To sleep, slumber, nod, close the eyes, close the eyelids, doze, fall asleep, take a nap, go off to sleep, hibernate, yawn.
to strike the iron while it is hot; to take advantage of; to kill two birds with one stone; to move heaven and earth; to go through fire and water; to do wonders; to go all lengths; to stick at nothing; to go the whole hog, see 684.

To meddle, moil, intermeddle, interfere, interpose, tamper with, agitate, intrigue.

Overact, overdo, overlay, outdo.

(Phrases). To have a hand in; to thrust one's nose in; to put in one's ear; to put one's foot in it; to mix oneself up with; steal a march upon.

(Adjectives). Active, brisk, quick, prompt, alert, on the alert, stirring, spry, sharp, smart, quick, nimble, agile, light-footed, fleetly, tripping, ready, awake, broad awake, wide awake, alive, at call, lively, vivacious, frisky, forward, eager, strenuous, zealous, enterprising, spirited, in earnest, up in arms, going ahead.

Working, on duty, at work, hard at work, intent, industrious, assiduous, diligent, sedulous, notable, painstaking, businesslike, in harness, operose, plodding, toiling, hardworking, fagging, busy, bustling, restless, fussy, fidgetty, pottering, dabbling.

Persevering, indefatigable, untiring, unflagging, unremitting, unwearyed, never-tiring, undrooping, unintermitting, unflinching.

Meddling, meddlesome, peddling, pushing, intermeddling, tampering, etc., officious, over-officious, intriguing, intriguing.

(Phrases). Up and doing; up and stirring; busy as a bee; brisk as a bee; on the qui vive; nimble as a squirrel; the fingers itching; nulla dies sine linea; a rolling stone gathers no moss; the used key is always bright; nec mora nec requies.

(Adverbs). Actively, etc., see 684.

(Interjection). Be alive!

684. Haste (Substantives), dis-

685. Leisure (Substantives), patch, precipitancy, precipitate, spare time, spare hours, breath-
Exertion—Repose

...tion, precipitousness, impetuosity, post-haste, acceleration.

Hurry, flurry, bustle, fuss, splutter, scramble, busquerie, fidget, fidgetiness (682).

(Verbs). To haste, hasten, urge, press on, push on, bustle, hurry, precipitate, accelerate, bustle, scramble, plunge, dash on, press on.

(Phrases). To make the most of one's time; to lose not a moment; festina lente; nec morsa nec requies; veni, vidi, vici.

(Adjectives). Hasty, hurried, precipitate, scrambling, etc., headlong, boisterous, impetuous, brusque, slapdash, cursory.

(Adverbs). Hasteily, etc., headlong, in haste, slapdash, amain, hurry-skurry, helter-skelter, head and shoulders, head over heels, by fits and starts, by spurs.

Phrase). No sooner said than done.

686. EXERTION (Substantives),
labour, work, toil, heft, exercise, travail, excitation, duty, trouble, pains, ado, drudgery, fagging, slavery, operoseness.

Effort, strain, tug, stress, throw, stretch, struggle, spell, etc.

(Phrases). A stitch of work; the sweat of one's brow.

(Verbs). To labour, work, exert oneself, toil, strive, use exertion, fag, strain, drudge, take pains, take trouble, trouble oneself, slave, pull, tug, ply the oar, rough it, sweat, bestir oneself, fall to work, buckle to, stick to.

(Phrases). To set one's shoulder to the wheel; to strain every nerve; to do as much as in one lies; to work day and night; to do double duty; to work double tides; to put forth one's strength, etc.; to work like a galley slave (see 682); to go through fire and water; put one's best leg forward.

(Adjectives). Labouring, etc., laborious, toilsome, troublesome, operose, herculean, gymnastic, palæstric.

687. REPOSE (Substantives),
rest, halt, pause, relaxation, breathing time, respite, see Leisure (685).

Day of rest, Sabbath, holiday.

(Verbs). To repose, rest, relax, take rest, breathe, take breath, take one's case, gather breath, recover one's breath, respire, pause, halt, stay one's hand, lay to, lie by, lie fallow, recline, lie down, go to rest, go to bed, go to sleep, etc., unbend.

(Phrases). To rest upon one's oars; to take a holiday; to shut up shop.

(Adjectives). Reposing, resting, etc., unstrained.
Hardworking, painstaking, strenuous (682).

(Adverb). Laboriously, etc.

(Phrases). By the sweat of the brow; suo marte; with all one's might; totis viribus; with might and main; vi et armis; with tooth and nail; unguibus et rostro; hammer and tongs; through thick and thin; heart and soul.

688. Fatigue (Substantives), lassitude, weariness, tiredness, fatigue, exhaustion, sweat, collapse, prostration, swoon, faintness, fainting, deliquium, syncope, yawning, pandiculation, oscillation, anhælation.

(Verbs). To be fatigued, etc., to droop, sink, flag, lose breath, lose wind, gasp, pant, puff, blow, yawn, drop, swoon, faint, succumb.

To fatigue, tire, weary, flag, jade, harass, exhaust, knock up, wear out, strain, overtask, overwork, overburden, overtax, overstrain.

(Adjectives). Fatigued, tired, unrefreshed, weary, wearied, jaded, wayworn.

Breathless, out of breath, windless, out of wind, blown, anhelose, broken-winded.

Drooping, flagging, faint, fainting, done up, knocked up, exhausted, sinking, prostrate, spent, overspent.

Worn out, chattered, shattered, seedy, weatherbeaten, hors de combat.

(Phrases). Ready to drop; dog-weary; on one's last legs; off one's legs; having too many irons in the fire.

Fatiguing, etc., tiresome, irksome, wearsome, trying.

690. Agent (Substantives), doer, performer, operator, hand, executor, maker, effector, stager, consignee, midwife, middleman.

Artist, workman, worker, artisan, artificer, architect, handicraftsman, mechanic, machinist, manufacturer, practitioner, operative, journeyman, labourer, smith, wright, day labourer, co-worker, dramatis personæ.

Bee, ant, working bee, drudge, fag, servant of all work, factotum.

(Phrase). "Quorum pars magna fui."

691. Workshop (Substantives), laboratory, manufactory, mill, factory, mint, forge, loom, cabinet, studio, bureau, atelier, hive, hive of industry, workhouse, nursery, hothouse, hotbed, kitchen, dock, slip, yard, foundry, furnace.

Crucible, alembic, caldron, matrix.
2°. Complex Voluntary Action

692. Conduct (Substantives), course of action, practice, procedure, transaction, dealing, ways, tactics, policy, polity, generalship, statesmanship, economy, strategy, husbandry, seamanship, housekeeping, housewifery (or huswifery), ménage, régime, modus operandi, economy.

Execution, manipulation, treatment, process, course, campaign, career, walk.

Behaviour, deportment, comportment, carriage, maintien, demeanour, bearing, manner, observance.

(Verbs). To conduct, carry on, transact, execute, carry out, work out, get through, carry through, go through, dispatch, treat, deal with, proceed with, officiate, discharge, do duty, play a part or game, run a race.

To behave, comport, acquit oneself, demean oneself, carry oneself.

(Phrases). To turn over a new leaf; to lead the way.

(Adjective). Conducting, etc., strategical, businesslike, practical, executive.

693. Direction (Substantives), management, government, bureaucracy, statesmanship, conduct (692), regulation, charge, agency, senatorship, ministry, ministration, managery, guidance, steerage, pilotage, superintendence, stewardship, supervision, surveillance, proctorship, statecraft, kinglycraft.

Committee, sub-committee, council, staff, board.

(Verbs). To direct, manage, govern, guide, conduct, regulate, steer, pilot, have or take the direction, take the helm, have the charge of, superintend, overlook, supervise, control, hold office, hold the portfolio, cut out, work for.

To head, lead, show the way, etc.

(Adjective). Directing, etc.

694. Director (Substantives), manager, master (745), head minister, premier, governor, comptroller, superintendent, supervisor, president, head man, supercargo, inspector, visitor, monitor, overseer, overlooker, taskmaster, Reis Effendi, official, jack-in-office, red-tapist, officer (720).

Conductor, steersman, pilot, steersmate, guide, cicerone, guard, driver, charioteer, coachman, postillion, vetturino.

Steward, factor, factotum, bailiff, middleman, landreeve, foreman, whipper-in, shepherd, proctor, procurator, housekeeper, major domo.

695. Advice (Substantives), counsel, suggestion, recommendation, hortation, dehortation, instruction, charge, monition, admonition, submonition, caution, warning, expostulation, obtestation, injunction, persuasion.

An adviser, senator, counsellor, counsel, monitor, Mentor, Nestor, guide, archiater, teacher (540), physician, leech.

Referee, arbiter, arbitrator, referandary.

(Verbs). To advise, counsel, give advice, admonish, submonish, caution, warn, forewarn.
To persuade, dehort, exhort, enjoin, expostulate, charge, instruct.
To deliberate, consult together, hold a council, etc., confer, call in, refer to, take advice, be closeted with.

(Phrases). To lay one’s heads together; to take counsel of one’s pillow.

(Adjectives). Monitory, monitive, admonitory, recommendatory, hortatory, dehortatory, warning, etc.

(Interjection). Go to!

696. COUNCIL (Substantives), conclave, court, chamber, cabinet, cabinet council, cockpit, house, committee, sub-committee, board, meeting, sitting, comitia, staff.
Senate, senatus, parliament, synod, convocation, congress, consistory, witenagemot, junta, states-general, diet, cortes, divan, musnad, Aereopagus, sanhedrin, directory, etc.
A meeting, assembly, sitting, session, séance.

697. PRECEPT (Substantives), direction, instruction, prescript, prescription, récipé, order.
Rule, lex scripta, canon, code, formula, formulary, rubric, maxim, apothegm, etc. (496).

698. SKILL (Substantives), skilfulness, cleverness, ability, talent, ingenuity, capacity, calibre, shrewdness, sagacity, parts, genius, faculty, gift, forte, turn, invention, headpiece.
Address, dexterity, adroitness, felicity, knack, expertness, quickness, sharpness, readiness, excellence, habilitation, ambidexterity, ambidextrousness, sleight of hand.
Qualification, proficiency, panegyry, accomplishment, acquirement, craft, mastership, seamanship, rope-dancing.
Tact, knowledge of the world, savoir faire, discretion, finesse, usage du monde.

(Phrases). A jack of all trades; a tactician; a master-hand.
Prudence, discretion, see Caution (864).
Art, science, management,

699. UNSKILFULNESS (Substantives), inability, incompetence, incompetency, infelicity, inexpertness, indexterity, unaptness, lefthandedness, awkwardness, maladroitness, clumsiness, rawness, slovenliness, greenness, inexperience, disqualification, unproficiency.
Bungling, blundering, fumbling, floundering, stumbling, unteachableness, dulness, stupidity.
Indiscretion, imprudence (863), thoughtlessness, giddiness, wildness, mismanagement, misconduct, maladministration, misrule, misgovernment, misapplication, misdirection.
Absence of rule, the rule of thumb.

(Verbs). To be unskilled, unskilful, etc.
To mismanage, bungle, blun-
tactics, manœuvrering, sleight, policy, strategy, jollery, temporisation, technology.

A master-stroke, chef-d'œuvre, a master-piece, tour de force, a bold stroke, coup de maître, a good hit.

(Verbs). To be skilful, skilled, etc., to excel in, be master of, to temporise.

(Phrases). To play one's cards well; to stoop to conquer; reculer pour mieux sauter; to cut one's coat according to one's cloth; scire quid valant humeri, quid ferre recusant; to know what one is about.

(Adjectives). Skilled, skilful, etc., clever, able, accomplished, talented, ingenious, inventive, shrewd, gifted, hard-headed, sagacious, needle-witted.

Expert, dextrous, adroit, apt, sharp, handy, deft, ready, quick, smart, spry, yare, nimble, ambidextrous, fine-fingered.

Conversant, versed, proficient, competent, qualified, good at, up to, master of, cut out for, at home in, knowing.

Experienced, practised, hackneyed, trained, initiated, prepared, primed, finished, thoroughbred, masterly.

Technical, artistic, workman-like, deditian, masterly, statesman-like.

Discreet, politic, sure-footed, felicitous.

(Phrases). A nice hand; a clean hand; a dead shot; sharp as a needle; a jack of all trades.

(Adverbs). Skillfully, etc., aright.

(Phrases). Suo marte; to the secundum artem.

700. Proficient (Substantives), adept, genius, dab, master, masterhead, tactitian, politician, marksman, jobber, sharp blade, der, botch, bitch, boggle, fumble, mistake, misapply, missend.

(Phrases). To make a mess or hash of; to begin at the wrong end; to make sad work of; to put one's foot in it; to lose or miss one's way; to stand in one's own light; to quarrel with one's bread and butter; to have too many irons in the fire; to have too many eggs in one basket; to kill the goose which lays golden eggs; to lock the stable when the horse is stolen.

(Adjectives). Unskilled, etc., unskillful, bungling, etc., awkward, clumsy, unhandy, lubberly, gauche, maladroit, left-handed, hobbling, slovenly, slatternly, giddy, gawky, dull, unteachable, at fault.

Unapt, unqualified, inhabile, incompetent, disqualified, untalented, ill-qualified, inapt, inexpert, raw, green, rusty.

Unaccustomed, unused, unhackneyed, unexercised, untrained, unpractised, undisciplined, uneducated, undrilled, uninitiated, unschooled, unconversant, universal, inexperienced, unstatesmanlike.

Unadvised, misadvised, ill-judged, ill-advised, unguided, misguided, foolish, wild, ill-devised, misconducted.

(Phrases). Ne sutor ultra crepidam; il se nagerait dans une goutte d'eau; penny wise and pound foolish.

701. Bungler (Substantives), marplot, greenhorn, lubber, fumbler, novice, sloven, slattern, no conjuror, flat.